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HAVING FREED SELF, RUSSIA WILL FIGHT TO RESCUE VICTIMS OF PRUSSIANISM

Premier Lvoff and Foreign Minister Tereschtenko Say Free Russia Will Not Leave Belgium, Serbia and Rumania Under German Yoke.

RUSSIA WILL NOT LEAVE DISHONORED REPUTATION TO FUTURE GENERATIONS

Existing Armistice at the Front Must Cease, Says the Premier, and Russian Armies Must Resume Fight—Armies Must Understand That Defeat Will Destroy Russia's New-Found Liberty.

Petrograd, May 20.—(Via London.)—Prince Lvoff, Russian premier, and M. Tereschtenko, the newly appointed foreign minister, made long statements at a press reception today on the recent crisis and the policy of Russia.

Prince Lvoff, after declaring that the nation had been brought to the edge of an abyss, said:

"The government considers that its first duty is to consolidate the fighting strength of the army, as well for safeguarding the conquests of restitution as for driving out the enemy and actively supporting the allies. The government considers that it is its duty to proclaim clearly and definitely its desire for the conclusion of a definite peace; but in speaking of peace without annexations or indemnities, the government declares it is not a question of passive defense. Free Russia will not consent to leave under the yoke of German militarism territories which were abandoned owing to the criminal negligence of the old regime. Neither can Russia remain indifferent to the fate of Belgium, Serbia and Rumania, nor forget its duties toward them. Russia cannot hand down to future generations a dishonored reputation.

Russian Armies Must Fight.

"The existing armistice at the front, which gave the German chancellor a pretext to formulate his idea of a separate peace, dishonorable to Russia, must cease. The country must speak its imperious word and send its army out to fight."

M. Tereschentenko, in his statement of the policy of free Russia as outlined in the declaration of the provisional government, strongly emphasized the need of an indissoluble union with the allied democracies and the consciousness of the duty these ties impose upon her. He declared that it was a question of the honor of the revolution, which was more precious to Russia than ever.

"I note with deep satisfaction," continued the minister, "that in our free Russia, despite our divergencies of view, there is no party, no single organization such as existed in reactionary Russia, capable of carrying on propaganda in favor of separate peace. There is one question, however, which lets loose the passions, namely, the question of the treaties concluded by the old regime, the immediate publication of which is demanded. This, I am convinced, is a mistaken demand.

"The Russian democracy must understand that the publication of these treaties would mean a rupture with the allies and the isolation of Russia, which would be the beginning of a separate peace. But this is just what the entire Russian people repudiates with all its strength. It understands that an international war can only be concluded by an international peace. New Russia must look forward, not behind.

Two Great Facts In War.

"There are two great new facts in the war—the Russian revolution and the entry of the great republic of the United States. A new start must be made from these facts and free Russia must prove that she is loyally fulfilling the engagements she entered upon with the allies for a united struggle and mutual help. The army will understand that it is fighting for all it holds most

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Germany Has Already Won Greater Portion of Aims For Which She Began War

Willing to Make Renunciation on the East and West if Permitted to Hold Conquests in the Southeast.

WAR MAP SHOWS PERIL OF PREMATURE PEACE

Controlling Austria-Hungary, the Balkan States and Turkey, Germany Has Constructed Backbone of World Empire, and Peace Now Would Mean a Greater War.

Washington, May 20.—Germany's next peace declaration, expected to suggest a program of territorial renunciation on the east and west, is regarded here as largely answered beforehand by information revealing for the first time the full scope of the imperial governmen's aspirations for conquest in the south.

This information discloses as one of the primary aims of the war a plan for consolidation of an impregnable military and economic unit stretching from the North sea to the Mediterranean, cutting Europe permanently in half, controlling the Dardanelles, the Aegean and Baltic, and eventually forming the backbone of a Prussian world empire.

Considered in view of the present war map, it shows that the major portion of the kaiser's war program has been accomplished.

A full realization of this situation adds a new force to the repeated declarations of allied statesmen that a premature truce only would give Germany a resting period in which to further Prussianize and prepare for a greater world war the territory to the southeast which she has conquered under the guise of a friendly alliance.

German Plan Minutely Defined.

How minutely defined is the German plan has been fully apparent only with the opening up, during the last few weeks, of several new avenues of information. The return of American diplomatic agents from the central empires detailed confidential reports of the recent frank expressions in the reichstag and in the German press, and the deductions of alert American agents abroad have supplied the explanation of more than one hitherto obscured feature of the German policy.

In her southeastern conquests, it now is apparent Germany has followed the long established plan of the Pan-German league, which as early as 1911 is said to have circulated a definite propaganda of conquest, with printed appeals containing maps of a greater Germany whose sway from Hamburg to Constantinople and then southeastward through Asiatic Turkey was marked out by boundaries virtually coincident with the military lines held today.

Following in the footsteps of Bismarck, who used the Franco-Prussian war in order to bring Baden, Bavaria and Wurttemburg into the German confederacy and then into the German empire, Emperor William chose war as the means of establishing the broad pathway to the southeast.

Austria-Hungary's subjugation is declared to be complete, both in a military and economic sense, and Bulgaria's declaration of war on the side of Germany was actuated by a German diplomatic coup which in itself is regarded as a further evidence that a clear road through to the Dardanelles was considered in Berlin as a primary and imperative purpose of the war.

Germany Dominates Turkey.

In the case of Turkey, German domination is believed to be even more complete than in Austro-Hungary and Bulgaria. Not only have German officers led in defending Turkish territory and in eradicating inharmonious elements, such as the Armenians and Syrians, but it has been learned that German industrial organizers have taken a firm grip on Turkish industry, and a large delegation of German professors has been sent to spread German kultur among the population.

Fitting in squarely with an actuating desire for conquest to the southeast, is the general German military policy during the entire war. It is noted that even at the expense of recessions on

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VERDICT OF GUILTY FOR CAPT. RINTELEN

Kaiser's Naval Officer Convicted Along With Lamar and Martin—Mistrial for Four Others Accused.

New York, May 20.—Captain Franz Rintelen, of the German navy; David Lamar and Henry B. Martin were found guilty here tonight by a jury in the federal court on charges of having conspired in 1915 to disrupt the munitions traffic between this country and the entente allies. The jury disagreed as to four other defendants.

The verdict was accepted by Judge Cushman less than an hour after he had sent the jury back to its deliberations in the hope that all the cases might be cleared up.

While no statement was made by the prosecution, it is understood that Frank Buchanan, H. Robert Fowler, Herman Schulteis and Jacob C. Taylor, upon whose guilt the jurors were unable to agree, will not be brought to trial again.

Captain Rintelen, who was paymaster for Lamar and Martin in the anti-munitions operations of Labor's National Peace Council, did not appear disturbed at the verdict.

"It is fair and just," he declared.

It was intimated that Rintelen may be sent to a detention camp rather than to a prison, because of the assistance he is reported to have given the government.

The penalty for the offense charged, which was violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, is a year in prison or $5,000 fine, or both. Sentence will be propounded tomorrow afternoon.

Rintelen, who is reputed to have spent $500,000 in his propaganda work, is said to hold high social and official rank in Germany. After his efforts to disrupt the munitions traffic by fomenting strikes had collapsed, he left the country under an assumed name but was taken by the British authorities from the steamship upon which he sailed and lodged in the Tower of London. His agreement to return to the United States and testify in the government in its campaign to stamp out German propaganda is understood to be all that saved him from being executed as a spy.

Lamar, through whom Rintelen operated in his efforts to wreck the allies' munitions trade, now is serving a term in the Atlanta penitentiary for having impersonated former Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer. He took the witness stand in his own behalf and recounted incidents of his somewhat spectacular financial career in an effort to convince the jury he was the victim of a conspiracy on the part of prominent financiers.

Martin, who was secretary of the peace council, was a friend of Lamar and was known as a Washington lobbyist. All the other defendants were prominent in the affairs of the council.

REGISTRATION PLANS ARE RAPIDLY PUSHED

Machinery Organized for June 5 in 42 States—Team Work Displayed.

Washington, May 20.—Preparations to register 10,000,000 young men for military service on June 5 are proceeding swiftly throughout the country. Advices reaching the war department show that 42 states have their machinery already organized.

The reports mean that central boards have been established in county and city for each 30,000 population; that blanks and forms have been distributed and that nation-wide machinery stands ready to take the military census in the shortest time ever allowed for such a huge undertaking—one 14-hour day.

All doubts as to the wisdom of turning this task over to the states was dispelled by the nature of the governors' messages. A fine spirit of cooperation and desire to join in the national teamwork for which the president has asked in his proclamation has been displayed.

CAMP INSPECTION COMMITTEE HERE TUESDAY MORNING

Three members of General Leonard Wood's staff, Colonel W. B. Ladue, Major A. C. Dalton and Captain J. C. H. Lee, will arrive in Atlanta Tuesday morning for the purpose of inspecting sites around Atlanta which have been offered the government for the location of concentration camps, made necessary by the passage of the conscription bill.

Some five sites have been offered through the chamber of commerce, the committee in charge of this work consisting of Bryan Grant, J. H. Ewing and Forrest Adair.

This committee with a special committee of E. P. McBurney, chairman; Wilmer Moore, J. K. Ottley and Oscar Mills, will have charge of the entertainment of the visitors while here, and will inspect the camp sites with them. They will be aided by B. M. Hall and J. H. Hazlehurst, engineers, who have for the past few days been making the necessary plans for proper sanitation and water supply.

It is generally believed that at least two divisions will be located here, this city having already been announced as one of the thirty-two cities selected for the training of the conscript army.

ROOSEVELT ORDERS FORCE TO DISBAND AND JABS WILSON

The Colonel Issues Statement Absolving the Men Who Volunteered to Follow Him to France.

ERRORS ARE CHARGED IN WILSON'S STATEMENT

The Colonel Says the Suggestion of "Politics" in Regard to His Proposition Is Untrue—Nothing Dramatic in His Proposal.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., May 20.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt announced tonight that all men who had volunteered to serve with him under the American flag in France had been absolved from all further connection with the movement and that the only course open to them now is to enter the military service in some other way if they are able to do so and if not, to serve the country in civil life.

"As good American citizens," said Colonel Roosevelt, in a statement, "we loyally obey the decision of the commander-in-chief of the American army and navy. The men who have volunteered now will consider themselves absolved from all further connection with this movement. The funds that have been promised will be treated as withdrawn and applied to other purposes. I, therefore, direct that this statement be sent to the leaders in the various states who have been raising troops."

Aim to Help in Every Way.

Colonel Roosevelt said that after conferences with some of the men who had volunteered to raise units, regiments and battalions, it had been decided that the only course open was to disband, in view of the decision of President Wilson not to permit the organization of the divisions authorized by congress.

"Our sole aim," the statement continued, "is to help in every way in the successful prosecution of the war, and we most heartily feel that no individual's personal interest should for one moment be considered save as it serves the general public interest.

"We regret that a division composed of our fine regular soldiers and marines, under so gallant and efficient a leader as General Pershing, is to be sent abroad. We have a right to a certain satisfaction in connection therewith."

The statement then quoted a newspaper report to the effect that the decision to send General Pershing was a "compromise between the original plans of the general staff, which favored no early expedition, and the request of Colonel Roosevelt for authority for an immediate expedition."

"I wish," said Colonel Roosevelt, "respectfully to point out certain errors into which the president has been led in his announcement. He states that the purpose was to give me an 'independent command.' In my last letter to the secretary of war I explicitly stated that if I were given permission to raise an army corps of two divisions to be put under the command of some general like Wood, Pershing, Barry or Kuhn, I desired for myself only the position of junior among the eight brigade commanders.

No Political Purpose.

"The president alludes to our proposed action as one that would have an effect 'political,' but not contributing to the 'success of the war,' and so representing a 'policy of personal gratification or advantage.' I wish respectfully but emphatically to deny that any political considerations whatever or any desire for personal gratification or advantage entered into our calculations. Our undivided purpose was to contribute effectively to the success of the war. I know nothing whatever of the politics of the immense majority of the men who came forward, and those whose politics I do not know include as many democrats as republicans. My purpose was to enable the government to use as invaluable the men who would not be reached under the selective draft, who were fit for immediate service, and the great majority of whom would not otherwise be used at all."

"The president," continued Colonel Roosevelt, "says in effect that to comply with our offer would be mischievous from the military standpoint and he adds that the regular officers whom I have asked to have associated with me are 'some of the most effective officers of the regular army' who 'cannot possibly be spared' from the 'duty of training regular troops.' One of the chief qualifications for military command is to choose for one's associates and subordinates 'the most effective officers' and this qualification the president has stated that I possess. As for my withdrawing them from the 'much more pressing and necessary duty of training' the troops, I wish to point out that I have asked for about fifty regular officers.

"General Pershing's division will take from 'pressing and necessary duty' about ten times as many regular officers as would have been taken under our proposal. It has been stated that the regular officers are opposed to the plan. As a matter of fact, the 'most effective' fighting officers have been eager to be connected with or to have under them the troops we proposed to raise.

Nothing Dramatic in Proposal.

"The president condemns our proposal on the ground that 'undramatic action is needed, action that is practical and of scientific definiteness and precision.'

"There was nothing 'dramatic' in our proposal, save as all proposals indicating eagerness or willingness to sacrifice life for an ideal are dramatic. It is true that our division would have contained the sons and grandsons of men who in the civil war wore the blue or the gray; for instance, the sons or the grandsons of Phil Sheridan, Fitzhugh Lee, Stonewall Jackson, James A. Garfield, Simeon B. Buckner, Adne Chaffee, Nathan Bedford Forrest. But these men would have served whether with command or in the ranks, precisely like the rest of us; and all alike would have been judged solely by the efficiency, including the 'scientific definiteness,' with which they did their work and served the flag, or their loyal devotion."

BRITISH SMASH ANOTHER HOLE IN VAUNTED HINDENBURG LINE AND CAUSE GERMANS BIG LOSSES

Haig's Men Strike German Line Hard in the Bullecourt Region and Capture Strong Positions.

GERMANS ARE HAMMERED ALONG THE ENTIRE FRONT

According to Berlin, the British Are Attacking the Whole of Drocourt-Queant Switch Line—French Bloodily Repulse German Attacks.

New York, May 20.—By Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day.)—With Bullecourt firmly in their possession, the British troops are giving the Germans no chance for rest and have started another offensive with the idea of bringing their forces to the north of Bullecourt in alignment with those within the village.

Sunday saw Field Marshal Haig's men again strike the German line hard in this region and carry German positions over a front of more than a mile between Fontaine-lez-Croisilles and Bullecourt and hold them, notwithstanding furious counter-attacks. The fighting here again was of a sanguinary character and the British war office reports that heavy casualties were inflicted on the Germans.

ENTIRE FRONT HAMMERED.

Although London makes no mention of the fact, the Berlin war office reports an offensive by the British along a 15-mile front, extending from the region of Acheville to Queant, which means that again the entire front of the Drocourt-Queant switch line is being hammered.

The army of the German crown prince continues ineffectually its efforts to crack the French line along the Chemin-des-Dames. After a shell fire of great intensity by all calibers of guns, and not excepting asphyxiating gas projectiles, the Germans Sunday endeavored to come out of their trenches and attack in force. With their usual display of expert marksmanship, however, the Frenchman at most places held the Teutons to their trenches under a reciprocal artillery fire. Wherever the Germans were able to come into the open and dash toward the French trenches, they were met with a withering fire and suffered heavy losses. Only at one place, northeast of Cerny, did they succeed, after the payment of a heavy price in killed and wounded, in penetrating the French positions. At this point advanced elements on a front of about 200 yards were captured.

GERMANS ATTACK ON RUSSIAN FRONT.

Again comes news from the Russian front that the Germans, probably owing to the betterment of the internal situation in Russia, have attacked the Russian lines. Last week they essayed an offensive in the Volhynia sector, but met with no marked success. Now the offensive has been switched to the north in the vicinity of Mitau, where they threw an attack against the Russians, but were stopped by the fire of the Russian artillery. In Rumania there also has been the semblance of an attack against the Russians east of Kovelka, but here again the Teutons were dispersed by the Russian guns.

North and east of Gorizia the Italian troops are continuing their successes over the Austrians, either in fresh advance or in holding back counter attacks launched with huge effectives. In the former region dense formations of the Austrians endeavored to wrest from the Italians positions captured on the Vodice, but were driven back with sanguinary losses. A number of guns and large quantities of arms and ammunition were taken by the Italians. East of Gorizia the Austrian lines were pierced in an attack by the Italians, who took 254 prisoners.

In Macedonia artillery duels and isolated infantry engagements continue.

HINDENBURG LINE AGAIN BREACHED BY HAIG'S FORCES

London, May 20.—"As a result of our early morning attack," says the official report from British headquarters in France tonight, "our troops established themselves in a further section of the Hindenburg line on a front of over a mile between Fontaine-les-Croisilles and Bullecourt.

"The enemy made several unsuccessful attempts to take our hold on his positions and fierce fighting occurred in the neighborhood throughout the day. Heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy and a number of prisoners were taken. The fighting continues in our favor.

"Hostile raiding parties were driven off yesterday in the neighborhood of

SWEDEN IS BLAZING AGAINST GERMANY

Sinking of Three Grain Ships by Submarines Arouses Great Indignation—Germany Loses Swedish Sympathy.

Stockholm, May 20.—(Via London.)—News that the Swedish steamers Vesterland, Aspen and Viken, laden with grain from England, had been sunk by German submarines was received here late last night and caused much indignation.

The arrival of the steamships, which were released under the recent reciprocal agreement freeing the entente allies' tonnage in the Bothnian gulf, had been eagerly awaited.

Former Minister of Marine Bostroem was the chief owner of the Vesterland, while the Trans-Atlantic Company of Gothenburg owned the Aspen and Viken.

The message which told of the sinking said that eight members of the crew of the Viken and two of the men aboard the Vesterland had been lost.

Newspapers of all shades of opinion were united today in voicing indignation at the torpedoing of the steamers. The Stockholm Tidningen captions its article "The Germans' Dastardly Deed Against Sweden," and characterizes it as a "deliberate and bloody crime."

It declares that a land which is capable of such a deed is capable of anything.

The Dagens Nyheter says: "Our German kindred land—as it is fond of calling itself—is drawing heavy drafts on the sympathies which it believes itself to possess here and for which our land has been forced to hear so many unkind words from Germany's opponents." The Nyheter declares no intelligent German need wonder that his country has so few friends in the world.

The Stockholm Dagbladet says a share of indignation must be vented on England, which delayed the departure of the steamers until after May 1, but that the first and foremost feeling must be bitterness against the methods of the German submarine campaign. It adds:

"The sinkings may give further proof of the danger of invading the blockade zone, but it was sympathy for Germany as well as for provisions for Sweden that went down with the ships."

The Svenska Dagbladet also accuses England of deliberately delaying the departure of the ships, but continued: "It is just as plain that the Germans are proceeding without the slightest elementary regard for our rights as neutrals."

No theoretical defenses by Germany can prevent the greatest bitterness from prevailing in Sweden, says The Dagbladet. Germany's enemies, it adds, could not have desired better agitation material.

The Viken was on her first trip. She was 264 feet long and of 1,820 tons gross. The vesterland was of 4,018 tons gross. She sailed from Savannah January 24 for Gothenburg and was last reported to have arrived at Lerwick February 12. The Aspen was of 3,103 tons gross.

NORWAY SHIPS SUNK AND LIVES LOST.

London, May 20.—The Norwegian legation at Berlin, according to a dispatch from Copenhagen to the Exchange Telegraph company, reports that the Norwegian steamers Laly, Najaden, C. Sundt and Garant have been torpedoed by German submarines. Members of the crews of each vessel lost their lives.

A Berlin dispatch received at Sayville, N. Y., by wireless March 31, announced the sinking during March of 50 entente and neutral vessels, including 13 Norwegian steamers. The Laly, C. Sundt and Garant were named as three of the Norwegian vessels destroyed.

SPAIN IS MENACING TOWARD GERMANY

Reported That Note of Protest About Attack on Patricio Practically Threatens Rupture.

Madrid, May 20.—(Via Paris.)—The Spanish government's note to Germany concerning the attack by a German submarine on the Spanish steamer Patricio recalls that a number of notes of protest previously adressed to the German government still remain unanswered. It declares that the transaction of all diplomatic business with Germany will be suspended until replies are received to these, according to the newspapers.

It also demands the fulfillment of conditions agreed upon by the German government to prevent unwarned attacks by submarine on Spanish ships in safety zones and asks for an indemnity for the Patricio.

Paris, May 20.—Premier Prieto, of Spain, speaking of the note addressed to the German government in connection with the submarine attack on the Spanish steamship Patrico, declared it was more energetic than has been customary, according to a Havas dispatch from Madrid, but that it does not mean a rupture of diplomatic relations.

BAPTIST CONVENTION WILL ADJOURN TONIGHT

New Orleans, May 20.—Visiting ministers, delegates to the Southern Baptist convention, occupied pulpits in churches of various denominations here today and tonight. In the afternoon mass meetings were addressed by Dr. Len G. Broughton, of Knoxville, and Dr. George W. Truett, of Dallas. The convention will finally adjourn Monday night, it is expected.

Father Butchers His 6-Year Old Girl As Sacrifice to God

Jacob Bentz Found Kneeling by Mutilated Victim, Clasping Bible and Praying—Constantly Talks of Abraham and Isaac.

Kansas City, Mo., May 20.—A story of fanaticism which led to the slaying as a sacrifice of six-year-old Helena Bentz, was announced today by the police of Kansas City, Kan., who have the child's father, Jacob Bentz, in custody. Bentz was found kneeling beside the body of his daughter, who had been beaten to death, clasping his Bible and praying.

"It was God's will," Bentz told the arresting officers as unresisting he was led away. The police after questioning Bentz, announced that he constantly referred to a passage in the Bible narrating Abraham's preparation to sacrifice his son, Isaac. Abraham's three days' absence before placing his son on the altar was regarded by officials as the Biblical prototype of the action of Bentz, who three days ago quit his job and disappeared. Returning to his home last night, he read his Bible and closing the book, took his little daughter into an adjacent room. The little girl was found beaten to death with parts of a sewing machine.

U-BOAT SINKS SHIP; 51 LIVES ARE LOST

The French Steamer Colbert, Carrying Number of Military Passengers, Torpedoed in Mediterranean.

Paris, May 20.—The French steamship Colbert, carrying a number of French military passengers, was torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean April 30 by a Teuton submarine. Fifty-one persons, including the commander of the vessel, lost their lives. Announcement of the sinking of the Colbert was made this afternoon by the French admiralty.

The official statement says:

"The steamer Colbert, in the service of the admiralty and having on board a certain number of military passengers, was torpedoed in the Mediterranean on the morning of April 30 by a submarine. Fifty-one persons were killed, among them being Auxiliary Naval Commander Commelin, who was in command of the ship and who had been turned over to the army. He was made a chevalier of the Legion of Honor for defeating a submarine attack on the same day, April 30, a year ago."

The Colbert was a passenger vessel of 5,394 tons gross. She was 377 feet long and had a beam of 47 feet. In April, 1916, the vessel was attacked by a submarine in the Mediterranean, but escaped her aggressor by superior speed. At that time she was shelled by a U-boat without preliminary warning.

Deaf and Dumb Man Shot When He Made No Answer To Challenge of Sentinel

Charleston, S. C., May 20.—An unidentified man, who was deaf and dumb, was challenged by a sentinel near the waterworks this afternoon. He did not heed the sentinel's challenge, which was repeated. The sentinel then shot, wounding the man in the left leg.

Immediately a navy yard ambulance was summoned and the wounded man was hurried to a hospital in town. His leg was amputated and the man died from shock.

The coroner is trying to ascertain the dead man's identity. He was about 65 years of age, and poorly dressed. The coroner has taken up the matter with the authorities, but said he had not learned all the particulars.

Baptists Applaud Prayer Of No Peace for Germany So Long as Kaiser Rules

Cleveland, Ohio, May 20.—With a fervent prayer that Germany would not have one hour of peace while William II. is on the throne, Rev. Dr. J. A. Francis, of Los Angeles, swept his audience into applause today at the convention sermon at the Northern Baptist convention.

"If the Christian church fails in this hour of supreme trial, we shall not dare to ask forgiveness," said Dr. Francis.

COMEDIAN F. H. TYLER DIES BY HIS OWN HAND

New York, May 20.—Frederick Hobart Tyler, 50 years of age, character comedian, and for the last 12 years a member of Miss Maude Adams' company, committed suicide in a hotel here today. He had long been ill. Tyler began his theatrical career in London, more than 30 years ago.

Want a Job?

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NO person blessed with health, and possessing ordinary intelligence, need ever be idle. Somebody wants you, somebody needs you, somebody is LOOKING for you. Intelligence, competency, honesty and willingness find a waiting market; and no matter how obscure a path you tread, it slowly but surely leads to the broad, prosperous highway of achievement and success—the unchallenged reward for those who WILL. In every single issue of The Constitution, the want ad columns bristle with "help wanted" advertisements, and the great variety of avenues of industry that daily invite the unemployed to "get busy" is a forceful refutation of pessimistic howls of hard times and ingratitude. There's always a job and a chance to "win"—for the man or woman who "WILL"—WILL YOU WIN? CERTAINLY — HOW? Just by starting a little want ad to work in The Constitution classified — TRY IT —It's fine—

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Weather Prophecy
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Washington:—Forecast
Georgia—Fair Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy, probably showers west portion.
South Carolina: Fair Monday and Tuesday.
Florida: Fair Monday and Tuesday, except showers Tuesday northwest portion.
Alabama: Fair Monday, showers at night or Tuesday.
Mississippi: Showers Monday afternoon or night and probably Tuesday.
Tennessee, Kentucky: Showers Monday in west and Monday night in east portion; Tuesday showers and cooler.

Oppy and southwest of Wytschaete. We made a successful raid south of Armentieres.

"Three German airplanes were brought down yesterday in the air-fighting; one landed in our lines. Five other hostile machines were driven down out of control. One German observation balloon was destroyed. Four of our airplanes are missing.

"An attack attempted by the enemy during the night against our advanced posts southeast of Epehy was broken up by our artillery fire.

"We captured a few prisoners early this morning as the result of patrol encounters in the neighborhood of Fauquissart."

ATTACKS FAIL, GERMANS CLAIM.

Berlin, May 20.—(Via London.)—After an artillery drumfire of the strongest intensity, opened at daybreak today, British troops launched a series of attacks along the fifteen-mile Arras front between Acheville and Queant and south of the River Scarpe, says the official statement issued today by the German war office.

Strong British attacks against the German positions on both sides of Monchy last night, the statement adds, were completely repulsed.

The text of the statement follows:

"Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: Near Arras the fighting activity again has increased. On both sides of Monchy, after short artillery preparation, the English attacked during the evening with strong forces. They were completely repulsed.

"During the night the artillery activity between Acheville and Queant was extraordinarily lively.

"At daybreak the strongest gunfire was commenced on this line and south of the Scarpe. This was followed by English attacks.

"Army Group of the German Crown Prince: While there has been no essential change in the strength of the firing on the Aisne, the violence of the artillery duel has increased in the western Champagne. The position captured by us near Braye on Friday was completely maintained against a strong French attack.

"The enemy yesterday lost eight airplanes as the result of aerial battles and anti-aircraft fire."

A supplementary statement issued this evening says:

"The British attacks announced this morning south of the Scarpe have been repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy.

"Near Laffaux French local attacks were unsuccessful."

FRENCH REPULSE GERMAN ATTACKS.

Paris, May 20.—Troops of the German crown prince after strong artillery preparation last night attacked the French positions in the salient of La Bovelle, north of "The Ladies Way," but were easily repulsed, says the official statement issued this afternoon by the French war department. Twelve miles to the westward of this sector the French stormed the Teuton defenses near Laffaux mill and captured some sections of trenches.

The text of the statement reads:

"In the region of the Chemin-des-Dames the artillery fighting became very violent toward the end of the night on the line of La Bovelle-Cerny-Hurtebise. We easily repulsed every attempt on the salient of La Bovelle.

"To the north of the Moulin Laffaux a small action enabled us to take a few elements of trenchse.

"In the Champagne two enemy surprise attacks in the region to the north of Mesnil les Hurles failed.

"There was nothing to report on the rest of the front."

Tonight's statement reads:

"On the Chemin-des-Dames the enemy artillery activity was very violent from the middle of last night and again increased this morning from east of Hurtebise to the region north of Cerny. The Germans directed against our positions a drum-fire of heavy shells and asphyxiated projectiles, but under the power of our counter preparation the general assault which they were ready to launch was aborted over the greater part of the menaced front. The German troops massed for the attack were not able to leave their trenches.

"At various points where they were able to reach our lines very spirited fighting took place, which ended to our advantage.

"The enemy, who suffered heavy losses both by our barrage fire and our counter attacks, gained a footing only in our advanced elements northeast of Cerny on a front of about 200 meters. Everywhere else our positions were maintained.

"Belgian Communication: On the whole front the artillery was quite active during the day. There was bomb and grenade fighting at the ferryman's house and near Steenstraete and Het Sas."

ARTILLERY DUELS ARE IN PROGRESS IN THE BALKANS

Paris, May 20.—The French statement regarding operations in the Balkans says:

"Eastern Theater, May 19.—Artillery actions occurred west of the Vardar. British aviators bombarded enemy encampments and depots in the region of Drama and near Doiran."

Berlin, May 20.—(Via London.)—The German statement on Balkan operations says:

"Macedonian Front: Several enemy attacks against the hill positions of Kravica, east of the river Cerna, were repulsed with heavy losses."

ITALIANS REPULSE AUSTRIAN ATTACKS AND GAIN GROUND

Rome, May 20.—(Via London.)—Gen. Cadorna's forces yesterday extended their positions on Hill 652, on the Julian front, repulsed counter-attacks of dense masses of Austro-Hungarian troops and captured a large quantity of war material, says the Italian official statement issued today. East of Gorizia the Italians broke through the Austrian lines and took a number of prisoners.

The text of the Italian announcement follows:

"In the area north of Gorizia our troops yesterday extended their positions on Hill 652 on the Vodice. Dense masses of the enemy, preceded by a heavy barrage fire, counter-attacked in an attempt to stop our progress, but each time was driven back with heavy loss.

"In the evening the enemy withdrew his infantry and concentrated a strong artillery fire on the lost positions. These we firmly maintained.

"We captured two 4-inch guns, two 6-inch mortars, trench mortars and machine guns, and a large quantity of arms and ammunition.

"In the area east of Gorizia our troops broke into the enemy's line and took some prisoners. During the day we captured 254 prisoners, including four officers.

"On the Trentino front the enemy attempted a diversion by a heavy bombardment and by local infantry attacks without success. An enemy machine was forced down in an air fight above Feltre."

GERMANS CHARGE, BUT ARE CHECKED BY RUSSIAN FIRE

Petrograd, May 20.—(Via London.)—German troops yesterday attacked Russian positions on the northern end of the Russian western front east of Kalnicem, but were repulsed, says the official statement issued today by the Russian war department. Teuton forces also attempted an assault on the Russian trenches east of Koverka, on the Rumanian front, but were dispersed.

The text of the statement reads:

"Western (Russian) Front: In the direction of Mitau, east of Kalnicem, enemy detachments which attempted to attack our positions were repelled by artillery fire. On the other sectors reciprocal firing has taken place.

"Rumanian Front: In the region east of Koverka, in the direction of the Bystritza, the enemy attempted an attack upon our trenches. The attacking troops were dispersed by our fire.

"Caucasian Front: A combined force of Turks and Kurds more than two companies strong launched an attack upon our advanced posts in the region north of Bitlis. The attack was repulsed.

"Aviation: After a fierce combat with a German albatross, one of our machines fell in the region west of Dvinsk. The machine was burned. The pilot, Ensign Lintoff, and the observer, Staff Captain Stephanoko, perished."

William H. Force Dead.

New York, May 20.—William H. Force, father-in-law of the late John Jacob Astor, who perished in the Titanic disaster, died suddenly here last night in his 65th year, it became known today. Mr. Force was engaged in the shipping and forwarding business and was a director in several large corporations.

RAIL CHIEFS TO WORK FOR ENGINEER REGIMENTS

Committee Named to Aid in Organizing Railway Force to Go to France.

Washington, May 20.—Means by which railroad executives will help the war department organize the nine regiments of railway engineers to be raised for immediate service in French lines were announced tonight by Fairfax Harrison, chairman of the American Railway association's war board.

A committee of six railway heads has been named to co-operate with army officers and all executives have been urgd to release certain of their highly-trained employees for the army and to give immediate attention to the regiments' organization. The committee follows:

W. W. Atterbury, vice president Pennsylvania, will co-operate with Colonel H. D. Dealyne at Philadelphia; J. H. Hustis, receiver, Boston and Maine, with Major W. P. Wooten at Boston; B. F. Bush, receiver, Missouri Pacific, with Colonel C. M. Townsend at St. Louis; William Sproule, president Southern Pacific, with Colonel J. P. Cavanaugh at San Francisco; H. W. Miller, resident executive officer, Southern railway, with Major J. S. Sewell, at Atlanta, and L. F. Loree, president, Delaware and Hudson, with Colonel C. H. McKinstry at New York.

"The French railways are badly run down," says the war board's appeal to railway executives. "They need more or less complete rehabilitation. France has no men who can be spared for this work. She wants all her men at the front.

"Before we can train men to go into the trenches we can supply France's railroad wants and we can do it practically immediately. Any men we send over must be soldiers, so it will be necessary for the railroad forces to enter the army.

"We propose to make up five construction regiments of six companies each to do this rehabilitation. Each regiment will have an engineer officer of the United States army as colonel and another officer from the army as adjutant. The other officers will be made up of railroad men, except that the commissary will be provided by the United States army. The lieutenant colonel will be a chief engineer of a railroad or some one else of similar experience. The captains will be taken from the engineers of maintenance of way, the lieutenants from supervisory or roadmasters and the non-commissioned officers from track and bridge foremen. The privates will be track laborers.

"The next important requirement on the French railways is for shop forces. They are short of men to repair their locomotives. It is proposed to organize a shop regiment, to be made up the same way as the construction regiments, except that the lieutenant colonel will be a superintendent of motive power, the captains will be master mechanics, the lieutenants will be shop foremen and the non-commissioned officers gang foremen.

"Three operating regiments will be raised, with officers from superintendents, trainmasters, yardmasters and others having to do with the actual operation of trains. The privates in this case will be taken from the train crews."

COLLINS WILL TELL ATLANTA MEN HOW TO DISPEL GLOOM

The Salesmanship club of Atlanta will hold its regular mid-monthly meeting tonight at 8 o'clock in the ballroom on the ninth floor of the Piedmont hotel.



JAMES H. COLLINS.

James H. Collins, of New York, one of the foremost writers in America today, will address the club. His subject will be, "Dispelling Gloom."

W. S. Kell, secretary of the National Rotary convention, will also speak on "Developing Positive Qualities in Salesmanship." This address will be the second on the spring and summer course in "Salesmanship," which are being given under the auspices of the local club.

Mother and Children Burn.

Middleport, Ohio, May 20.—Six persons, Mrs. John Betzing and her five children, were burned to death in their home at Minersville, near here, late last night. Mr. Betzing was away from home on a fishing trip at the time of the fire.

LOW RATE TO WASHINGTON ACCOUNT U. C. V. CONVENTION.

$13.85 round trip from Atlanta. Tickets sold June 1st to 6th. Liberal stopovers and limits. Through steel trains. SEABOARD.—(adv.)

NORTHERN ASSEMBLY TO ACT ON REUNION

Dallas, Texas, May 20.—That the one hundred and twenty-ninth assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, in session here, will take formal action looking to a reunion of the two branches of the church—the north and south, which met the parting of the ways as a result of sectional differences because of the civil war—within the next few days was authoritatively stated today.

It also is expected that the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States—the southern branch—now in session at Birmingham, Ala., will make formal overtures to the Dallas assembly.

"There seems to be a very strong and remarkable sentiment of the part of the assembly for consideration of the question of the union of the north and south branches of the Presbyterian church, and from letters which I have received from laymen in the southern churches there is undoubtedly a very deep interest there," said Dr. Wilbur Chapman, moderator of the assembly, tonight.

Patriotism which has cropped out in every session of the assembly thus far is expected to reach its height Tuesday afternoon, when a "patriotic" program will be given. Many resolutions are being prepared which deal with the international situation and national prohibition.

Dallas pulpits were occupied at both morning and evening services today by visiting clergymen. The assembly will probably adjourn next Friday.

ALL ATHLETIC SPORTS FOR TRAINING CAMPS

Washington, May 20.—A practical method of national service, whereby famous football and baseball players, physical instructors and athletes generally can aid the government with their special skill and knowledge, has been provided through the committee on training camp activities, recently appointed by Secretary Baker, with Raymond B. Fosdick as chairman.

After a study of Canadian and British army training systems, Mr. Fosdick has found that all athletic sports and even children's games have a distinct place in military work and give the soldier the iron muscles he needs in the hand-to-hand fighting of trench warfare.

Baseball will be the feature of the efforts of the committee. Extensive organization of divisional leagues and championship competitions that probably will include a national pennant race, will be encouraged by the committee and supported by officers in command of the camps.

Similar organization for other sports will be perfected, but American national armies are expected to give their greatest allegiance to the American national pastime.

Men of national reputations as ball players or athletic trainers will be assigned to each camp to instruct and aid the soldier players.

Already theatrical concerns are volunteering their aid to the committee in providing amusement for the men. Moving picture films also will be employed widely. The troops will be kept in touch in this way with the work of other camps and with conditions among American or other forces at the fighting front.

RUSSIAN GIRLS LURED INTO "WHITE SLAVERY"

Petrograd, May 20.—(Via London.)—The disappearance recently of many young women of aristocratic families resulted in an investigation which uncovered a widespread plot to lure women and girls into "white slavery" after they had been robbed. Details of the plan were obtained by militiamen who raided the headquarters of the band where they found most of the missing women, many of whom were under the influence of drugs.

One girl, a member of a prominent finally, told how she had been held prisoner and begged to be released. She and others informed the authorities they had been compelled to become drug-users. All had been robbed of their money and jewels. Many rifled purses and reticules were found in a back room. Most of the victims were between 17 and 19 years old, although several of them were married women.

FRENCH TORPEDO BOATS FIGHT GERMAN FLOTILLA

Paris, May 20.—French torpedo boats had an encounter early this morning with a German flotilla, in which one of the French war vessels suffered some damage, though all returned to port. An official statement issued today reports the incident as follows:

"A patrol of four French torpedo boats about 1 o'clock this morning encountered a flotilla of German destroyers making towards port. After a brief engagement the enemy flotilla retired at full speed in the direction of its base. Our four torpedo boats returned. One of them suffered some damage."

LOVETT VOLUNTEERS FOR RED CROSS WORK

Washington, May 20.—Robert S. Lovett, chairman of the board of the Union Pacific railroad, has vounteered "the whole of his time during the war to work to which he might be assigned" by the American Red Cross, it was announced tonight by Henry P. Davison, chairman of the war council of the Red Cross. In a letter to Mr. Davison Mr. Lovett said he was "too old to go to the front," but was anxious to do his "bit" in any manner he could be made useful. Accordingly Mr. Davison asked him to come to Washington tomorrow for a conference preliminary to the formation of a committee to prevent duplication and waste in all activities of relief and alleviation resulting from the war. He also was asked to accept the chairmanship of this committee.

MOB LYNCHES NEGRO FOR BEATING WATCHMAN

Fulton, Ky., May 20.—Lawrence Dempsey, a negro, was taken from the city jail here early today by a mob and hanged to a telephone cable just a few feet from the jail door. Dempsey had been arrested charged with attacking and seriously beating Clarence Dublin, a railroad watchman.

The mob worked quietly. The door of the jail was forced, the negro removed and hanged without arousing any one. Some time later a passing patrolman found the negro's body swinging from the telephone cable.

How's This? Corns Lift Out With Fingers--No Pain

Thanks to a new discovery made from a Japanese product your foot troubles can be quickly ended.

Ice-mint as this new preparation is called is said to shrivel up hard corns soft corns or corns between the toes so that they can be lifted out easily with the fingers. It's wonderful. Think of it; only a touch or two of ice-mint and real foot-joy is yours.

There is not one bit of pain or soreness when applying it or afterwards and it doesn't even irritate the skin.

If your feet are inclined to swell or puff, or if you have cracked or bleeding toes, it will draw the inflammation right out and quickly heal the sore and tender places. It is the real Japanese secret of fine, healthy little feet and is greatly appreciated by women who wear high heel shoes and by men who have to stand on their feet all day. Try it. Just ask in any Drug store for a few cents worth of ice-mint and learn for yourself what solid foot comfort really is. There is nothing like it.—(adv.)

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Make you feel the joy of living. It is impossible to be happy or feel good when you are

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SALMON STEAK Austin-Nichols' Sunbeam 3 Cans $1

DIXIE STYLE H A S H 2 Cans For .. 18c

SALAD DRESSING Savoy Brand 25c Bottles ... 17c

RED CHERRIES Pitted, No. 2 Cans Fine for Pies . 25c

ASPARAGUS TIPS Robin Hood 35c Cans ... 24c

HOME-AID TEA Special Today . 29c Lb.

PRUNES Extra FANCY 2 Lbs. 45c

PEARL GRITS Special Today Per Package .. 9c

CREAM WHIP FARRANDS Makes Whipped Cream Instantly, Per Bottle .. 20c

SELECTED WHOLE RED BEETS NO. 2 CANS 2 For 23c

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—give your order in less time than it requires for you to get ready to go to town, —and rest assured that every item sent you will be fully as satisfactory as though you did the selecting in person.
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The New Giant of 1917



In the automobile industry **money breeds more money** at a tremendously rapid rate. Colossal fortunes are made by those who invest in motor car stocks at the early stages of development.
Every few years there arises some new Chevrolet, Dodge or Hudson to join the ranks of successful motor car producers—**AND THERE IS ALWAYS ROOM AT THE TOP.**

As the New Giant of 1917, Motordom Hails the

HARROUN

The Harroun is a car of popular price (about $700), with a new four-cylinder valve-in-the-head motor—which develops 45 horsepower, but rates officially for taxation at only 16 H. P.
There has never been offered to the public at a popular price a car of so many new, exclusive features—as is testified to by the fact that 98 per cent of the Company's output for five years has been sold to the most representative dealers in the United States and abroad. If you have never owned a motor car ask an experienced motorist what the following specifications mean featured in a car at the Harroun price.

SPECIFICATIONS

Motor—Four cylinders and crank case cast en bloc; detachable head; water jacketing continuous, no hot points; combustion chamber compact and machined all over; valves in head; spark plug location in center of combustion chamber; cylinder dimensions 3¼ inches bore, 5¼ inches stroke; piston displacement 174.28 cubic inches; pistons very light; horse-power 44 at 2400 revolutions per minute. Rating for taxation, S. A. E. formula, 16 H. P.

Cooling—Thermo-syphon with honey-comb radiator; forced draft; housed-in-air circulation.

Crank Shaft—Three-bearing and balanced.

Ignition—By Bosch high-tension magneto.

Carburetor—Stromberg—Intake air pre-heated in chamber cast integral with exhaust manifold.

Starting and Lighting System—Remy—Two-unit; generator drives from front end of camshaft; starting motor operates through teeth on flywheel, electric headlights with dimmers; electric tail light and dash light; loud, electric alarm signal.

Lubrication—Force feed and splash; separate direct lead to each main bearing. Oil circulates under constant pressure through separate leads to the three camshaft bearings, thence to the three main crankshaft bearings; additional leads to connecting rod dippers; radiating cooler through which all oil passes in process of circulation, keeps it at even temperature, greatly prolonging its lubricating qualities.

Clutch—Cone, running in oil; faced with asbestos fabric—a sure method of securing easy gear shifting and of relieving driving mechanism of all sudden strains.

Gasoline Tank—In rear; Stewart-Warner vacuum feed; capacity, 11 gallons—approximately 300 miles running radius.

Windshield—Tilted; adjustable to ventilation and rain vision; upper glass overlaps on outside.

Body—Of welded pressed steel panels on frame work of forged steel and wood; ample room for five passengers; widest rear seat on market; soft, yielding upholstery of handsome, durable Zilinite on No-Co-Laps cushion springs—the kind of comfort that will appeal to yourself and your passengers; tonneau carpeted; forward end of compartment protected against footmarks and scratches; front compartment floor covered with linoleum. Compare dimensions with those of other cars.

Control—Left steer, center levers; spark and throttle on steering column convenient to large, 17-inch "Velvet-Touch" steering wheel—rigidly transmitting all turning force but flexibly absorbing all road shocks and vibration, right-hand steer optional on cars for export.

Transmission—Unit with motor type; three speeds forward and reverse; ratio 4 to 1 on high; 13.3 to 1 on low; gear box directly under shifting lever.

Brakes—Two; service operated by pedal to external contracting bands; emergency by lever to internal expanding shoes; both acting direct on rear wheels.

Dash Equipment—Instrument board containing 10,000-mile speedometer, electrical switchboard, gasoline gauge, dash lamp, and carburetor adjustment.

Front Axle—Lemoin type knuckles, on substantial I-beam; axle center is lowest point of car's clearance, protecting all housings from rocks and other high road centers; clearance, 10 inches; Timken roller wheel bearings.

Rear Axle—Full floating; wheels carried on pressed steel housings; axle shaft detachable through hubs; differential and ring gears demountable through large inspection cap on rear of axle housing; Timken roller bearings on differential.

Frame—Extremely wide (6-inch) vertical section sidebar.

Springs—Front, semi-elliptic; rear, full cantilever, inside frame.

Fenders—True oval, not semi-crowned; substantially mounted. Running boards pressed steel, covered with linoleum.

Tires—Goodrich—30x3½ inches; non-skid type rears.

Rims—Demountable; extra rim on carrier solidly attached to rear of body.

Top—One-man type with self-contained curtains.

Equipment—Foot pump, tire tools, powerful jack, complete set wrenches, hammers and other tools; license tag holders, front and rear.

Standard Colors—Body and hood, Forest Green; fenders, upholstery, frame, radiator shell and axles, black; wheels and top, Autumn Brown.

Wheelbase—107 inches.

Weight—Approximately 1940 pounds.

Fuel Consumption—20 to 30 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

Oil Consumption—1000 miles or better to the gallon of lubricating oil.

Business Courage

Day after day for the past seven months in the leading newspapers of the country, we have told the public the facts (and nothing but the facts) of the organization and development at different stages of the Harroun Motors Corporation. More than 15,000 persons have heeded, believed in the integrity and ability of Ray Harroun and his associates, and become stockholders of the Corporation.

One common basis underlies every one of the world's great fortunes. That basis is COURAGE. Courage to invest--courage to act.

Because Henry Ford and his associates had courage, they have formed and established the Ford Motor Co. The same business courage was the foundation of the success made by Roy Chapin and his associates at Hudson; by John and Horace Dodge at Dodge Bros.

The Harroun Motors Corporation is, as Ford, Hudson and Dodge were at a similar stage, a courageous man's investment—an investment well founded and of the highest promise.

You cannot buy these other stocks at any price. The Harroun stock you CAN buy.

This stock was first offered to the public at $5.00 per share in November, 1916—has advanced from time to time, as the Company's assets increased, and

will be advanced to $10 per share (par value) on May 31st.

The Present Price Is $9.00 Per Share

The car is on exhibition this week at the headquarters of our local distributors, Atlanta-Stearns Motor Car Co., 184 Peachtree Street, Atlanta. Don't fail to see it. You can buy stock of the **Harroun Motors Corporation** from its financial representative, Mr. Burton Smith, who is here from Detroit conducting a sale at the above address.

Harroun Motors Corporation, Atlanta-Stearns Motor Car Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Enclosed find ....., payment for ..... shares of Harroun Motors Common at $9 a share, par value $10.

I understand that these shares will be delivered in the form of an ad interim certificate, redeemable in six months from date.

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Call or write for information

HARROUN Motors Corporation

GERMAN PLOTTERS WORRY COSTA RICA

Conspiracy to Overthrow Government Is Uncovered. German Firm in New York Gave $100,000 to Foment Revolution.

San Jose, Costa Rica, May 20.—A far-reaching plot to overthrow the present government of Costa Rica, of which President Federico Tinoco is the head, has been uncovered by the authorities. The former president, Alfredo Gonzales, who was deposed last January, other officials of the former government and Germans resident here and in the United States are alleged to be implicated. A German firm in New York is declared to have furnished $100,000 for the organisation of a revolutfonary movement.

The brothers of the ex-president made an attempt to leave Costa Rica but were prevented by the authorities, and the parents and sisters of Gonzales, who were granted permission to leave the country, took refuge in the American legation, where they still are, in spite of the fact that their safety has been guaranteed.

Recently Germans resident here have been showing marked activity. Three wireless stations have been discovered at Heredia, the home city of Gonzales, one of the plants, connected with the city electric plant, being very powerful. Other wireless installations have been found in the coast regions of San Carlos and Colorado.

Recently there has been established not far from the Panama frontier, a lumber camp where 300 men now are engaged. They have under their control a number of gasoline launches and vast quantities of gasoline. It is reported that a wireless station at this place has communication with Heredia and also with a wireless plant on the Pacific coast, which the Costa Rican officials now are endeavoring to locate.

It is stated officially that a wealthy German named Karl Freise, who recently arrived from Panama, was detained for an examination of his papers, and many important facts were learned through these documents. Another German named Kumpel, who has been acting as an adviser to Gonzales, has been ordered exiled.

In view of these disclosures and the frequent trips abroad of recognized friends of Gonzales, as well as the extraordinary activity of Germans in this country, the Costa Rican congress has granted the government full powers "to maintain the policy the Costa Rican people wish to maintain, which is adherence in every way to the side of the United States and the entente allies."

Special precautions have been taken with respect to German residents and search is being made for additional wireless stations, as well as reported accumulations of gasoline. The authorities are making a particular effort to find German submarine bases along the unfrequented parts of the coast.

Washington, May 20.—Through the Tinoco government, not yet recognized by the state department, Costa Rica was one of the first Central American nations to announce that it stood with the United States against Germany, and official advices from San Jose have indicated that growth of the German influence in the Gonzales government was largely responsible for the coup which overthrew the administration last January.

State department officials would not discuss tonight the plot against Tinoco. It is known, however, that reports of the activities of Gonzales adherents have reached Washington, and officials say German intrigue has extended to every spot in Latin-America where there has been a prospect of stirring up trouble.

GERMANY HAS WON PART FOR WHICH FIGHTING

Continued From First Page.

the eastern and western fronts, Germany has taken pains to overrun quickly Serbia, Montenegro and Rumania and to keep in check all allied attempts to strike at the southeastern pathway for the Dardanelles or Saloniki. In consolidating this territory, it is revealed the economic element has been given a conspicuous place, and a comprehension of the danger prompted the allied economic conference at Paris.

It is problematical to officials here how far Germany might go, should peace be made now with renunciation of all territory on the east and west, in political consolidation of the great territory in the southeast. It is pointed out that any German peace offer would be expected to demand at least some expansion for Bulgaria, and retention of enough of the conquered Balkan territory to insure the route to Constantinople. That it is the intention to bring Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey into a customs union, Germanizing their industries and to surround the whole economic entity thus established with a formidable tariff wall has been made clear by the declarations of Friedrich Naumann and other exponents of an economic Mittel Europa.

Some influential men of this group even have suggested that Germany go so far immediately as to establish a joint chancellory for Germany, Austria and Hungary to conduct foreign affairs.

Peril of Premature Peace.

All of this is taken as revealing the peril of a premature peace which should leave the German southeastern domains unbroken. It is regarded as giving a sinister color to recent movements for a separate peace for Austria-Hungary or Bulgaria, in the region where German conquest is most safe; to the eagerness with which German leaders have taken up the cry of "no annexations" so far as the great northern powers are concerned; to the German chancellor's recent reichstag speech indicating that the government was not yet ready to renounce its territorial gains in France, Belgium and Russia, "while all other matters are left in suspense." Any renunciation of territory, it is expected, would exclude Poland, which would be made a "free" state under the German plan, but would remain wholly under German domination.

American officials have made it clear that in co-operating with the allies the United States was not entering a binding alliance to accomplish definite and detailed territorial aims; but there is every evidence that the government understands in concrete form the crucial southeastern element of the situation and realizes the enormity of the struggle that must be won "to make the world safe for democracy."

EVERYBODY MUST WORK IN WEST VIRGINIA

Charleston, W. Va., May 20.—Every able-bodied citizen of West Virginia between the ages of 16 and 60 must work at least 36 hours a week under a law passed Saturday by both houses of the legislature. The bill was urged by Governor Cornwell as a war measure.

WARFIELD DISCUSSES CREDIT OF RAILROADS

And the Conference of Owners of Rail Securities. Railroads and Liberty Loans.

New York, May 20.—(Special.)—S. Davies Warfield, who called the conference of owners of railway securities to be held in Baltimore Wednesday, May 23, at 11 o'clock, at the Hotel Emerson, was in New York yesterday. This conference is an important one and will be largely attended by men from various sections of the country. When seen, Mr. Warfield said:

"This conference will be attended by all classes of investors in securities of the railroads from different sections of the country.

"The greatest volume of securities of any one enterprise in the world owned by the public represents railroad property. $17,000,000,000 represents railroad capital. Railroad securities are scattered throughout this country, and among our allies. Stabilizing these securities—many of them by law made legal investments, in which millions of money of estates and institutions are invested and on which hundreds of thousands of people, women and children among them, depend for their living—becomes now very important. Life and fire insurance companies, savings banks, mutual and other financial institutions, charitable institutions, individuals by thousands, have their money in them.

Country Waiting to Know.

"The country is waiting to know whether part of the $525,000,000—the extra cost to the railroads this year over last year through increased prices alone—will be secured to them through increased rates, to enable them to live and maintain their credit. The amount asked for will not even make up this increase in cost of railroad operation, $525,000,000. On the credit of the railroads is based the value of their huge volume of securities, and on the value of railroad securities depends in turn the value of the securities of many enterprises, for the American railroads are the largest purchasers of material and supplies in the world.

"We are asking all the elements mentioned, from the smallest to the largest, to contribute to our Liberty Loan. They will do so, but their financial ability to do so is increased or lessened by their ability to use their income from their investments or to make use of their investments, including railroad securities, one way or another, either as a credit or by sale. So we have an endless chain. Impair the credit of the country's largest enterprise, affecting billions of investments, millions of people and we lessen the purchasing power of the people.

"We should not lose sight of the position of the interstate commerce commission. On the one hand, they have opposition to increase in rates because those opposing do not wish to pay more. On the other, they have the railroads asking for increased rates. The executives of the railroads have presented their case from the operating standpoint. The commission should now hear the credit position of the carriers of the country as reflected in their securities and in their inability, to economically finance themselves by additional sales of their securities.

South Vitally Interested.

"The south, where I live, with its millions of acres of unused lands, is concerned in the present situation. Adverse decision on questions involved means a serious curtailment in railroad development with its injurious effect on southern industrial and agricultural advancement, all of which becomes most important in this time of war. This is aside from the effect on railroad securities, of which the south now holds directly or indirectly a considerable amount. This holds good in other sections of the country.

"This conference should find the means to properly bring before the public and those dealing with questions affecting the railroads, a realization that an acute situation in the affairs of the railroad is here, which shortly is to be relieved or made more difficult by the decision to be rendered by the interstate commerce commission on the question of whether the railroads shall be permitted to increase their rates. The owners of the securities of the railroads—those who will attend this conference—should now be heard."

MENOCAL TAKES OATH AS PRESIDENT OF CUBA

Havana, May 20.—General Menario G. Menocal took the oath of office for his second term as president of Cuba today in the presence of the cabinet ministers, the supreme court justices, members of the diplomatic corps, senators, congressmen and representatives of the various organizations. Many liberals were present and a complete spirit of cordiality was shown.

The president made no inaugural speech. After the usual responses he turned to the audience, saying:

"Gentlemen, I have taken possession of the presidency of the republic."

General Menocal then appeared on the balcony. He was enthusiastically cheered by an immense crowd in the Plaza de Armas, where a battery of 21 guns was fired in a salute which was answered by the guns of Fort Cabanas.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the president issued a proclamation in which, after referring to the almost complete suppression of the revolution, he declared:

"The hour has arrived for halting the routine and administrative inertia which deprived the nation in a great crisis of the abundant means it has the right and duty to utilize. The honor and fulfillment of obligations, contracted voluntarily before the world, impose of necessity the sacrifice of secondary questions which divide the nation to the great object of common defense."

Continuing, the president said:

"Cuba should dedicate all her energies to the defense of the ideals of democracy and international justice and liberty of the seas in which, as a commercial nation, she so greatly is interested."

He asserted that "even without these motives it would be sufficient that the United States, to which Cuba is bound by solemn treaties and moral and material ties which make for the solidarity of nations, has had to declare war against Germany irresistibly to impel Cuba to place herself without hesitation at the side of the United States in the great conflict."

"Johnny, I married your father because he saved me from drowning," said his mother.

"I'll bet then that's why dad's always tellin' me not to go in for swimmin'," said Johnny.—Pearson's Weekly.

SEABOARD NAMES LOW RATE TO WASHINGTON ACCOUNT REUNION.

$13.85 round trip from Atlanta. Tickets sold June 1st to 6th. Good on regular trains, also special trains June 3d. Full information and Pullman reservations at city ticket office. Route of Atlanta Veterans and Sons of Veterans.—(adv.)

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MORTUARY.

Mrs. J. M. Stephens, Lumpkin.

Lumpkin, Ga., May 20.—(Special.)—After an illness of two weeks, Mrs. James M. Stephens died at her home here at 5:30 this afternoon. She was 66 years old. Besides her husband, she is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Roscoe Luke, of Atlanta, and three sisters, Mrs. J. B. Brazier and Mrs. D. L. Scott, of Lumpkin, and Mrs. Perry Seay, of White Springs, Fla. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

Miss Ethel O. Shelton.

Miss Ethel O. Shelton, 38 years old, died at a private hospital yesterday. She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Shelton, one sister, Miss Juliette Shelton, and two brothers, T. L. and N. A. Shelton. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Mrs. Anthy White.

Mrs. Anthy White, 78 years old, died at the residence, 38 Ridge avenue, early last night. She is survived by three brothers, L. I., W. J. and J. A. White. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Paul James Nash.

Paul James, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Nash, died yesterday at the residence, 107 Pearl street. The body was removed to the chapel of A. O. & Roy Donehoo.

Sarah Lunding.

Sarah, the two-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Lunding, died yesterday at the residence, 103 Curran street. The body was removed to the chapel of A. O. & Roy Donehoo.

Isabelle Earl Lively.

Isabelle Earl, the one-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Lively, died early last night at the residence, 600 South Boulevard.

GREENMAN DROPS DEAD IN FRONT OF HIS HOME

F. D. Greenman, 62 years old, of East Point, fell dead in front of his home on Cleveland avenue last night. He was talking to his wife when he suddenly fell and he died before medical aid could be summoned.

He is survived by his wife and one daughter, Mrs. John Kennewell, of California. The body was removed to Hemperley's chapel.

CASH-RAISING MEASURES TO FRONT IN CONGRESS

Final Enactment of the Great War Budget Expected This Week.

Washington, May 20.—Having provided for fighting forces in the war by passing the army draft bill and the measure increasing the navy and marine corps, congress now concentrates its attention upon the problems of raising money to keep fighting forces in the field and regulating the food supply America must furnish both for herself and her allies.

The senate tomorrow will begin consideration of food legislation, while the house proceeds with the $1,800,000,000 war tax measure. During the week final enactment of the $3,342,000,000 war budget bill, with its authorization of $750,000,000 for American merchant ships, is expected and possibly the administration espionage measure also will be passed.

Congressional leaders tonight said that pressure from within and from the white house and other sources for more speed in passing the war legislation already has had its effect.

The first administration food legislation, to be taken up in the senate tomorrow, provides for a federal survey of food supplies, measures to stimulate production, prevent hoarding and storage, licensing of food dealers and conservation of bread bases by mixing flour.

Senator Gore plans to offer an amendment to the survey measure to deal with organized speculation, authorizing the president to prescribe regulations to prevent gambling in food products. Prohibition advocates also plan to make a vigorous fight for an amendment to prohibit grain and other foodstuffs from being manufactured into liquor during the war.

The revenue situation is regarded still in the formative stage, despite the present war tax bill before the house. Virtual rewriting of the measure as it finally passes the house is deemed assured in the senate. President Wilson is reported to be dissatisfied with several features of the house bill and is understood to have so advised congressional leaders with whom he recently conferred. The ten per cent tariff tax, especially on merchandise now on the free list, much of which is foodstuffs, is said to be especially distasteful to many leaders of both parties.

That the aggregate tax levy of $1,800,000,000 is too large is an idea apparently increasing on the senate side.

HAVING FREED SELF, RUSSIA WILL FIGHT

Continued From First Page.

dear and that defeat will annihilate our new-found liberty and new life.

"It is indeed ridiculous to speak at the present time of the annexationist plans of the allies as a real menace to a just peace when Russia, Belgium, France and Serbia are themselves either entirely or partially occupied by the enemy."

The war minister, M. Kerensky, addressing a meeting of Black Sea delegates, said:

"So long as I am minister of war, no attempt at a counter revolution is possible. Our new regime has for its soul complete union with the allies."

According to the newspapers, M. Kerensky has appointed as deputy commander of the Petrograd district Lieutenant Kozmin, who in the revolution of 1905 was elected president of "the republic of Krasnoy-Arsk," in Siberia. He was subsequently sentenced to a long term of imprisonment at hard labor which he was still serving at the outbreak of the revolution.

The government has ordered the mobilization of all women doctors under 45 years of age.

COLLEGE WOMEN MOVE BREAD CONSERVATION

Birmingham, Ala., May 20.—The Birmingham branch of the Southern Association of College Women have started a movement for the conservation of foodstuffs which will result in the saving of 800,000 loaves of bread a month, they believe, if adopted by the more than 2,000,000 club women of the United States.

The members of the Birmingham branch have unanimously agreed that no refreshments shall be served at future meetings, and that the unnecessary waste of serving food to members shall be eliminated from the club program entirely, in the interests of the present food situation.

CLASH WITH GOETHALS DENIED BY SHIP BOARD

Washington, May 20.—Chairman Denman, of the shipping board, issued a vigorous denial tonight of reports, widely circulated and repeated on the floor of the senate, of differences between members of the board and General Goethals, manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation. Statements that the board has abandoned its wooden shipbuilding program at the instance of General Goethals drew from Mr. Denman the declaration that already contracts have been let for 26 wooden ships and that scores of others will be let in the near future.

"The shipping board," said Mr. Denman, "has never wanted to build wooden ships, but has been driven to it by necessity. The wooden vessel has an economic value that is not entirely negligible, but were it not for the war it is not conceivable that we would have built one of them.

"Before entering into the wooden shipbuilding project the board canvassed the steel shipbuilding industry and found that it could get no contracts for the building of steel vessels in any large number for the government account. We afterwards discovered that the reason for this was that the British government had contracted for nearly all the available space in American yards.

"It should be noted that if the world produces all of the steel ships that it now can build—or that can be built in the next eighteen months—and in addition all the wooden ships which can be built in that time, it will not equal one-half the rate of destruction established by the German submarines in the month of April of this year.

"The men at the head of the steel producing industries realized late in April that unless the production of tonnage was stimulated there was a good chance of the Germans winning the war. They promised to supply us with a very large amount of steel for shipbuilding within the period of a very few months, increasing gradually from the present time to a maximum to be reached about October.

"General Goethals thereupon began upon a plan of organization of the steel shipbuilding industry which, through standardization of construction, would enormously increase the output of steel vessels. This plan would require taking over of all vessels under contract in the shipbuilding yards whose date of completion can be hastened by increased labor and more rapid supply of material and equipment."

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17302 10 in. 75c	Washington Post March	Sousa's Band
	El Capitan March	Sousa's Band
17396 10 in. 75c	Whistlers—Intermezzo	Conway's Band
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17957 10 in. 75c	National Emblem March	Pryor's Band
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THE NEGRO MIGRATION.

It must be admitted that there is going on an alarming migration of the negroes from the south to the north.

By "alarming" we mean to say that if it is continued at its present rate for any extended length of time, it is going to seriously affect labor conditions in the south.

The problem has already grown to nation-wide importance and is everywhere being discussed.

Undoubtedly there is some underlying cause.

It will not do for us to perform the ostrich act—bury our head in the sand and imagine therefore that the problem does not exist; because it does exist. And the best thing for the south to do is to realize that fact and address its attention to the best means of supplying the remedy.

In this connection The Constitution presents elsewhere two interesting communications—one from Professor James H. Dillard, an eminent southern educator, who is now making an investigation of this question by direction of the secretary of labor, and the other from H. A. Rucker, formerly a slave, later collector of internal revenue for this district, and always recognized as a conservative factor in his race.

He is a member of the negro race who has not allowed himself to be misled by political animus, and whose conduct always has been tempered by an earnest and sincere desire to bring about a better understanding between the two races in the south.

In making a study of this negro-exodus question and trying to find the cause and the solution of it he has collated in terse expressions what others tell him as being their experience and observation, and he presents this as one side of the question.

He admits that his presentation is solely from one viewpoint, and that there are two sides of every question.

Some of the statements sent to Rucker unquestionably are extreme, and he recognizes that fact. But there is in them undoubtedly at least enough to furnish basis for thought that may ultimately lead to a satisfactory solution of the problem.

IN THE CORNBREAD CLASS.

Poets are singing the praises of cornbread, and there are editorial tributes to it in prose-poem style, now that it is "coming into its own" and taking its rightful place on the national table.

Editor Watterson led off with a fine prose-poem to it, and The New York Sun and other leading newspapers followed with tributes equally eloquent and sincere.

And now is the time when people who were ill-informed as to its merits, or foolishly prejudiced against it, are anxious to give their appetites a cornbread training.

In an editorial on "Cornbread Patriotism," The Kansas City Times says:

> Privation loaf? Not for this section, with 17 million acres of corn in Kansas and Missouri alone. Leave off the loaf altogether, for that matter. There is corn bread, corn pone, "Johnny-cake," corn muffins, hoe cake, or whatever may be your favorite name for it, to fall back on. And certainly there is nothing akin to privation about a steaming slab of corn bread garnished with home-grown sorghum molasses. Nor is there any danger of honest hunger with a kettle of corn meal mush sputtering on the kitchen stove.
>
> Maybe you have grown away from "Johnny-cake" in the last two decades of lolling in the lap of luxury. In that case now is the time to get back to the habit and teach it to the family. Every loaf of bread saved, they say, is a bullet against autocracy.

There are an hundred and one ways of making cornbread a table-winner—a palate-pleaser—aside from the inducement of the plain, not overcritical hunger; and these are ways the southern cooks know best, from the "staying" qualities of the honest, ample "corn-dodger" to the meaty, mouth-smacking "cracklin'-bread," and the "muffins" known to the north. And those who have "grown away" from hearty, homey dishes, or who have never given them a fair test, may get back to old home-raising in this year of war and opportunity.

Our Kansas contemporary calls attention to the fact that "the south got along on little aside from corn for four years back in the '60's, and liked it so well that corn still is in favor there as food."

And in high favor at that! And, in the words of a corn-fed philosopher: "Wheat may go out o' reach, and corn may rise surprising, but always there's corn meal enough to keep us healthy, happy, and in harness for the world's work!"

THE PISTOL ABOMINATION

J. Kelly Simmons, editor of The Telfair Enterprise, who is engaged in a campaign looking to the enactment of a law placing the hip-pocket gun under the ban in Georgia, in a letter to The Constitution says that of the many country dwellers, white folk and negroes, who throng the streets of the average small Georgia town, nearly every Saturday, "most of them, whites and blacks, carry pistols."

"They think they are not properly dressed," he goes on to say, "if they haven't a large pistol to stick in their hip pockets. Living in a community like Atlanta, I am sure that you are not in position to see the danger of the pistol like we people who live in the small country towns where we come in contact with the country people, who are the greatest offenders."

It may be so, but even in Atlanta, where the community is well protected by an alert police department, homicides and gun plays are altogether too frequent, none of which would have taken place had not the slayer or would-be slayer been armed with a gun which he had no right to be carrying. If the conditions in this respect are worse among the country dwellers, then there is all the more need for just such legislation as Mr. Simmons, and every other law-abiding, moral citizen of Georgia demands.

The way matters stand now almost any irresponsible negro or white man—even a boy—is privileged to select a revolver or pistol from the well-supplied show-case of almost any pawnbroker or second-rate hardware shop, buy it and carry it. And immediately the transaction is made and the pistol is put in its owner's pocket, that man becomes a potential criminal and a menace to the community.

True, there is now on the statute books a law intended to act as a deterrent to the habit of pistol-toting. It provides that no man shall be permitted to carry a pistol on his person unless he shall first have procured a license. But that provision is so easily evaded that the law is a farce, and, for all the good it does, might as well never have been enacted.

It is not only the men of a low order of intelligence who carry pistols, but the practice is more or less general among the better class of people, as police records show. Of this phase of the question Mr. Simmons says:

> The carrying of pistols is not confined to the ignorant class, however. One of our county school teachers killed one of his trustees here in the courthouse a few weeks ago, and at his trial he stated he had carried a pistol regularly for years.
>
> Only last week I came into my office from out on the street just in time to see a student of our local college take a pistol from one of my bookcases, where he had it in hiding, and place it in his pocket. The boy is of good parentage, and is in the sophomore class. He is about that age to draw it and possibly use it for some imaginary wrong.
>
> No longer ago than Monday of this week one of the most responsible men in Telfair county related that he had heard, on good authority, that two young men were looking for another man last Sunday, each of the boys with a large pistol buckled to his side. They both have one of our 50-cent licenses, but pray tell us what good that 50-cent license would have done the man they were looking for had they found him?

The carrying of pistols is a relic of the days of buccaneers and outlawry, and it is a practice which has no place and should find no countenance in a civilized, law-respecting community. It has been outlawed and virtually done away with in every section of the country except the south. Even in the once "wild and woolly west" it is strictly taboo under the law, and the law is enforced with vigor.

It seems that the deadly hip-pocket pistol is to make its last stand in the south.

It is time for Georgia to get abreast of the times, and shut out the pistol from the hip pocket.

If you can't get into the national guard there yet remains the home guard, and if you're too old or otherwise unfit, try the home garden! There's room for everybody somewhere.

And don't overlook the fact that the boll weevil forces are mobilizing to take the cotton belt.

And now, it seems, with Japanese troops in the trenches, Germany may quickly wake up to the fact that the yellow peril is not altogether a myth.

By a happy ordination of things, good golfing weather is also good gardening weather.

If Russia only stays afloat until our hundred million iron men get there she will make port and all will be well. That is the sort of ballast that will steady any political craft on her keel.

Wouldn't it be great were the war-garden backache eventually to supplant appendicitis as the fashionable ailment of the elite!

The cooks are enlisting right along. Now, do your bit in keeping up the food supply!

While they're teaching the maturer ideas out at McPherson how to shoot, the Boy Scouts are being taught how to grow a shoot in the vacant lots of West End.

The Russian peasants are all right, only, like the airplane, they need a stabilizer.

The business of declaring war on Germany seems to drag. It has been more than a month since the last such declaration was made.

JUST From GEORGIA By FRANK L. STANTON



When the Good Times Come.

Honey, when de Good Times passin' 'long de road,
Ax 'em in, an' treat 'em des de bes' dey ever knowed!
Say you glad ter see 'um—been waitin' fer 'um long,
An' den tune up de fiddle ter de hallelula song!

Dat's de way ter do
When de Good Times come ter you,
Fer since dey made you happy
You mus' make 'em happy, too!

Tell 'um dat you thankful fer ter have yo' time an' chance
An' you's in fer celebratin', wid a hands roun' in de dance!
But listen ter dis sayin', when you gwine good an' strong:
When it's time fer celebratin' don't you celebrate too long!

Dat's de way ter do
When de Good Times come ter you:
Fer since dey made you happy
You mus' make 'um happy, too!

* * * * *

On the High Cost Highway.

The Charlotte News philosopher doesn't mince matters when he lands in Hungary Town; here's how he talks out in meeting:

"We should like to see a test of the speedometer on the price of a square meal in these marathon times with our common commodities.

"The sight of a juicy ham in a restaurant window is no longer inspiring. It is a downright cruel, heartless, fiendish and barbaric form of mockery.

"It is difficult to believe that Nebuchadnezzar could keep himself fat on the front lawn, still he had in his favor thereby that he could always look the corner groceryman straight in the face."

* * * * *

The Easy Brother.

I.

He's not predictin' weather:
Dry on hill an' plain,
He worries not the angels
By prayin' loud for rain.

II.

He's evermore contented
To take it as it comes,
He doesn't march to meeting
When Thunder beats its drums.

III.

So, in an' out o' season
He's always feelin' prime:
He knows the good Lord's runnin'
This world just ALL the time!

* * * * *

Our Rapid Strides.

The exchange editor of The Arkansas Gazette notes that—

"The advance of education is wonderful. Nearly everybody uses the word 'psychology' nowadays."

* * * * *

It's Marchin' Time Once More.

I.

It makes a feller's spirits climb—
It lifts 'em most sky high,
To hear the band play "Dixie,"
See the boys march by!

II.

Fer you don't fergit yer raisin';
Though yer fightin' days are o'er,
You join the cheerin' fellers—
It's marchin' time once more!

* * * * *

Word From Br'er Williams.

My son, ef you thinks you knows all 'bout runnin' de country, don't go 'roun' tellin' folks 'bout it, bekaze de lunatic asylums has always got room fer one more.

* * * * *

What the Happy Day Said.

The Happy Day,
It came my way,
And whispered: "Take me!
In dark and light,
With faith and might
You toiled to make me!"

* * * * *

Go To It!

(From The New York World.)

Eat cornmeal and beat the submarines.

* * * * *

Happiness at Last.

Says The Dalton Citizen: "A very bright Dalton lady who attended grand opera in Atlanta last week, having returned, says she is now ready to die, and can do so happily—that she has heard Caruso sing and had a plank steak."

Farmers Are Responding To the Call of Duty

Editor Constitution: The response of southern farmers to the appeal to enlarge their planting of food crops has met with a gratifying response, and the southern states with anything like a favorable season will make a large increase in food supplies for man and beast, as well as a gain in cattle and hogs.

The urgency of the case cannot be stressed too greatly. The war situation is such as to indicate a long and desperate struggle which will tax our resources to the utmost as to men, money and supplies.

Under these circumstances it becomes a necessity for farmers to make the production of food crops the paramount issue. Cotton, tobacco, hemp, flax and such crops, while of great use and necessity, must drop to second place, and every possible extra foot of ground which can be planted and tilled must be planted in those things which will maintain life, if we are to escape disaster. No one need worry about overproduction. If we could double every crop in the south over last year's production it would be greedily taken at remunerative prices, and, as that is impossible, it is certain that what we do grow will command excellent prices.

It is, of course, greatly to be deplored that the farmers could not get an inning without the disaster of a world war, and, now that the war is upon us, it will depend on the farmers whether we win, or lose. The strain upon their powers of production will be something terrific, and, from all present indications, will last for some time. The farmers have always been the foundation upon which society has built, and the neglect of the farmers' interest on the part of society in general is now coming home to us in a most distressing way. That the farmers will respond to what has now become a patriotic duty, to the extent of their resources, cannot be doubted, and that their resources are not greater cannot be justly laid at their door.

The generous response they are now making to the call of duty is a cause for hopefulness and congratulations.

C. S. BARRETT.

Union City, Ga., May 18, 1917.

WHAT IS REALLY BACK OF THE NEGRO EXODUS FROM THE SOUTH?

Professor James H. Dillard, after spending several days in Atlanta, left yesterday for his home in Charlottesville, Va., where he goes to prepare a report for Secretary of Labor Wilson, of the cabinet, as the result of a special advisory investigation being made by him under direction of the secretary of labor, of the negro exodus from the south.

Professor Dillard is a graduate of Washington and Lee university of Virginia, class '77, being a native of that state. After serving in the faculty of Washington and Lee, he was for four years a member of the Washington university faculty, at St. Louis, and later became professor of Latin at and dean of the faculty of Tulane university of New Orleans, in which he served for eighteen years. He bears honorary degrees from Tulane, Sewanee and Washington and Lee universities, and is a director of the Slater fund and president of Jeanes foundation.

He has spent three weeks in the south making this advisory investigation for the department of labor which selected him for the purpose on account of his peculiar fitness for the work.

The Constitution finding that he was in Atlanta asked for a statement from him concerning his work to which he replied: "I cannot, of course, give you anything like an outline of my report nor discuss it, but in a general way, I will give you the result of my observations."

Following is Professor Dillard's statement on the subject:

'Editor Constitution: Especially in view of the war situation and the need of food supplies, the secretary of labor, Mr. Wilson, and the assistant secretary, Mr. Post, are much interested in the conditions of labor in the south. These conditions depend largely upon the migration of negroes from the south to the north and northwest. Three weeks ago I had two interviews with the secretary and since seeing him I have been endeavoring to ascertain the facts and causes in regard to this migration and to get opinions of various people as to what remedies, if any, might be or should be adopted to check the movement. The Constitution has asked me to tell briefly the result of such findings and observations as I have been able to gather during the past three weeks in which I have been especially interested in the question. I have talked with a number of people, and I wrote letters to thirty-odd southern white men and to four southern negroes, all of whom replied promptly.

As to the Facts.

First, as to the facts: There is no doubt that in some sections the numbers of those that have left, or are still leaving, are so large as to cause a serious lack of labor. It seems quite impossible to arrive at any degree of exactness as to the actual numbers that have gone from a state, or a section of a state, or from all the states during the past twelve months. Estimates vary for the total number from 120,000 to 500,000. I should say that the average of estimates is about 250,000. Certainly the number is sufficiently large to constitute a most significant movement.

Certain sections in each state seem to have been unaffected. For example, while many have left the southern part of Louisiana, practically none, so far as my information goes, have left the northern part. A manufacturer writing in regard to Alabama says: "In the Birmingham and Chattanooga districts the exodus has made labor very short. At Bessemer we have lost some, but promptly replaced them by those coming in from the farms." A Mississippian writes that "in the southern part of the state many acres of land will not be planted for lack of labor." A letter from Georgia says, "A number have left southwestern Georgia from various localities, and still others are leaving, but they are so thick down here that we cannot miss them unless we know them personally." A state official writes that "In some sections of Virginia the shortage has been very marked and the exodus of negro laborers has been very considerable. It has been chiefly from those communities where the poorest school facilities are to be found."

Not Confined to One Class.

It seems evident that the exodus is by no means confined to the poorer classes. It is true that information comes from parts of Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia that negroes who left were, for various reasons, in worse than usual conditions of poverty, or were in fear of worse conditions. A letter from Mississippi says: "There was an almost complete failure in the cotton crop in this section last year. This put the negroes 'in bad.' It simply looked like starvation to them and they decided not to try it another year." From the west-central part of Alabama a large planter writes: "Many negroes have left. They just had to leave; they had nothing to eat or wear. The hard part of the migration is that the young have gone; the old are left. Fortunately, however, most of the migrants send back money." An intelligent colored man writes from Georgia: "I am stating the plain truth when I say that many negroes are now making barely enough to live on from day to day. There has been practically no increase of wages these two years." Yet, while poverty is the condition of many who go, there is ample evidence that many who are relatively well off have gone. Three informants tell of negroes selling land in order to go, and others mention the fact that some who leave have two or three hundred dollars to take with them. A number of colored preachers testify that they have lost many of the best supporters of their churches.

A further fact would seem to be established from the letters which I have received, namely, that not a very large percentage of the migrants have been taken north, or induced to go, by labor agents. Certainly many have gone in this way, and there are known instances of northern corporations sending agents to engage large groups, but I should judge from the information gathered that these form hardly a fourth of the whole number.

As to the Causes.

As to the causes of the movement there is a very general agreement as to two: First, the lack of labor at the north, due to the stoppage of immigration from Europe, thus offering the chance of employment and at higher wages; second, the growing discontent of the negroes and the feeling that they have little or no chance of a square deal in the south.

Other incidental causes are sometimes mentioned, but practically all who have expressed themselves on the subject agree on these two as the dominant, and one might say concurrent causes. There is considerable disagreement as to which is the more potent. Perhaps the most informing and emphatic among the letters which I have received comes from a southern white man who, from interest in this question, addressed inquiries to a number of leading negroes throughout the south. At the time of his writing he had received replies from thirty-two. "The consensus of opinion," he says, "is that about 60 per cent of the migration is due to economic causes with social and other causes as subsidiary inducements. A few say that the migration is almost wholly economic. Two or three say that the economic situation has nothing to do with it. Some say they believe that the people ought to stay in the south, but that conditions must be changed if they do. Some say that they have been urging negroes to go north because of lack of hope for better conditions in the south. In view of the fact that these men are leaders of the race, we must face squarely up to this issue."

The most common specific grounds of complaint on the part of negroes, as given in most letters that have come to me, refer to poor school facilities and lack of fairness and protection in the courts.

One investigator in Georgia writes: "In talking with men who have gone or who are planning to go north, I have been surprised to find that in nearly every case the question of better opportunities for their children has featured largely in determining their course." The same writer says that "the fear of harsh treatment either from lawless mobs or by officers of the law has been assigned as one of many causes of migration."

Similar quotations might be given from a number of letters. On the other hand, another writer from Georgia says: "My personal view is that there is little or no relation between lynching or the fear of it and the migration. I regard the matter as simply a natural response to an economic demand." Still another white Georgian enumerates the causes as follows: 1. The demand for labor north, with high wages; 2. A desire on the part of many for a more hopeful future for their children; 3. Persuasion on the part of secret agents; 4. Desire for new things. I may make one other quotation under this subject of causes which comes in a letter recently received from a colored man. "I find now," he says, "a feeling of uneasiness over the working of the selective conscription bill. Many seem to see in it a plan on the part of the authorities to confine negroes to work on farms in the south. If the action of the federal authorities is such as to justify this feeling, in my opinion, much larger numbers of negroes will at least make an effort to leave the south." In fact, all the negroes who have said anything about this whole movement express the opinion that coercive measures of any kind will almost surely tend to increase the exodus.

South Wants Them to Stay.

The burden of the testimony of all from whom I have heard and with whom I have had an opportunity of talking, here in Atlanta as well as elsewhere, is that if the south has the desire that the negroes remain in the south the remedy against the migration fever lies in the willingness of the southern white man to remove the causes by raising wages and by standing up for better treatment of the negro people. Only three of many correspondents lay any stress on the coercion of labor agents. The able and widely-read Manufacturers' Record, a southern publication, printed in its issue of May 3 a letter from Danville, Va., recommending strenuous dealing with labor agents. Commenting on this letter the editor said: "Labor must have the right to move from one part of a country to another, regardless of all local laws against 'labor agents.' There is no power in the country to keep men from going where the rate of wages is highest, and the south must recognize this fact. The migration of negroes is a serious hardship on the south, but it cannot be met by laws against labor agents. There must be a parity of wages before the movement can be stopped, as hard as that may be on southern farming and industries." Beside these words let me set the words of a colored man who writes that "if the negro could feel that he would have better treatment in the south, he would rather stay than go north, even if there was some slight advantage of wages in the north. Any five prominent leading white citizens in my state could stop the migration from the state."

A letter from South Carolina sums up the matter as follows: "The proposition to my mind," he says, "is simple: so long as the north offers work to the negro with better wages, living conditions, and educational facilities, the more intelligent negroes are going to continue to go there. If the south wants to keep the negro she will have to offer him better terms."

Better Opportunities South.

Two letters from white men born in the north, but long and still resident in the south, seem to me of peculiar interest. One writes from Virginia: "The south, on the whole, presents better industrial opportunities for the negro than does the north. In the south the negro meets with less competition and also enjoys a better opportunity to do as well whatever he is fitted to do." The other writes from South Carolina: "From all that I can gather I am of the opinion that the migration is likely to continue and probably increase in volume. The movement seems to be a general uprising among the people themselves. They say but little about it to anybody and disappear quietly. There are at least three things the southern people must do if they would hold their labor. Give them better wages, better schools, and better protection. Lynchings for trivial offenses, or, in fact, for any offense, must be a thing of the past. Personally, I feel that the negro ought to remain in the south, provided he can have fair treatment here."

The last writer spoke of the migration as likely to continue. I may say that this is the very general opinion of those who have given attention to the matter. Furthermore, there is no evidence of any appreciable return up to this time. The truth seems to be, in spite of the fact that not only large numbers of negro laborers but some white laborers have gone north, that a demand still exists for more.

I have attempted to give here for what they may be worth the opinions which I have received, because it seems to me important that we should know whatever thoughts and sentiments may be entertained on this question.

JAMES H. DILLARD.

Rucker Gives Result of His Investigation of Exodus

The following communication is sent to The Constitution by H. A. Rucker, formerly collector of internal revenues for Georgia, and a negro who, while having the full respect of his own race, has always been held in high regard by the white race in that his influence has always been for the establishment of friendly relations between the races. In handing this communication to The Constitution the author said:

"I have made innumerable inquiries as to the negro exodus, and these answers are given just as they come to me. I am aware of the fact that this is only one side of the question, but it is at least that, and as such is worth consideration, for the problem confronting all of us now is a very serious one."

The communication follows:

Editor Constitution: I have been quietly investigating to find the cause of so much unrest just now manifest among my people; why so many of them have left the south, and multitudes of others are making haste to get away. My inquiry has extended to many of those already gone as well as to those making ready to leave the south, which they "so much prefer and reluctantly leave" to take up home among strangers. And these are the uniform reasons given:

"Wages only about half sufficient to care for the earner, to say nothing of his or her dependents.

"Grudging provision in city and especially in country made for the education of their children.

"Driven away from crops and homes, and too often lynched, or in other ways maltreated, both in town and in country.

"Always prejudged, and that guilty, by press and public opinion in automobile or other accidents where injury results to a white person, and whenever there is misunderstanding or friction with a white person, the negro is invariably at fault.

"Taxed, and yet segregated and legislated out of all the rights of free citizens.

"Criticised, almost invariably, with seldom a word of commendation.

"Payment of less wages than they can get elsewhere.

"Often abused and unnecessarily harassed on public conveyances, and by too many in authority to enforce law and order."

A few years ago when the suffrage or disfranchisement act was before the legislature, I, with a committee of our citizens, appeared before the legislative committee to oppose the passage of the bill. I told the committee the bill was unnecessary, a piece of useless legislation, intended, as I saw, to impose additional humiliation upon an already overburdened people, that we were before them as much because of our interest in the state as for any other purpose. I knew my people desired to remain here and continue most friendly relations, but that many, on account of such legislation, as the bill then being considered, had left the state and gone north, east and west, and that if the bill became a law some of those to whom I was speaking would live to see the day when there would be a regular exodus of my people from this state.

Much of the trouble, as I see it, has been that the race questions or problems have been settled or adjusted in boards, clubs, circles and associations without the presence, aid or advice of the people so materially affected. The methods have been regrettably lacking in foresight and are now proving as ineffective as staging the play of Hamlet with the Dane omitted.

The race is seeking better pay and better treatment. Encourage it, and its members will not leave the south for any section of the known world. Respectfully,

H. A. RUCKER.

Atlanta, Ga., May 19, 1917.

A Country Garden.

(Anna Bird Stewart in Pictorial Review.)

Hollyhocks and larkspur,
Color everywhere,
Warm and still and fragrant
Breathes the sunny air.
Pinks and tiger lilies,
Yellow marigold,
Candituft and coxcomb,
Roses manifold.
Hollyhocks and larkspur,
Scarlet, crimson, blue,
Sunshine all around, dear,
Butterflies—and you!

HEALTH TALKS

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

ARTHRITIS.

"About 3 years ago the knuckles and small joints of my hands became enlarged," writes a correspondent. "At times they become quite painful and tender and swollen. I took six months' treatment from a rub doctor, after which he said he was sorry, but he could do no more for me, that my trouble was arthritis. Up to that time we supposed it was rheumatism. Still it did not resemble rheumatism in many respects. My hands are unsightly, to say the least, and I fear if the trouble keeps growing worse I shall lose the use of them. Lately, too, the back of my neck and the upper spine are lame and stiff. And for some time there has been a soreness or lameness in the left foot. I am rather poorly for a woman of my age (47), yet I do not despair of getting some relief."

"Arthritis" sounds like the name of a disease. The average patient assumes it is the name of a disease. The correspondent evidently imagined the doctor was stating a diagnosis. She seems to think that "arthritis" is like "rheumatism." And so it is—just as meaningless; just as much an evasion; just as inexcusable a term for the doctor to apply. Arthritis is medical Latin for joint trouble. The patient knew she had joint trouble—that is what she consulted the doctor for. He told her she had joint trouble—in Latin. It is a great habit.

There are two kinds of doctors or healers practicing the healing art today. No matter what the school or system employed. First there are conscientious doctors. They find it pretty poor picking. People don't want the truth; they want empty words. Then there are snap-diagnosticians—healers who divine the nature of the trouble and proceed to treat it without the formality or expense of making a scientific diagnosis. "Rheumatism" is a fine diagnosis for the latter type of healer. "Arthritis" is still more appropriate to his methods.

When a patient has joint trouble, the question is, what is the matter? Why are the joints giving trouble? What in the world has got into those joints?

One very common answer is, germs. Tuberculosis bacilli, pneumonia germs (pneumococci from sore throats and other so-called "colds"), gonococci, streptococci from some old septic focus in the tonsils, about the roots of teeth, in a nasal sinus, in the gallbase, in the appendix, in the pelvic organs of men or women. It is the doctor's first duty to determine the origin of the joint inflammation or arthritis, and his next duty to endeavor to eradicate the focus from which the trouble comes. After that the established palliative measures for the joint trouble may be helpful and curative, but not otherwise. Day after tomorrow we shall say something meaner still.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Another Hot Water Fiend.

Will you kindly inform me in your column whether it is beneficial or otherwise to drink a glass of hot water on rising in the morning? Also whether the addition of phosphate of limestone adds to the value of the practice?

ANSWER—Well, it won't do you any harm to take hot water. Some people find that it helps to produce normal bowel action. There is no such thing as phosphate of limestone—you must be mixed in your chemistry, for that is an impossible chemical combination. Perhaps you mean phosphate of sodium or salts, and it would be very harmful to take "phosphate of soda." That is a saline laxative, acting precisely like Epsom or Rochelle any such saline habitually.

Regretfully Declined.

I noticed that G. E. A. wanted a cure for ringworm. If you wish to send the correspondent my address, or send his address to me, I will be glad to tell him about a cure. (G. J. M.)

ANSWER—No correspondent's name has ever yet been given to any other correspondent of this column, and I am not able to accept your kind offer. Any reader desirous of doing another reader good (not of doing him well) may explain his cure to me and, if it is at all reasonable or proper, I will be glad to print it. But do not ask me to divulge the identity of a correspondent.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. The names of writers are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column; but all inquiries will be answered by mail if a stamped self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, care of The Constitution.

This Suggestion Is Worth Consideration at Washington

Editor Constitution: Some time ago you kindly printed my objections to the terms "conscription," selective "draft," etc., in connection with the new army law, and suggesting that some other term would be much more desirable.

In a recent article elsewhere, the suggestion was made that since we have regulars and guardsmen, a suitable definition would be "selectmen," which seems very good, and particularly appropriate, since it is really a scientific and business-like plan for raising an army for the field from freemen, all of whom are, technically, liable for military service in such capacity as may be required.

It seems important that this plan be popularized and better understood by people, as some "pert" paragrapher has already suggested that the generation of "Sons of Volunteers" will look down upon sons of "conscripts," although it is well known by the present generation the circumstances under which they became the one or the other, and that to be a "selectman" is not necessarily any reflection on the man's courage, patriotism or sense of real duty.

Another has erroneously taken the position that the selective plan is in reality only "conscription," and an infringement upon one's civil rights, and if permitted is only an opening for further wrongs. Therefore, he, under the cover of "personal liberty," calls upon his readers to defeat the passage of such a law, "that government of the people, by the people and for the people may not perish from the earth," forgetful of the fact that the framers of this law are our legally appointed representatives, elected to serve us in just such a capacity, and that in such a national crisis, concerted action is absolutely necessary, otherwise it shall "perish," and that through quite a different and more inglorious channel than that feared, and that a man should really feel honored to be selected out of all those liable for military service, by reason of his special aptitude in this, the most honored line.

So, here's to the honorable regulars, guardsmen and selectmen.

E. L. DRAPER.

May 18, 1917.

Thinks Dogs Should Be Confined by Their Owners

Editor Constitution: I note with a great deal of interest an article from W. H. McGee, Barnesville, Ga., and also an editorial from your paper on the same.

These two articles appealed to me very much.

I have always been in favor of dogs being confined to their owners' premises, and if permitted to run at large their owners should be made responsible for same.

I have repeatedly asked the representatives from my section to enact some law that would protect the public against the ravages of dogs.

They are a public nuisance in my section, and the game law is worthless as far as the quail is concerned.

The curs and pointers are allowed to roam at large in the fields and they destroy the eggs and young birds to such an extent that what few are left have taken refuge in the mountains and hills.

We have naturally a fine country for grazing sheep, but this industry is made prohibitive on account of the worthless curs.

I hope your paper will advocate some measure that will relieve the situation.

J. F. HURT.

Rockdale Seed and Stock Farm, Oakman, Ga.

Y. M. C. A. TO RAISE $133,000 WAR FUND

Delegates at Macon Pledged Sum for Work Among Soldiers of the Southeast.

Macon, Ga., May 20.—In an all-day conference here today of international, state and local Y. M. C. A. officials and laymen, definite plans for the big war council work which now confronts the North American association were made.

Following a morning session in which the work was outlined and an afternoon executive session, the delegates decided to pledge $133,000 for the work among the soldiers of the southeast.

Among those attending the meeting were S. A. Ackley, executive secretary for the work in the southeast; M. W. Lee, associate in the work on the Mexican border, and in the southeast; W. Woods White, of Atlanta, chairman of the state committee, and Y. M. C. A. leaders from Augusta, Savannah, Columbus, Waycross, Athens and Americus.

The meeting adjourned at 8 o'clock tonight and the leaders will return to their associations to carry out the plans made here.

The association plans to work among 100,000 troops, the number that the Y. M. C. A. leaders estimate will be mobilized in Georgia.

The auditorium of the Y. M. C. A. building was taxed to its capacity. Messrs. Ackley and Lee outlined the opportunity the associations and the churches through the associations have in the conservation of better elements in the armies of the country. The experience recounted by Chaplain Smith, of the Fifth Georgia regiment, were also an interesting feature of the session.

Mr. Ackley emphasized the size of the job ahead and told what it would mean to the country if the best people would get behind the project. He told of the conference between John R. Mott and President Wilson and of the welcome given the Y. M. C. A. into the field of action by the government officials.

"As a result of the conferences with Mr. Mott," said Mr. Ackley, "the government has surrounded the mobilization camps with a moral zone which will, to a certain extent, eliminate some of the vices to which soldiers are exposed."

To supply the needs of the men soon to be mobilized Mr. Ackley said that 250 buildings must be erected and over 1,500 secretaries employed. All this must be done in ninety days, he said, for it is planned to have the work in operation when the soldiers arrive in camps.

W. B. Alexander, of Atlanta, discussed "Conserving the Home Base," stating that the local secretaries should not let their work lag because of stress of the times.

"Out of 4,000 men employed in Y. M. C. A. work, 3,000 have already offered to go to the front in the interest of the association's work," he said.

"We should double our efforts at home and bring new ideas into the work."

Chaplain Smith, of the Fifth regiment, who was with that organization on the border, declared the Y. M. C. A. "shack" is the one uplifting influence among the soldiers.

"Don't ever dare criticise the men in uniform until you really know of his many temptations," he said. "It seems to be that the devil is after every man who puts on a uniform.

"The people of Georgia owe more than money can measure for what the Y. M. C. A. on the border has already done for the Georgia boys. Put up these 'shacks' and let the workers get a hold on the soldiers right here in the mobilization camps."

At a luncheon held at 1 o'clock at Hotel Lanier, men from over the state expressed themselves as to the plans outlined and were enthusiastic in their praise for the work to be undertaken.

Those who attended the meeting from Atlanta, Ga., were: W. Woods White, chairman of the state executive committee; B. G. Alexander, J. P. Jackson, L. S. Byer, Jr., Chaplain Smith, of the Fifth regiment; W. M. Davis, A. R. Colcord, W. B. Willingham, Rock Warren, Owens Johnson, George Winship, president of the Atlanta association, and A. O. Blalock.

S. A. Ackley, the director for the department of the southeast, comprising nine states, leaves tomorrow for Alabama to get the work started in that state.

Snavely to Accompany General Leonard Wood On Tour of Inspection

As a result of a conference held here yesterday between Dr. Guy E. Snavely, who is in charge of the southern division of the American Red Cross association, and Major General Leonard Wood, commander of the department of the southeast of the United States army, Dr. Snavely will leave Atlanta Tuesday for Chattanooga, where he will join General Wood and accompany him on his tours of inspection with the view of establishing chapters and aiding in the work of the Red Cross in the cities they may visit.

Plans for extending the work of the Red Cross in Atlanta and the formation of ambulance corps here were also discussed at the conference in connection with the campaign for the general extension of the work of the Red Cross Association of America. This campaign will be opened in June with "Red Cross week," which will be observed throughout the nation.

Judge Walter T. Colquitt, chairman of the Atlanta chapter, will leave for Washington Tuesday to attend a conference of the general war council of the American Red Cross.

$13.85 WASHINGTON AND RETURN—SEABOARD

Account U. C. V. Reunion. Tickets sold June 1st to 6th. Two through steel trains daily. Special trains June 3d. Make reservations now at city ticket office.—(adv.)

Exhibit of Gruppe Pictures One of Exceptional Beauty



"A SLOPPY DAY."

One of the Gruppe paintings on exhibition at Edison hall this week.

The exhibition of the famous Gruppe pictures will be open today from 12 until 6 o'clock, in Edison hall, 182 Peachtree street.

Entering the gallery it is hard to realize that it is not in one of the art centers of the east, so well presented is the charming collection of pictures now on view there. The walls have been toned a soft, neutral brown, best calculated to show to advantage any style of picture, and at considerable expense the latest improved plan of individual reflected lights has been installed, so that the many advantages of showing pictures in Atlanta, which has no art museum, have largely been overcome, and the Art association takes special pleasure in announcing this present exhibition of the work of the eminent artist, Charles P. Gruppe, of Katyck, Zee, Holland.

Mr. Gruppe paints landscapes in a normal manner, and his pictures appeal to the careful observer and lover of nature. One who has traveled in Holland, where he has painted many of his canvasses, will recognize the canals and flat, blue-gray country, while in the scenes he has pictured of picturesque New England, they will find the familiar hills, pastures and stone walls—all pleasing, and painstakingly executed.

During the past three years of war, much has been said of the patriotism of the artists, and the indomitable spirit of the French in keeping alive their interest in art and music in spite of the distressing conditions; reports from England tell of private loan collections and exhibitions of new work that have been on view, because the national galleries and museums are all closed, and their priceless treasures stored in vaults and other places of safety; but the tastes of a people who have lived in the atmosphere of art for generations, demand that they be not deprived of all these uplifting and inspiring associations, even during war, as there are still the children who must be considered in such educational influences.

Certain sections of this country have long been alive to the profit and pleasure of art in its general sense, but other cities seem slow to avail themselves of the advantages of these refining influences. The Atlanta Art association has brought to the city many fine exhibitions, including the work of eminent artists whose work has found homes in the representative private collections of the country, as well as in the most discriminating public galleries; these exhibitions have been free to the public, but have not always met with the appreciation and response in attendance to which their merit and value would seem to entitle them.

Nevertheless, the association is not discouraged in its efforts to stimulate an art interest in Atlanta, and will hope to be a factor in making good things so much a part of the civic life here, as in, like France, we will demand them—not in spite of disturbing elements, but because of a greater need of spiritual and civilizing influences during the depressing and demoralizing effects of war.

The present exhibition was arranged for several months ago—before our hands and hearts were full of distressing national affairs, but it is hoped that a few minutes can be spared from our busy days of preparedness, to enjoy a glimpse of these wholesome pictures, and for those who cannot attend on week days, arrangements have been made to open the gallery free to the public on Sundays from 12 until 6 o'clock. You are invited.

MRS. CHARLES JEROME.

GIRL MINSTREL ACT WILL FEATURE BILL AT THE LYRIC TODAY

When numerous minstrel men failed to "put over" bits of minstrel first parts in vaudeville it seemed to be generally conceded that there was no place in vaudeville for minstreisy, except for stars who worked alone or in pairs, such as Lew Dockstader, McIntyre & Heath or Eddie Leonard, but a woman changed the whole trend of opinion on that subject and today Josie Flynn's minstrels is one of the standard acts on the B. F. Keith circuit.

Miss Flynn surrounded herself with versatile young women whose successful work has demonstrated the truth of Miss Flynn's claim that their middle name is minstrelsy. Today her act is in demand from coast to coast and never has an idle week except for needed rest.

Miss Flynn and her clever girls were booked as the special headline feature of the new show, opening today at B. F. Keith's Lyric theater. The new Lyric show includes the Five Maryland Singers, Harry Anger and the King Sisters, sure-fire comedy, song and dance trio; Clark and Verdi, two men who are famous for their Italian comedy types, and Karl Emmy's Pets, 20 bull terriers. In addition, the program will include new Hearst-Pathe news views and Burton Holmes' Travelogue.

Big Value Promised Patrons by Manager Of Grand This Week

"I guarantee Atlanta that this is the biggest amusement value the city has ever received," said Marcus Loew in a telegram received last night by E. A. Schiller, general southern director of the Loew theaters, in regard to the program at the Grand theater, Atlanta, for the first of the week.

Because of the fact that the Grand is the pivot theater of the southern circuit of the Loew theaters, Marcus Loew has taken a special interest in the local theater. For the first part of this week the Grand will present what amusement authorities pronounce the most massive variety bill in the history of local theaters.

The Grand bill will be headlined by Long Tack Sam & Company, the troupe of Chinese illusionists who have long been favorites in Atlanta. In addition to the vaudeville top-liner the photoplay program will be headlined by "20,000 Leagues Under the Sea," the film marvel staged from Jules Verne's masterpiece by that name, and produced by the Williamson brothers, discoverers of submarine photography. The majority of scenes were photographed fathoms deep in the ocean.

Rev. J. R. McMullen, Of Barnesville, Dies At Atlanta Hospital

Rev. John R. McMullen, 59 years old, pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Barnesville, Ga., died at a private hospital here yesterday afternoon.

He is survived by his wife and four daughters, Mrs. C. G. Howard, of Fort Paine, Ala.; Mrs. A. W. Rue, of Alton, Ill., and Miss Charlotte and Miss Margaret McMullen, of Vineville, Ga.

The body was removed to the chapel of Patterson & Son and later sent to Barnesville for funeral and interment.

BALMY SUNDAY ENJOYED BY PLEASURE SEEKERS

A balmy sun and cloudless skies contributed to make yesterday one of the pleasantest of the season. Taking advantage thereof were thousands of urban excursionists who strolled downtown or trellied to the outskirts.

In addition were streams of autoists who motored downtown, or to the suburban districts. Thousands visited Lakewood, where the recruit training depot of the Fifth regiment is stationed, and Fort McPherson, where the officers' training camp is located.

The throngs which came downtown and looked at the shop windows were unusually large. The day was balmy, but not hot. It was an ideal spring Sunday. The churches reported big congregations at both morning and night services, and despite the attractions of the military centers the parks drew liberal quotas of Sunday sightseers.

Munitions Plant Destroyed.

Copenhagen, May 20.—(Via London.) A dispatch received here from Vienna says the Pyrotechnic Institute of Hansel and Tektbaum, at which explosives were manufactured, has been destroyed by an explosion. Nine workmen were killed and a number of others seriously injured.

NEGROES TO DISCUSS WAR WAYS AND MEANS

Conference of Georgia Negroes in Macon Next Friday.

On May 25, in Macon, Ga., will take place a state-wide patriotic meeting and food conference, to which many prominent white and colored men of the state will be present. Governor Nat E. Harris has not only sanctioned and authorized the meeting, but himself will attend. Governor Harris sent a telegram to Professor R. R. Wright, of the Georgia State Industrial college, Savannah, indorsing the plans, and promises to help in any way he can in creating enthusiasm among the negroes of Georgia for the food conference.

The appeal of President Wilson to bravely espouse the country's cause in this "grim and terrible war for democracy and human rights," has touched none more thoroughly than the negro. Everywhere, since the declaration of war, enthusiastic loyalty of the negro has been evidenced, and the colored people seem willing and ready to take up arms whenever needed.

A few days ago the state council of defense unanimously indorsed this plan to hold the Macon meeting, the purpose of which is to discuss all questions relating to the part the negroes should take in the present struggle and urge upon them the importance of raising food products as a means of helping the country.

Professor Wright has been given authority to appoint delegates, and is urging the necessity for the conference and the importance of every public-spirited negro in the state attending.

In addressing a patriotic meeting recently in Savannah, President Wright said that he was "intensely interested that the colored people should do their bit to aid our beloved country on its entrance into the terrible war for democracy. It may be generally not known, but it is a fact that among the millions of allies today in the trenches in Europe, are more than a million from Africa, the West Indies and the United States. I am a director of the Colored American Society for the Relief of French War Orphans, which is trying to raise funds for the widows and orphans of 400,000 negroes with the French armies.

"The governor of the State of Georgia has called upon you to meet in the city of Macon on May 25 and show to the world what the negroes of Georgia propose to do to relieve this food situation.

"There will be present able men of both races to discuss all questions relating to the part the negro should take in the present struggle."

The call is signed by Professor R. R. Wright, president of the Georgia State Industrial college, Savannah; J. S. Flipper, bishop of A. M. E. church; Rev. H. H. Proctor, pastor First Congregational church, of Atlanta; Rev. C. T. Walker, moderator of the Walker Baptist convention of Augusta; Bishop R. S. Williams, of the C. M. E. church; J. X. Floyd, secretary of the National Colored Teachers' association; Rev. R. H. Singleton, pastor Bethel A. M. E. church, Atlanta; Professor W. A. Fountain, president of Morris Brown university, Atlanta; Professor W. E. Holmes, president of Central City college, Macon; Rev. W. G. Alexander, Walter S. Scott, and E. W. Sherman, all of Savannah.

Governor N. E. Harris will deliver the opening address. Other prominent speakers on the food question will be Bishop R. S. Williams, of Augusta; President H. G. Hastings, of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce; Dr. A. M. Soule, or his representative, president Georgia State College of Agriculture; Hon. J. J. Brown, commissioner of agriculture; President M. W. Reddick, of the State Baptist convention; Dr. H. H. Proctor, R. R. Wright, president of Georgia State college; President William E. Holmes, of the Central City college, Macon, Ga.

The Macon city council has granted the use of the city auditorium for the meeting. The Macon school board under Superintendent Bruce, has granted a holiday to all the colored schools, May 25 is to be observed as Negro Patriotic day.

BIG NEGRO CHURCH OPENS CELEBRATION OF GOLDEN JUBILEE

The golden jubilee exercises of the First Congregational church, colored, began yesterday morning with a sermon by Dr. H. H. Proctor, in which he showed that the next historic step for his race to take was that of religious education, which he defined as the drawing out of the religious faculty, the clarification of the spiritual vision and the enrichment of the personality with a sense of the divine presence. At night the chorus of the church gave a song service, at which Dr. Proctor continued the thought of the morning.

Tonight is women's night, when addresses will be made by Margaret James Washington, widow of the late Booker T. Washington; Willie Dixon Rush, head of the home for colored boys at Covington. At the close of the exercises the jubilee reception of the church will be held.

Admission to all the exercises of the week are free. White as well as colored people are invited.

UNDER-SEA SCENES WILL BE PRESENTED AT RIALTO THEATER

Portraying vividly and realistically a story of romantic love, of sunken treasure and man-eating sharks, presenting daring sub-sea dramatic scenes photographed 14 fathoms below the surface and introducing the almost unlimited possibilities of the submerged and inverted periscope, "The Submarine Eye" will be first revealed to the theatergoers of Atlanta today at the Rialto theater, opposite the Forsyth thetater, where it will have a week's run.

"The Submarine Eye" is a complete submarine motion-picture narrative. It is the first production made in its entirety by the Williamson brothers. It is the only submarine production authorized by the Williamson brothers as their property. They have produced some of the scenes for other pictures, but that was several years ago. No other photo-production contains the results of their remarkable, amazing under-water photographic inventions as they have been perfected to date.

The Rialto theater box-office has been besieged for several days with inquiries about the engagement of "The Submarine Eye." The indications point to large crowds for the opening performances today. Five shows will be given daily, starting at 1 p. m. and subsequently at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p. m. The general admission prices are 10, 15 and 25 cents. The loges only are reserved at 50 cents for each seat.

I KNOW THOUSANDS OF BOYS AND GIRLS WHO EAT POST TOASTIES EVERY MORNING — Bobby



RECRUITING STATIONS KEPT BUSY ON SUNDAY

Effect of Great Parade on Saturday Felt, Assert U. S. Officials.

Recruiting stations in Atlanta spent a busy day Sunday receiving applications for the various branches of the service. The officers in charge of recruiting here report that the past week has been one of the best in some time.

They all speak in complimentary terms of the parade here last Saturday and praise the men of the officers' training corps for the splendid showing they made. "It is almost unbelievable that men who have had such brief training could have made such a remarkable showing," said Lieutenant Jackson, of the Fifth regiment. "Their splendid appearance after so short a period of training is convincing proof that they are the best men the South could offer the nation."

Feel Effect of Parade.

Every recruiting station is feeling the effect of the patriotic demonstration which Atlanta staged Saturday. The Fifth regiment, in particular, has been crowded with applicants who stated that "the sight of the other boys in the parade, the raising of Old Glory and the bands playing 'The Star-Spangled Banner,' caused them to offer for enlistment."

The marine corps has had a particularly prosperous week, not only in number of applicants, but also in the class of men who are offering for service in this department. "I am delighted with the class of men who have enlisted this week," stated Lieutenant Colvocoresses. "They are older and more experienced than the average run and practically all of them have some professional training. This type of man makes the best soldier in every respect."

Of a large number of applications made Sunday at the Fifth regiment only three men were accepted. Slight physical defects caused many of them to be rejected.

Among the recruits who offered at the Fifth yesterday were six men from Covington, Ga., who offered for service in a body.

Here Is a Big Man.

Another unusual applicant was a man who measured six feet three inches in height and weighed over two hundred pounds. Lieutenant Jackson has wired for authority to accept him.

It is surprising to note the small number of Atlanta men who are enlisting in the Fifth regiment as compared with the number of men from small towns all over the state. "The Fifth is Atlanta's own regiment and has a strong claim on the services of Atlanta men," stated Lieutenant Jackson. "We want to make an appeal to the people of this city to give us better support in the way of enlistment."

The Fifth regiment authorities have recently received authority to advertise for enlistment and attractive window cards and hand bills have been printed and placed in conspicuous places about town.

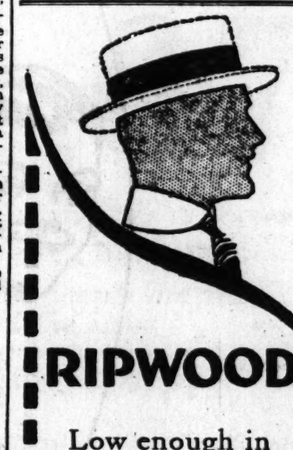
College Commencement.

Dahlonega, Ga., May 20.—(Special.) Commencement program of the North Georgia Agricultural college is as follows:

Sunday, June 3, commencement sermon by Dr. Henderson, of Commerce, Ga.; Monday, freshman and sophomore declamation contests, prize drill by "A" and "B" companies, annual meeting of board of trustees, annual commencement play; Tuesday, alumni address by Colonel W. T. Townsend, Cartersville, Ga.; champion debate between Phi Mu and Decora Literary societies; Wednesday, June 6, commencement exercises with address by Hon. M. L. Brittain, state superintendent of education, and delivery of diplomas by Chancellor Barrow, delivery of medals and saber.

Quitman Graduations.

Quitman, Ga., May 20.—(Special)—The Quitman high school graduating class breaks all records this year in having only one girl, with seven boys, when the proportion has usually been the other way. One member of the class will not be present, having been honorably excused. He is Brantley Baum, son of City Attorney Baum, and he left this morning to enter a military preparation school in the effort to get himself admitted to Annapolis Naval academy. He is the first alternate for an Annapolis appointment from this district. The commencement sermon for the high school will be preached today at the school auditorium by Rev. Guyton Fisher, of the Methodist church.



RIPWOOD

Low enough in front to be comfortable, high enough in back to be correct in style. "Ripwood" is *the* collar for warm days.

E&W EARL & WILSON

15 cent Collars

The best Style is your Style

BYRD PRINTING CO

CATALOGS and PAMPHLETS

LITTLE LOCALS ABOUT THINGS OF CITY INTEREST

The commencement exercises of the Holmes institute began Sunday with the annual address delivered to the students and friends, followed by an educational mass meeting by the colored citizens of Atlanta and representatives from the colored insurance companies and churches of the city. The opening address was made by Prof. B. R. Holmes, president, who said that the institute was closing one of its best years. The annual address was delivered by Rev. R. H. Singleton, D. D., pastor Bethel A. M. E. church, subject, "Gather Up the Fragments."

Professor Haynes, of Morehouse college, delivered one of the strongest addresses yet heard to the members of the colored department of the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon on "Moral Preparedness." The gist of his thought can best be summed up in that trinity of the poet, Tennyson: "Self-knowledge, self-reverence and self-control." Quite a number of the younger members of this department of the Y. M. C. A. have sent in their applications to join the training camp for colored officers that the government has established in Iowa.

Circle No. 10 of the Woman's Missionary and Benevolent society of the Second Baptist church will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Miss Sallie Eugenia Brown, 1100 Peachtree road. An interesting program has been arranged, the principal feature being a discussion of Red Cross association work.

At a special conference yesterday, the members of the South Side Baptist church agreed that they would set apart every night in the week, beginning tonight, and continuing for two weeks, as a night of prayer, in preparation for the revival services which begin at this church on June 3. The service each night will begin at 7:30 and will be held in the downstairs rooms of the church. Rev. Timothy F. Callaway, pastor of the Baptist tabernacle of Macon, will assist Pastor Hugh Wallace in the revival services.

Quitman Red Cross.

Quitman, Ga., May 20.—(Special.)—The Quitman Red Cross chapter now numbers 400 members. A very active extension committee has organized this week auxiliaries at Hickory Head, Mrs. W. B. Groover, chairman; Dixie, Miss Marie Bower, chairman; Morven, Rev. J. D. Smith, chairman; Barwick, with Mrs. G. W. Holloway chairman. Two first aid study classes have been organized here and will begin work as soon as charts and books arrive. This chapter, with Valdosta, is planning to employ a Red Cross nurse who will supervise the making of hospital supplies. Mr. C. T. Tillman has been elected chairman of the Quitman chapter; Mrs. Jeff Davis, vice chairman; Mrs. H. W. Stubbs, chairman of the board of directors and Mr. Stubbs treasurer; Mrs. Wilbur Oglesby, secretary. Mr. L. W. Branch and Mr. Royal Daniel have also been added to the executive board.

Recital at Jakin.

Jakin, Ga., May 20.—(Special)—At the final recital of the music class of the Jakin high school an entertaining program was perfectly rendered. Miss Mynelle Blue has ably taught the music and French classes for the past year and leaves to spend her vacation with her sister, Mrs. W. A. Albright, Druid Hills, Atlanta.

NINE TRAINING FIELDS FOR AMERICAN AVIATORS

Government Wants 3,500 Airplanes and 5,000 to 6,000 Airmen First Year of War.

Washington, May 20.—Formal announcement of the government's policy as to all types of aircraft except Zeppelins was made today by the counsel of national defense through Howard E. Coffin, member of the council's advisory commission, and head of the aircraft production board recently created.

The object aimed at for the first year, according to Mr. Coffin, is the production of a minimum of 3,500 training and battle airplanes, the education of from 5,000 to 6,000 aviators, and the doubling or more of the producing capacity during the second year.

"We have been in constant touch with the aircraft manufacturers for weeks," Mr. Coffin said today, "on quantity production of machines. The government authorities are already signing contracts for as many machines as our present appropriations permit."

Other plans include the establishment of nine aviation training fields, three of which already have been selected by the war department, and construction work on which will begin at once. Each will provide for two aero squadrons of 150 men each and have hangars and shop equipment for 72 machines. It will cost approximately $1,000,000 to equip each field. Six American colleges are to give cadet courses to classes of 600 student aviators each, making 3,600 men who will be under instructions in these preliminary courses by July 1.

The cadet course will take approximately four months, to be followed by six weeks or more of practical training.

Mr. Coffin declared the greatest problem was to produce battle craft, which means that suitable aeroplane engines for this purpose must be developed by American manufacturers. Up to this time, with few exceptions, the only machines which America has turned out for use abroad have been training types.

A five-pointed white star with a red center and set on a circular field of blue will designate all aircraft of the American navy under orders issued today by Secretary Daniels. Contractors have been directed to add the insignia to all aircraft under construction.

4 KILLED AND 11 HURT BY EXPLOSION IN PLANT

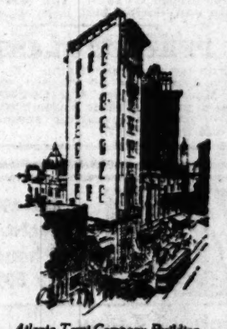
Youngstown, Ohio, May 20.—A mysterious explosion in the power plant of the Republic Iron and Steel company today brought instant death to four men and injuries to eleven others. Five of the latter were seriously hurt and it is believed one may die.

An investigation was begun on suspicion that the explosion may have been caused by war plotters, although company officials were inclined to scout the idea.

The explosion was in a turbo generator. Heavy machinery for yards about the generator was blown to pieces. The roof was blown off the building and many were burned in the clouds of steam that enveloped the place.

To Members of the Officers Reserve Corps and to All Others who Join the Army:

It gives the ATLANTA great pleasure to offer to the men called by war from home and from their places of business, the facilities of our trust department for the safekeeping of their securities.



Atlanta Trust Company Building
140 Peachtree Street

We shall be glad to hold securities of any description in our vaults, make collection of coupons, and remit or deposit the proceeds as directed. Wills also may be placed in sealed envelopes and filed in our vaults for safekeeping.

This service will be entirely without charge.

ATLANTA TRUST COMPANY



Best Set of Teeth That Money Can Buy $5.00

In selecting your dentist be sure you go to one of an established reputation. No experiments or experimenters here. Every dentist is skillful and experienced. No students or failures.

ONE PRICE TO ALL, RICH OR POOR.

Thousands of satisfied patients praise our fine work and one-price method.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TEN YEARS
OUR PRICES—NO MORE NO LESS

We do not charge one penny more than the prices we advertise.

Best Gold Crown $3.00 Bridge Work $3.00
Best Set of Teeth That Money Can Buy $5.00

Our Prices Always the Same.

One-Price Dental Office

104½ Whitehall St. Corner Mitchell.



Give Your Boy a Gruen Watch As A Graduation Gift

Gruen Veri-thin watches have the reputation of being the prettiest and best thin model watches made.

As a Gruen agency we carry an ideal assortment of watches and bracelet watches regularly in stock.

A Gruen watch is an ideal Graduation gift.

Call and inspect the many new and pretty models, or write for a copy of our twenty-second annual Watch and Jewelry catalogue.

Selections sent to reliable people anywhere; all express charges paid by us whether you purchase or not.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths

31 Whitehall Street Established 1887

CONFIDENCE Begets Business

Constitution readers believe in its columns—
News — Editorials — Advertising

ATLANTA TENT AND AWNING CO.

IF IT'S CANVAS WE MAKE IT

MEET MRS. BETTY WILSON, AT TAFT HALL, THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30 O'CLOCK

MONDAY'S MENU FOR FREE COOKING SCHOOL

"UNCLE SAM'S DAY"

"Every housewife who practices strict economy puts herself in the ranks of those who serve the nation."—President Wilson's Speech.

Punch a la America.

1. NUTS in the daily diet.
2. RICE and its widely varying uses.
3. CHEESE with demonstrations of its value and appetizing qualities for breakfast, luncheon, dinner and tea.

President Wilson's Inauguration Cake

This is Mrs. Wilson's latest triumph in decorative achievement. The cake will be a reproduction of the one made for the President on March 5 during Mrs. Wilson's Cooking School in New Orleans, La.

This cake was, of course, dedicated to President Wilson, but it has been re-dedicated to the WOMEN OF AMERICA, and is a plea to women everywhere from this gifted cook—a plea that housekeepers look into the responsibility and the privilege that is theirs these anxious days.

Mrs. Wilson says: "A nation is only as strong as her men—a man is only as fit as his body is healthy—food can make health or ruin it, and the women are responsible for the food question. Ours is a great and noble part—won't every housekeeper in the land join with me in the pledge that we will proudly stand by Uncle Sam, and do our share toward keeping our wonderful America 'The Land of the Free and the Home of the Brave?'"

SPECIAL NOTICE—For sanitary reasons Mrs. Wilson requests that every lady bring her spoon and butter plate in order to sample all dishes.

and various flat rate increases failed to find support of a majority.

Representative Moore, of Pennsylvania, announced in committee today that unless he was prevented by committee action tomorrow, he would propose a flat increase to 2 cents a pound on all second-class matter without regard to zones. This would double the present rate. A plan of increasing the present rate of 2 cents in the first three zones and to 4 cents in the remaining five zones also is being considered. Representatives Sloan, of Nebraska, and Rainey, of Illinois, are fathering new plans yet to be voted on.

Mrs. Betty Lyles Wilson Uses

"Wear-Ever"

Aluminum Utensils

in her home and demonstrations.

"Wear-Ever" utensils may be used for cooking rice or grits, for canning, preserving and jelly making—without stirring and without fear of burning.

Aluminum utensils are NOT "all the same"

Special Introductory Offer

Try **"Wear-Ever"** for yourself. Clip the coupon below, take it to your dealer and get a 6-qt. **"Wear-Ever"** General Utility Kettle and Six-Cup Muffin Pan; regular price $2.65. Clip the coupon—get your specials TODAY! See **"Wear-Ever"** display at Constitution Cooking School.

For Only $1.67

"Wear-Ever" Coupon

Any **"Wear-Ever"** dealer may accept this coupon and $1.67 in payment for one **"Wear-Ever"** six-quart Kettle, and one six-cup Muffin Pan; $1.19 and the coupon for the Kettle only; or 48c and the coupon for the Muffin Pan only, provided you present coupon in person at store on or before May 26, 1917, and write on the coupon your name, address and date of purchase.

Name.....

Address.....

City..... Date.....

THE ALUMINUM COOKING UTENSIL CO.

New Kensington Pennsylvania

If you write to Company, send $1.35 for Kettle, or 60c for Muffin Pan

RUMFORD

The Wholesome

BAKING POWDER

Used and Recommended by MRS. BETTY LYLE WILSON

The first essential of success in home-baking is to employ a leavener that is pure and dependable—one that raises evenly, and gives the bread and cake the right texture and appetizing appearance.

We have purchased a can of Rumford Baking Powder, and having made an analysis of same, are able to state that this baking powder is an article of great purity and we have no hesitancy in recommending it for the general use of the public.

Yours very truly,

N. P. PRATT LABORATORY, Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Betty Wilson USES

only the best materials in her work—products she can personally recommend. For that reason

FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST

meets her every requirement.

NO AGREEMENT REACHED ON WAR REVENUE BILL

Washington, May 20.—Hours of talk over the proposed second-class mail matter rate increase in the war revenue bill by the ways and means committee today resulted in nothing concrete being accomplished and the committee will meet again tomorrow morning in an effort to reach an agreement before the measure is called up in the house.

Discussion of the proposed tax on advertising, automobiles and musical instruments, set for today, was not reached and members became pessimistic as to the possibility of passing the bill by Tuesday night, as Democratic Leader Kitchin had hoped.

No party lines have appeared in the discussion of the second-class mail rate, but there is general dissatisfaction with every proposal offered thus far. The Moon zone rate system for a separate charge on reading matter and advertising is being opposed and the Johnson plan of basing the mail rate on the subscription price and circulation

They Want Convention.

Thomasville, Ga., May 20.—(Special.) A delegation from the Thomasville lodge of Odd Fellows, headed by Mayor M. M. Cooper, and accompanied by other representative citizens of Thomasville, will leave here Monday night for Atlanta with the intention of bringing the state convention of Odd Fellows to Thomasville in 1918. The last time the state convention met here was in 1909.

PERFECT GLASSES

For far and near vision. Do not fuss with two pairs of glasses when Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, will make you Kryptok Invisible Bifocals, with no age-revealing seam. 42 N. Broad St.—(adv.)

OMEGA FLOUR



For The

Good Health

Of the Home Circle

Every member of the family benefits by the Nutritious Value of Omega Flour.

The feathery light biscuits and cakes baked from it brings joy to the elders and delight to the little ones.

It's the flour that means health and happiness—that's the reason.

MRS. WILSON USES IT EXCLUSIVELY IN HER COOKING SCHOOLS

Ask this famous cook about the superior qualities of Omega Flour—she knows—and she's going to demonstrate it to your satisfaction all this week.

All leading grocers sell it.

C. P. OZBURN & CO.

Distributors for Atlanta and Adjacent Territory

L. & N. Terminal Building

Mrs. Wilson Always Finds It At

Kamper's

492-498 Peachtree Phone Ivy 5000

At the Cooking School Today

Mrs. Wilson Will Tell You

About Punch and other beverages and about cheese. In those listed here you will find well-known Kamper quality, and they are moderately priced.

SUMMER BEVERAGES

"Best" Brand Ginger Ale—
Pints . . . 10c; Doz . . . $1.20
Quarts . . 20c; Doz . . . $2.00

Also, "Best" Brand Root Beer, Lemon and Lime, and Sarsaparilla. Pure, delightful and cooling.

A refund of 20c per dozen for return of empty bottles.

"Best" Brand Grape Juice—
In bottles, each . . 10c, 20c, 35c

Hier's Champanale—a delicious ginger ale with Catawba grape juice added. Regularly 15c, 25c and 40c per bottle. This sale—
SPECIAL 10c, 15c 25c

Street's Famous Grape Fruit Juice; per bottle . 20c, 35c, 50c
Strawberry and Raspberry Syrup, bottle 50c
Genuine Lime Juice, per bottle . . . . . 25c and 75c
White Rock Ginger Ale, doz. $1.75
C. and C. Belfast Ginger Ale, doz. $2.50

KAMPER'S CHEESE

We carry the most complete variety of cheeses of all kinds you will find in the south.

We are agents for Kraft's famous cheese, of which there are 27 varieties, priced from 10c and 15c a package, up.

There are Kraft's "Tasty," "Deviled" and "Chili" Cheese, each 10c
Phila. Cream Cheese 5c
Neufchatel Cheese 12½c
Kraft Cheese . . . . . 25c and 40c
Finest Grade Domestic Swiss Cheese, lb. 60c
Pineapple Cheese, each 40c, 65c, 85c
Edam Cheese . . $1.50 and $2.00
Club Cheese 10c, 15c, 25c
Pimiento Cheese 15c
New York Full Cream Cheese, White, lb. 35c
And Many Other Varieties.

KAMPER'S GARDEN TEA

This is a fine grade of tea for all purposes and especially for ICED TEA, or Tea Punches. In One-Pound Canisters, each 75c

Mrs. Betty Wilson is Going to Demonstrate Many "War" Dishes at The Constitution's FREE COOKING SCHOOL. She is going to talk practical, sensible kitchen economy, giving valuable suggestions on how to prepare "left-over" dishes, and the like.
Every woman in Atlanta should hear her. She will be at Taft Hall every afternoon this week.

Every Session of the Cooking School Will Be An Interesting One

REPORT ON OGLETHORPE BEFORE PRESBYTERIANS

Ad Interim Committee Makes Statement to Southern Assembly Today.

Birmingham, Ala., May 20.—Except that a large number of Birmingham Protestant pulpits were filled by visiting Presbyterian ministers, in attendance at the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States here, today was one of quiet for that body. Tomorrow's sessions will be marked by important action, it is expected. A special order of business of importance to be considered, one upon which the interest of the entire church is centered, is the report of the ad interim committee on Oglethorpe university.

The department of Christian education of the assembly, under direction of the Rev. Henry H. Sweets, has under way a movement to secure the endowment of a chair in every college of the assembly for the teaching of the Bible, marking the quadri-centennial of the reformation, which falls on this year.

The amount sought for this purpose, it is stated, will be from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000.

The assembly will be reminded that in the state institutions of learning in the south one student in every seven is from a Presbyterian home and the educational department of the church is making special effort to keep in close touch with these students by pastoral oversight. An item of interest in the report of the permanent committee on Bible cause of the American Bible society, was the distribution among the soldiers in Europe of about 750,000 copies of the Scriptures, chiefly New Testaments, and among the soldiers that were mobilized on the Mexican border, about 100,000 copies.

The budget of expenditures and appropriations of the society for the present year has been estimated at $643,398. In conclusion, the report recommends that the general assembly approve the plan of the society for increasing its endowment by $5,000,000 and its annual increase from the churches to at least $250,000.

The report of Mrs. W. C. Winsborough, superintendent of the woman's auxiliary of the church for the past year, shows marked progress in every department. The membership has grown from 60,474 in 1912 to 70,444 in 1916, while contributions by the women's societies have jumped from $383,726 in 1912 to $439,973 in 1916.

"Receipts or Recipes —Which Is Correct?"

That's a question frequently asked at Cooking School.

Some say one thing and some another, but the kind the Bank is most familiar with is RECEIPTS.

When you pay a bill by check you have the best kind of receipt for the money. You don't have the unpleasant experience of paying twice when you pay by check.

More women, housekeepers as well as other business women, have bank accounts today than ever before.

And more of them are in the Fourth National Bank than ever before.

We shall welcome you.

Fourth National Bank
Atlanta

These Boys Have Volunteered



In the Army—Willie J. Young, Broxton; William S. Burton, Canton; Thomas H. R. Davis, Augusta; Willie C. Crapps, Dickie; John H. Cook, Hull; LeRoy Scarboro, Faceville; Paul Collins, Hull; Gregory S. Young, Faceville; Edgar E. Dillard, Hull; Thomas L. Kelly, Hephzibah; Albert Traylor, Newell, Ala.; John Smith, Carrollton; Edd G. Clements, Douglas; Guyton M. Odum, Sylvester; Richard I. Norman, Crossland; Morgan Quinn, Jr., Baxley; William S. Brewer, Lakeland, Fla.; Andrew J. Dixon, Brentwood.

In the Navy—T. W. Malloy, Columbus; J. Wheeler, Titusville, Fla.; R. H. Lawhon, Titusville, Fla.; J. N. Kight, Titusville, Fla.; T. E. Owens, Tampa, Fla.; L. M. Coody, Port St. Joe, Fla.; F. Jackson, Ft. Pierce, Fla.; B. A. Hicks, Ft. Pierce, Fla.; G. C. Ward, Port St. Joe, Fla.; B. E. Murray, Americus; L. H. Peters, Jacksonville, Fla.; J. E. Hale, Jacksonville, Fla.; H. S. Bonnen, Jacksonville, Fla.; G. Levander, Tampa, Fla.; J. R. Roberts, Atlanta; W. H. Dayton, Atlanta.

Fifth Regiment—Arthur Stewart, Atlanta; Winnifred W. Wyles, Covington; George H. Clemon, Covington.

AMERICANS URGED BY SENATOR KERN TO SUPPORT WILSON

John W. Kern, of Indiana, former United States senator, spent several hours in Atlanta yesterday en route to Gainesville, where he delivered an address last night.

Senator Kern is touring the south delivering addresses for the Lincoln chautauqua, filling the engagements left vacant by Vice President Marshall. He held a conference with President Wilson before his departure, and is the bearer of a special message from the president to the people of the south.

"The president sends his greetings to the people of the south with absolute confidence in its support and patriotism," he stated. "He begs that the south and the entire nation, as well, wake up to the seriousnes of our position as a belligerent in the present war. Your splendid patriotic parade here yesterday, of which I have heard a great deal, proves to me that his confidence is not misplaced."

He stated that in his addresses he has stressed the fact that it is the duty of every true American to stand squarely behind the president in the present national crisis, regardless of his beliefs and convictions.

"The time is come when every man in the United States is either a patriot or a 'slacker,'" he said; "there is no half-way ground. Whether we approve of our administration or not, is only a minor question. In this national crisis we must, as a nation, avoid internal dissension and present an unbroken front to our enemies."

While here Senator Kern called on Senator Ben Tillman, of South Carolina, who, on account of ill health, is at a private hospital.

At dinner he was the guest of Alonzo E. Wilson, president of the Lincoln chautauqua, who is stopping at the Majestic hotel. Other guests were: Dr. Lincoln McConnell, Charles R. Jones, of Chicago; J. N. Sparling, of St. Louis; C. E. Heflin, of New York, and the members of the chautauqua staff.

Senator Kern will be in the south about a month longer. He states that he is having a splendid tour and finds conditions here very much to his liking.

Board Elects Teachers.

Thomasville, Ga., May 20.—(Special.) The board of education of Boston has elected its teachers for the next term, with J. R. Ward as superintendent; A. Z. Rutherford, principal, and Miss Villard, assistant to superintendent and principal. The teachers elected are Miss Georgia McKay, sixth grade; Miss Blanche Johnson, fifth grade; Miss Terra Monroe, fourth grade; Mrs. J. R. Ward, third grade; Miss Laura Ivey, second grade; Miss Florence Cross, first grade; Miss Ruby Folsom, music teacher. Professor W. E. Nichols, who was superintendent for sixteen years, resigned some time ago on account of ill health.

School Boosts Gardens.

Quitman, Ga., May 20.—(Special)—Pupils of the Quitman school have planted enough food this week in rows to make one row over six miles. Their garden activity is due to an announcement by the school board that 20 points would be given on any study chosen if they would cultivate each 240 feet of foodstuff suitable for human consumption. The negro school here also has a flourishing garden and a fat pig which the pupils bought by subscription are feeding for market next fall.



Buy clothes for quality

YOU can be economical in buying clothes in only one way—that way is to get quality and price instead of low price alone.

These two, quality and price, go hand in hand in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes; at the lowest price possible to get guaranteed quality, fine tailoring and all-wool fabrics.

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Try this out, once.

Suits $15, $18, $20, $22½, $25 to $40.

The bathing season has opened

Piedmont Lake beckons you every day. Bathing suits of one or two-piece styles in solid colors and stripes, $1, $1½ to $6.

See the new Tokio crepe ties

Some Jap Neckwear in striking colors, 50c.

Some new shirts that will win your approval; patterns that appeal to your good taste; cotton and silk, $1, $1½ to $10.

Cool underwear now comes into its own; every good kind is here in union suits or two-piece. 50c, $1, $1½ to $3.

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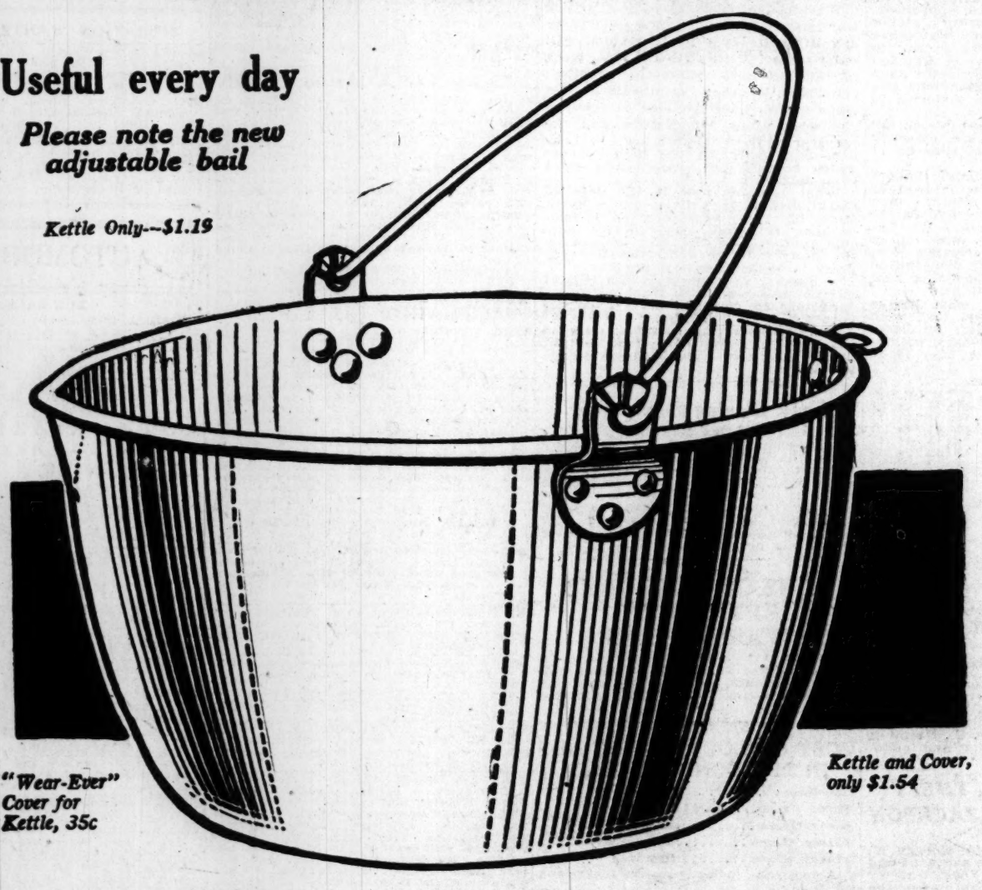
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Aluminum Six-quart GENERAL UTILITY Kettle for Cooking Rice or Grits, for Pot-roasting, Preserving, Stewing, etc., and Six-cup Muffin Pan, which regularly cost $2.65

Useful every day

Please note the new adjustable bail

Kettle Only—$1.19



"Wear-Ever" Cover for Kettle, 35c

Kettle and Cover, only $1.54

Both for ONLY

$1.67

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Aluminum utensils are NOT "all the same"

Join the nation-wide movement to raise more foods and conserve the supply.

Begin now to put up fruits and vegetables for the days to come.

In the long run the **"Wear-Ever"** Kettle will save you money and food because of its wonderful durability and because it does not burn foods.

Stores located anywhere this paper circulates may honor **"Wear-Ever"** coupons. Look for **"Wear-Ever"** display in your dealer's window.

This special offer is limited! Get your specials TODAY!

Muffin Pan Only—48c



"Wear-Ever" Coupon

Any store that sells "Wear-Ever" Aluminum Ware, may accept this coupon and $1.67 for one "Wear-Ever" six-quart Kettle and one six-cup Muffin Pan; $1.19 and the coupon for the six-quart Kettle only, or 48c and the coupon for Muffin Pan only, provided you present the coupon in person at store on or before May 26, 1917, writing thereon your name, address and date of purchase.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... Date .....

THE ALUMINUM COOKING UTENSIL CO.
New Kensington Pennsylvania
If you write to Company, send $1.35 for Kettle, or 35c for Muffin Pan
Dept. A. C. 321

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Lumpkin	G. W. Pugh.
McDonough	B. B. Carmichael & Sons Company.
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Manchester	Mutual Hdw. Co.
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Millen	Millen Furniture Co.
Monroe	Monroe Hdw. Co.
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Also see Chattanooga, Tenn., "Times" and Columbia, S. C., "State" for "WEAR-EVER" dealers' names.

Crackers Take Measure of Volunteers in First Game

Crackers Begin New Week By Defeating Nashville's Pennant Holders, 10 to 7

Ellam's Crowd Put Forth Three Hurlers, But Atlanta Demonstrated How to Win With Big Tom Sheehan and Otto Hess.

Nashville, Tenn., May 20.—(Special.) In a game punctuated with hard clubbing, weird fielding and faulty pitching, the Cracker clan this afternoon took the opening affair from the Vols, returning from a disastrous road tour, by a score of 10 to 7. Five pitchers figured in the game, the Vols using three and the Crackers two. Otto Hess, who started for the Crackers and was staked to a nine-run lead, was yanked in the eighth when the Vols fell upon his portside offerings for four runs. Tom Sheehan succeeded him and stopped the rally.

Decatur started for Nashville, but was removed in the fifth for a pinch hitter. Taylor took up the pitching burden, wild heaved two additional runs into the Cracker box and gave way to another pinch hitter. Wells finished the game.

Otto Hess, despite the fact that he was driven to cover, virtually won his own game in the fifth when he lifted the ball over the right field fence, sending two of his mates home ahead of him. Pete Knisely tore off a circuit wallop in behalf of the Vols in the sixth stanza, with a runner on base, the ball bounding into the negro bleachers through a hole in the wire fence.

Weird Work Shown.

Although the official scorer tacked but two miscues to the Vols and one to the Crackers, all manner of weird work marked the game. Errors of omission and commission were thicker than hops. Still the mace work of the Crackers against the fast ball of Art Decatur would have doubtless harvested the game, even had the backing of the Vols been faultless.

Munch's roller which went through Kores, Perkins' Texas leaguer and Hess' single to left which Knisely lost, gave the Crackers their first counter. In the third an infield hit to short by Moran, a pass to McDonald, Mayer's triple and a Texas leaguer by Perkins gave the Crackers three counters.

The Crackers salted the affair away in the sixth. With one out, Bridwell was safe when Ellam failed to handle his tap. Mayer repeated the trick to short, but Munch forced Sammy. Cy Perkins scored Bridwell with his third hit and Hess slammed the ball over the fence, fair by a few inches.

Crackers Given Two.

The last two runs were practical gifts for the Crackers, although Moran ran the bases in stupid style. With one out Roy doubled to left on Wiley Taylor. McDonald pumped a single to right, but Roy leisurely trotted to third and stopped to chatter with Red Day, while Baker lobbed the ball home and Tex scooted to second. Bridwell forced Moran at the plate on a slap to Kores. Al started to steal second, Taylor threw the ball to center field and O'Brien's toss to third rolled into the Crackers' dugout. The hassocks were cleaned.

Singles by Stark, Knisely and O'Brien gave the Vols a run in the fourth. Knisely's homer with Kauffman on first added two in the sixth. In the seventh Hess was knocked out. Baker doubled as a starter here and Stark beat out a bunt. Kauffman bounced a single off Picinich's knee cap. Reilly's error and Street's single, coupled with O'Brien's sacrifice fly, ran the total to four runs.

The Box Score.

NASHVILLE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Baker, rf	5	1	1	2	1	0
Stark, 2b	5	2	2	1	3	0
Kauffman, 1b	4	2	2	7	1	0
Knisely, lf	5	2	2	3	1	0
O'Brien, cf	4	0	2	0	0	0
Kores, 3b	5	0	1	1	2	1
Ellam, ss	3	0	1	5	2	0
Street, c	4	0	3	6	1	0
Decatur, p	1	0	0	1	0	0
Taylor, p	1	0	0	1	0	1
Wells, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
xEllis	1	0	0	0	0	0
xxMarshall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	39	7	14	27	12	2

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Picinich, 2b	5	0	1	4	1	0
Reilly, ss	4	0	0	0	4	1
Moran, lf	4	1	3	1	0	0
McDonald, rf	4	2	1	3	0	0
Bridwell, 3b	5	2	1	0	5	0
Mayer, cf	5	1	3	1	0	0
Munch, 1b	5	2	3	13	2	0
Perkins, c	5	1	4	4	2	0
Hess, p	4	1	2	1	1	0
Sheehan, p	1	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	42	10	19	27	15	1

xBatted for Decatur in 5th.
xxBatted for Taylor in 7th.

Score by innings:		R.
Nashville	000 102 400—	7
Atlanta	013 042 000—	10

Batteries: Wells, Taylor, Decatur and Street; Sheehan, Hess and Perkins.

Summary: Sacrifice hits, O'Brien, Moran; stolen bases, Reilly, Moran, McDonald, Bridwell; two-base hits, Baker, O'Brien, Kores, Moran; three-base hit, Mayer; home runs, Hess, Knisely; earned runs, off Decatur, 8 in 5 innings, off Hess, 6 in 6 2-3 innings, 2 on base when relieved by Sheehan; bases on balls, off Decatur 2, off Wells 1, off Hess 2; struck out, by Decatur 2, by Wells 2, by Hess 3, by Sheehan 1; innings pitched, by Decatur 5 with 13 hits and 8 runs, by Taylor 2 with 3 hits and 2 runs, by Hess 6 2-3 with 12 hits and 7 runs; left on bases, Nashville 7, Atlanta 7; first on errors, Nashville 1; double plays, Munch to Picinich; time, 2 hours; umpires, Moran and Chestnutt.

Chicks Defeat Pelicans.

Memphis, Tenn., May 20—Memphis drove Kelly from the box in the third inning today after hammering him for five hits, including two triples, and won the opening game of the series from New Orleans, 2 to 1. Beall's single, followed by Cruthers' three-base hit, gave Memphis the lead in the second inning. New Orleans tied the score in the third on singles by Higgins and Kelly and Josefson's error, Higgins scoring, and Memphis won in the sixth on Vick's three-base hit and Beall's sacrifice fly. Fentress and Kroh pitched steady ball, the former being especially effective with men on base.

The Box Score.

N. O.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a	MEM.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a
Gilbert, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	Josefson, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Knaupp, 2b.	3	0	1	2	5	Dobard, ss.	4	0	3	4	4
Baker, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1	Manda, 3b.	4	0	2	0	3
Edm'dson, rf.	4	0	2	0	0	Bratchi, cf.	3	0	0	1	2
Barbare, ss.	3	0	0	1	3	Vick, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Bittle, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	Beall, 1b.	3	1	1	12	0
Bluhm, 1b.	3	0	0	9	1	Crutchers, 2b.	2	0	1	4	3
Higgins, c.	3	1	2	7	3	Ruel, c.	3	0	0	5	4
Kelly, p.	1	0	1	0	1	Fentress, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Kroh, p.	1	0	0	1	1						
Totals	29	1	6	24	15	Totals	30	2	8	27	18

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
New Orleans	001 000 000—	1	6	1
Memphis	010 001 00x—	2	8	3

Summary—Errors, Bittle, Josefson, Cruthers, Ruel; three-base hits, Dobard, Cruthers, Vick, Edmondson, Knaupp; sacrifice hit, Beall; stolen bases, Gilbert, Bratchi; innings pitched, by Kelly 2 1-3, with 1 run and 5 hits; left on bases, Memphis 7, New Orleans 3; bases on balls, off Fentress 1, off Kroh 1; struck out, by Fentress 3, by Kroh 6; hit by pitcher, by Kroh (Cruthers), by Fentress (Kroh). Time, 1:40. Umpires, Morgan and Breitenstein.

Lookouts Beat Gulls.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 20.—Merritt held Mobile to four hits today while the Lookouts found little difficulty in solving the delivery of Wiley and defeated the Gulls, 4 to 1. Mobile's only run was forced in when after Hager and Reed had singled and Griffith had walked, Merritt issued another base on balls to Meyers. Graff's drive went for a home run when the Mobile outfielders lost the ball under the fence.

The Box Score.

MOBILE.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a	CHAT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a
Golvin, 1b.	4	0	0	12	0	Pitler, 2b.	4	1	2	0	6
Haver, lf.	4	1	1	2	0	Sylv'ster, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Burke, 2b.	4	0	0	1	3	Jansen, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Reed, ss.	4	0	2	4	2	Hyatt, rf.	3	0	2	1	1
Griffith, 3b.	3	0	1	0	4	Graff, 3b.	4	1	1	1	1
Meyers, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	Sheehan, 1b.	3	0	0	14	0
Allen, rf.	3	0	0	2	0	Elberfeld, ss.	2	0	1	1	1
Kitchens, c.	3	0	0	2	2	Peters, c.	3	0	0	4	0
Wiley, p.	3	0	0	0	2	Merritt, p.	3	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	1	4	24	13	Totals	30	4	9	27	9

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Mobile	000 100 000—	1	4	1
Chattanooga	100 001 11x—	4	9	0

Summary—Error, Golvin; two-base hits, Reed, Jansen; home run, Graff; stolen base, Hyatt; sacrifice fly, Hyatt; double plays, Reed to Golvin, Hyatt to Sheehan; left on bases, Mobile 4, Chattanooga 4; first base on errors, Chattanooga 1; bases on balls, off Merritt 2; earned runs, off Wiley 3, off Merritt 1; hit by pitcher, by Wiley (Elberfeld); struck out, by Wiley 2, by Merritt 4. Time, 1:40. Umpires, O'Toole and Hart.

Birmingham and Littel Rock.
No game scheduled.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Southern League.
Atlanta in Nashv'e. Birmin'm in Little Rock.
Mobile in Chat'a. New Or's in Memphis.

South Atlantic League.
Columbus in Columbia. Jackso'e in Augusta.
Macon in Charleston.

National League.
Pittsburg in N. Y. Cincinnati in Boston.
Chicago in Philadel'a. St. L. in Brooklyn.

American League.
Washington in St. L. Philadel'a in Clev'd.
New York in Detroit. Boston in Chicago.



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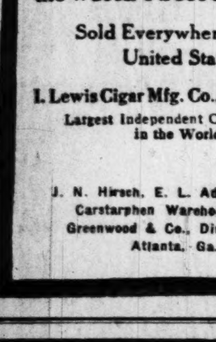
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GOLF STYMIES ARE ABOLISHED BY RULE

Revolutionary Rule Was Promulgated by Western Golf Association and Will Be Used at Midlothian Club Tournament.

Chicago, May 20.—Stymies in golf play are abolished by a revolutionary rule promulgated by the Western Golf association today for play in the western amateur championship, to be held at the Midlothian Country club, Chicago, July 9 to 14. The new rule, which does away, so far as three-fourths of the United States and all Canada are concerned, with one of the most discussed penalties of golf, also eliminates to a large extent the bother of lifting balls on the putting greens in medal play.

The new rule upsets one of the cardinal rules of the ancient Scottish game by providing that the ball nearest the hole shall be played first when both balls are on the putting green.

The new rule was promulgated by President Charles F. Thompson and the directors of the Western Golf association unanimously without consulting other golf bodies and what action if any the United States Golf association will take in regard to stymies is not known to officers of the Western association, which includes 243 clubs.

MACON AND COLUMBUS DROPPED BY "SALLY"

Action Taken Because of Unsettled Conditions—Neither Town Supporting Game.

Savannah, Ga., May 20.—The Macon and Columbus teams of the South Atlantic league were dropped from the circuit at a meeting of the directors held here today. This action was taken, it is said, on account of the unsettled conditions now confronting baseball on account of the war and because in neither town had the games been drawing a patronage that would warrant their continuing the season. Thus the league is now a four-club circuit, the change being effective tomorrow, and as a result a new schedule is being drafted by Mike Finn at the request of the directors.

The directors also decided to split the season into two sections, the first half to close on or about June 13. The directors will allow the teams at the bottom of the league to have first choice in selecting players from the Macon and Columbus clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago's "Streak" Broken.

Chicago, May 20.—Carl Mays checked Chicago's winning streak today when Boston defeated the locals, 2 to 1. Scott was unable to hold the world's champions, who scored one run in the first inning on Barry's single and Hoblitzel's triple, and then added the winning run in the next inning on E. Scott's triple and a single by Mays. Manager Barry and Risberg collided in the first inning and it was said that Barry's knee was badly hurt.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Boston	110 000 000—	2	6	0
Chicago	001 000 000—	1	8	1

Batteries—Mays and Thomas, Agnew; Scott, Benz and Schalk.

St. Louis Wins, 4 to 3.

St. Louis, May 20.—Groom held Washington to six hits while his teammates bunched six of their ten safeties off Gallia in the fourth and fifth innings today, St. Louis winning, 4 to 3.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Washington	002 001 000—	3	6	2
St. Louis	000 220 00x—	4	10	0

Batteries—Gallia and Henry; Groom and Severeid.

Detroit Downs New York.

Detroit, Mich., May 20.—Detroit defeated New York, 1 to 0, today, scoring the winning run in the eighth inning when Spencer was hit by a pitched ball and Boland doubled. With one out in the fourth and two men on bases Cobb caught Baker's fly and threw out Maisel at the plate.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
New York	000 000 000—	0	5	1
Detroit	000 000 01x—	1	4	2

Batteries—Russell and Walters; Boland and Spencer.

Cleveland Takes Two.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 20.—Cleveland won a double-header today from Philadelphia, 3 to 1 and 5 to 2. Gould held Philadelphia to one hit, Bates' triple in the first, that hit driving in Philadelphia's only run. Cleveland won by bunting.

Bush was hit hard in the same game, while Bagby would have scored a shutout had it not been for Speaker's error with two out in the ninth.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	100 000 000—	1	1	1
Cleveland	000 200 01x—	3	9	0

Batteries—Schauer and Schang; Gould and O'Neill.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	000 000 002—	2	5	2
Cleveland	001 100 30x—	5	10	1

Batteries—Bush, Myers and Meyer, Schang; Bagby and Billings.

OTHER RESULTS

International League.
Montreal, 1-2; Richmond, 6-1.

American Association.
Indianapolis-Kansas City, rain.
Minneapolis, 4; Columbus, 0.
St. Paul, 3; Louisville, 2.
Milwaukee, 5; Toledo, 0.

Texas League.
Fort Worth 3-7; Dallas 1-0.
Shreveport 4-5; Waco 6-4.
Houston 1; San Antonio 0.

STANDING OF CLUBS

Southern League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
New Orl's.	24	13	.649
ATLANTA	25	14	.641
Birming'm	20	17	.541
Chattan'a.	20	17	.541
Memphis.	18	20	.474
Little Rock	16	19	.457
Nashville.	16	23	.410
Mobile	10	28	.263

South Atlantic League

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Charleston.	21	5	.808
Jacksonv'e.	16	10	.615
Columbia.	15	11	.577
Augusta	10	16	.385
Columbus	8	16	.333
Macon	7	17	.280

National League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	22	11	.667
New York.	15	8	.652
Philadel'a.	16	9	.640
St. Louis.	14	13	.519
Cincinnati.	13	19	.406
Boston	9	14	.391
Brooklyn.	9	14	.391
Pittsburg.	10	20	.333

American League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York.	18	9	.667
Chicago	22	13	.629
Boston	18	12	.600
Cleveland.	18	16	.529
St. Louis.	15	18	.455
Washing'n.	13	17	.433
Detroit.	11	18	.378
Philadel'a.	8	21	.276

Ga.-Ala. League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Anniston	11	4	.733
Griffin	7	7	.500
Tri-Cities	8	8	.500
Rome-Lin'e.	7	8	.467
Talladega	6	9	.400
LaGrange	5	9	.357

Dixie League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Dothan	14	3	.824
Moultrie	13	3	.813
Eufaula	8	9	.470
Bainbridge.	7	10	.412
Quitman	5	11	.312
Tifton	4	13	.235

BIG SHOOT STARTS TODAY.

The Georgia State Shoot, to be held under the auspices of the Gate City club, on the range of the latter, today, Tuesday and Wednesday, will officially get under way this afternoon at 1 o'clock, when those who are to participate will qualify in practice.

For the qualifying shoot there are to be five events, 20 birds to the man, an entrance fee of $2.50 being charged.

The second day's events will number 10, and the last day's 10.

The shoot is a registered state tournament, and is under the supervision of the Interstate association. Many trophies and cash prizes are to be awarded the winners.

Among those who will be in attendance are some of the most expert shots in the country, and practically all of the best marksmen of this section of the south.

After today, shooting will start at 9 o'clock in the morning, and lunches will be served on the grounds, which are to the left of Brookwood bridge, on the Peachtree to Brookwood car line.

Headquarters for the entrants will be at the Ansley hotel.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

No Sunday games scheduled.

GA.-ALA. LEAGUE

No Sunday games scheduled.

SOUTH ATLANTIC

No Sunday games scheduled.

DIXIE LEAGUE

No Sunday games scheduled.

CHICAGO AND BOSTON LEAD MAJOR LEAGUES

Cubs Had Registered Ten Straight Victories When Pat Moran's Phillies Bumped Them.

New York, May 20.—First place in the major baseball leagues was a hard position to hold last week. Chicago, coming out of the west, climbed over the eastern clubs to first place in the National, and although Boston lost the lead in the American on Saturday, the champions regained it today by defeating Chicago, 2 to 1, while New York, leaders for a day, were losing to Detroit.

Chicago run up a string of straight victories when it encountered Philadelphia on Friday. Pat Moran's men, who made the best record of the week in the National, stopped Mitchell's club and defeated it Friday and Saturday.

New York slowed up during the week and lost first place to Chicago on Tuesday. St. Louis, on Monday and Tuesday, defeated the Giants. McGraw's men are hitting well, but their fielding has been rather loose, and only Schupp, of the pitchers, appears to be in winning form.

Brookly nwas able to break its losing streak at the expense of St. Louis and Cincinnati, and move up in the race by winning four out of five games.

New York and Chicago set the pace in the American organization, while Boston met with stubborn opposition. The Yankees, who had run up a string of five victories, went into first place Saturday, when they played Detroit to an eleven-inning tie, while Chicago was besting Boston. Rowland's men also went ahead of the champions and brought their string of victories to eight.

Chicago won seven games during the week and set up a weekly scoring mark for the year by making 44 runs on 71 hits.

Losing to Detroit on Sunday, Boston went to Cleveland, where it divided four games with the Indians. Barry's men lost the contests on Friday and Saturday to the fast-going White Sox. Detroit played in three extra-inning games during the week, defeating Boston Sunday in 12 innings, Washington Monday in 14 innings, and tieing New York Saturday in 11 innings.

The week's record in each league of games played, won and lost, with runs, hits, errors, men left on bases and runs scored by opponents, including the games of Saturday, May 19, is as follows:

National League.

Clubs.	P.	W.	L.	R.	H.	E.	LB.	OR.
Chicago	6	4	2	29	52	12	42	10
New York	5	2	3	27	48	13	23	16
Philadelphia	6	5	1	31	66	11	49	27
St. Louis ... 5	2	2	3	12	29	5	28	25
Cincinnati	5	2	3	20	43	13	28	27
Brooklyn	5	4	1	31	46	3	36	17
Boston	6	1	5	8	30	11	37	29
Pittsburg	6	2	4	28	58	13	38	35

American League.

Clubs.	P.	W.	L.	R.	H.	E.	LB.	OR.
*New York ...	7	5	1	41	72	14	59	24
Chicago	7	7	0	44	71	6	41	8
Boston	7	2	5	23	55	11	55	38
Cleveland	6	3	3	25	51	18	48	23
Washington ..	7	5	2	39	72	8	57	21
St. Louis	7	1	6	27	70	21	47	43
*Detroit	7	2	4	25	70	17	66	39
Philadelphia .	6	1	5	10	33	11	32	38

*Tie game Saturday, May 19.

Les Darcy's Condition.

Memphis, Tenn., May 20.—Physicians attending Les Darcy, Australian pugilist, who is ill at a hospital here, tonight reported his condition slightly improved, but still critical. Darcy is suffering from pneumonia and endocarditis.

$83,000 JEWELRY THEFT CHARGED TO JACKSON

Brockville, Ont., May 20.—George W. Jackson, formerly a police sergeant and a theatrical man of New York, who for four years has lived here under the name of George Munro, was arrested today and is being held for the New York authorities on a charge of grand larceny involving the disappearance there in 1912 of jewelry valued at $83,000.

Suspicion of immigration officials led to his apprehension. He was a baseball umpire and manager of this city's team and recently had been associated with others in exploiting Canadian war pictures. His reason for coming to Brockville, the police say he told them, was to avoid becoming a witness in the case of Lieut. Charles Becker, of New York, who was executed for instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal. Jackson is said to have boasted that he was in possession of evidence which would have been "very damaging" to Becker.

Samuel W. Earle Dead.

Mobile, Ala., May 20.—Samuel W. Earle, aged 58, president of the Northern Bank Note company, Chicago, died tonight in a local infirmary. He had been visiting at Citronelle, near here. His wife and son, S. Edwin Earle, were with him. A twin brother, Fred E. Earle, resides in Chicago. The body was sent to Chicago tonight.

EDITED BY LESLIE RAWLINGS

AMUSEMENTS

Loew Vaudeville.
(At the Grand.)

What promises to be the most massive amusement bill in the history of Atlanta theatricals will be presented at the Grand theater Monday and Tuesday of this week, when Long Tack Sam and company of Chinese wonder-workers headline the vaudeville program, with "20,000 Leagues Under the Sea," the visualization of the Jules Verne masterpiece as the film offerings. In addition the Grand will present Faulkner, Woodrow Wilson's double; Brown and Kennedy, black-face skitsmiths; O'Neil and Gallagher, "the misfit couple," and the Three Ruby Girls, beautiful instrumentalists and singers.

Clara Kimball Young.
(At the Criterion.)

"The Easiest Way," a Selznick picture of the Belasco production of Eugene Walter's masterful American drama, will open a week's run today at the Criterion theater with the celebrated and universally popular Clara Kimball Young in the role of the woman who could not fight her way alone. Atlanta theater-goers know the story of "The Easiest Way." They will remember the pronounced hit the stage version of the play scored. The Selznick Pictures Enterprises out-bid all competitors for the rights to put it on the screen and when it came to the selection of the star there was only one considered—Miss Young. "The Easiest Way" is the second of the Criterion advanced productions booked to play an entire week. Theater-goers who remember Miss Young's remarkable run in "The Common Law," will flock to see her in "The Easiest Way."

Mme. Olga Petrova.
(At the Strand.)

An eleventh-hour change in the program of the Strand theater for the week brings today for a two-day run Mme. Olga Petrova in her latest triumph, "The Soul of a Magdalen," and the second of the O. Henry stories, "Past One at Rooney's." Helouise Broulette is the type of screen heroine that Mme. Petrova plays with rare skill. Because Helouise was false to herself in accepting the bounty of Leland Norton for the purpose of aiding those she loved, her sacrifice was of no avail, breaking the heart of her mother and failing to save the life of her invalid brother.

Pauline Frederick.
(At Alamo 2.)

Atlanta photoplay-goers and theater-goers generally will revel today and tomorrow in the opportunity to see that eminent artist, Pauline Frederick, in her latest Daniel Frohman production, "Her Better Self." Pauline Frederick flirting, Pauline Frederick intriguing, plotting, smiling, weeping or storming up and down a room are familiar Frederickisms, but Pauline Frederick, who is charmingly naive, who sacrifices all and stoops to pitifully transparent wiles to gain the man she loves—that's a new combination of Frederickisms which she essays in "Her Better Self."

Lillian Gish in New Play.
(At the Vaudette.)

Lillian Gish's return to the Vaudette theater as the star of Triangle's newest success, "Soul's Triumphant," will be the signal for an unusually large outpouring of theater-goers today and tomorrow in a tense drama that tells the story of a young libertine who meets a girl of innocent charm and determines to free himself from dissipation that he may be worthy of her. Wilfred Lucas is the man who makes the fight against the sins of his past. Miss Gish is the child wife who saves her husband from the scarlet thing of night. The Triangle comedy that will be presented will be "The Camera Cure."

Hyland-Arbuckle Bill.
(At the Savoy.)

Some combination the Savoy management has booked for its patrons today. Peggy Hyland and Marc MacDermott, in "Rabette" and Fatty Arbuckle in "The Butcher Boy" is that combination. Talk about screen value for the money, it's right here today and the Savoy management should be wearing smiles all day in appreciation of the box office jam that should materialize from morning till late at night. Tomorrow's card at the Savoy will be William Farnum, in "The Man Who Took a Chance," and a presentation of "Reel Life."

Fairbanks' Fish Story.
(At the Odeon.)

Doug Fairbanks—Skipper Fairbanks this excursion—is again the Monday and Tuesday star at the Odeon theater, which means that the Odeon will have another two days of capacity. Doug's vehicle for his weekly invasion of Atlanta is "The Mystery of the Leaping Fish." This comedy gives him a chance to do some making-up and to wear some outlandish wardrobe. On the program with Fairbanks for the two days will be Bessie Barriscale, in "The Sorrows of Love." Miss Barriscale alone is a star of sufficient magnetism and popularity to pack the Odeon.

BRITISH WAR MISSION ENDS WORK THIS WEEK

Washington, May 20.—The British war mission, refreshed by a quiet Sunday after its trip to Richmond, will enter tomorrow its fifth and final week in this country. With the practical conclusion of the negotiations over trade matters, the decision to send an American army to Europe and the transfer of naval negotiations to London, practically all the major issues which brought the visitors here have been settled.

What remains now is the detailed working out of policies by experts. Much of this especially as to embargoes, rationing, food control, ship construction and the like depend on the powers to be conferred by congress in legislation now pending.

A number of experts in the British mission will remain in Washington indefinitely to discuss further details with American officials.

Foreign Secretary Balfour rested nearly all of today. He dined tonight at the home of Mrs. Nicholas Longworth.

Early Closing Agreement.

Thomasville, Ga., May 20.—(Special.) By agreement between the merchants here the half-holiday closing for the summer months will be inaugurated again next Thursday. Thomasville was the first town in this section to start the half-holiday movement several years ago and its example is now being followed by practically all of the towns near here.

SONS OF VETERANS SPECIAL TO WASHINGTON

Leaves via Seaboard Air Line 10 a. m., June 3d. $13.85 round trip from Atlanta. Make reservations now at city ticket office, 88 Peachtree.—(adv.)

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time	10c a line	Issue Each
Three times	$1-3c a line	
Seven times	7c a line	
Thirty times	6c a line	
Ninety times	5c a line	

Above rate for consecutive insertions only.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day printed.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

Cleveland Signs Hofman.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 20.—The Cleveland American Baseball club today announced that Artie Hofman, former Chicago National player and more recently with the Federal league, has been signed as utility man. He will join the club tomorrow.

BYRD PRINTING CO PUBLICATIONS

LOST and FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery, but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST.

BUICK Little Six, brand-new; speedometer registered when stolen 125 miles. Return to W. G. Gardner, 215 Grant Bldg., or phone West 1375-J.

DIAMOND RING—Taken away from a negro Saturday, May 19, by Manual Miller, Proprietor of the Peters Street Pawn Shop, 139 Peters street. Size, about 1¼ carat. Owner of ring, with proper identification, can have same by calling at above address.

DOG—Lost, strayed or stolen Airedale dog, black, with brown markings, 1 year old, named Frank, from my country place on Chattahoochee river near Pace's Ferry. Suitable reward for his return. Albert Howell, Jr., Connally Building.

FORD, 1916 model, stolen Aug. 4, 1916; motor No. 1108641. Liberal reward, if returned, and no questions asked. J. D. Yancey, Sycamore, Ga., R. F. D. No. 3.

GLASSES—Nose glasses, ear chain, green case of Ballard Optical Co.; lost on Peachtree car 9 a. m. Monday. Return to Mrs. S. L. Crumley, Carnegie Library.

LEGGINS AND SHOE—One pair leather leggins and one shoe with name Jack Manning inside leggins. Call Main 874 or 132 Oakland avenue.

PACKAGE—Containing two fancy bags; also lady's Georgette collar. Name and address of owner on package. Return to front counter Constitution.

PIN Lost—Last Saturday one Shriner pin with diamond center, safety catch. Reward to finder. C. M. Kimbell, Jackson, Ga.

SATCHEL—Lost out automobile in vicinity of Chamber of Commerce building, Thursday night, doctor's hand satchel, containing doctor's instruments, pocket case, etc. Party finding same please return front counter Constitution, and receive reward.

LOST—Near Five Points Saturday afternoon, gold bracelet, with deep cut carving in fancy design. Liberal reward if returned to Miss Mable Chastain, 571 Chestnut street. Atlanta phone 6236-F.

LIBERAL reward will be paid, no questions asked, for return of hand satchel lost from automobile between Atlanta and Griffin. P. O. Box 460. Phone Ivy 2260-L, Atlanta, Ga.

PERSONAL

FLY SCREENS—PRICE & THOMAS.
FLY SCREENS—PRICE & THOMAS.
FLY SCREENS—PRICE & THOMAS.
FLY SCREENS—PRICE & THOMAS.
FLY SCREENS—PRICE & THOMAS.
Office and Salesroom, 62 N. Pryor. Ivy 4201.

MADAM DE LYLE—Scientist and spiritual-medium, 19 Simpson st. Take W. Peachtree car to Simpson st. Phone Ivy 8215.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, home-like; limited number patients cared for. Homes provided infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 22 Windsor st.

SMOKE EE-M Tobacco for catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and colds, 10c bags. Your druggist or EE-M CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SPIRELLA CORSET CO.,
TRAINED Rep. at your service. M. 5392-J.

TAKE NOTICE.
IN as much as my former wife, Mary E. Payton, has been going about town charging bills to me promiscuously and uselessly, it is my painful duty to notify everyone that anyone extending credit to her must look to her for payment of same, as I will not pay any amount whatever for her.
(Signed) CLAUDE PAYTON.

The Desirable House Dress
MADE TO ORDER—Good ginghams, $2.00. Billie Burkes, $1.50 and up. Over Linen store. The Utility Shop. Take elevator Broad and Alabama.

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Male

MILL HELP—We are starting the New Porterdale mill and can use spinners, spoolers, doffers, warpers and card room help. Healthy locality, new, attractive cottages; highest wages, best school facilities. Address W. A. Woodruff, Supt., Bibb Manufacturing Company, Porterdale, Ga.

MAN—Wanted man and wife to care for cow, chickens and garden on country place near Atlanta. Comfortable home and good wages to right parties. Call, with references, on R. D. Crusoe, 506 Connally building, Atlanta, Ga.

MEN—A GOOD POSITION
IS open somewhere to you. Because you do not hold it now, simply proves that you have not made the real effort to find it. The Emory Business Bureau can and will assist you to find the exact position in which your ability and energy will bring the highest cash price. The time you spend in hunting a job is wasted; you cannot afford to advertise your ability in magazines and papers. That cheapens your own qualifications. You do not have to spend one cent to find out what has been done for others, and what can be done for you. Call or write—you are not obligated to us in any way.
EMORY BUSINESS BUREAU,
1520 Candler.

MEN—If you are
ACTUALLY QUALIFIED
to fill a position as
EXECUTIVE
SALES MANAGER, TRAFFIC MAN, Rate Clerk, Accountant, Bookkeeper, Shipping or Billing Clerk, Draftsman, or any other position of responsibility in commercial or technical lines, communicate with the undersigned. If now employed and not receiving full measure of your anticipations, we can help you to better your position or make change to more satisfactory location. We represent only reliable business concerns and only applicants accepted whose previous record will stand close investigation regarding qualifications, character and integrity. Apply Employment Department,
FIDELITY BOND & REFERENCE CO.,
Suite 510 Hurt Bldg.

MEN—Out of work again? Why not learn the barber trade? Special six weeks' course and a good set of tools for $25. We guarantee to teach you. Moler Barber College, 18 N. Forsyth.

MEN Wanted—18 or over. Railway mail clerks, $75 month. Sample examination questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 57-E, Rochester, N. Y.

NEWS AGENTS—Wanted, young men. R. R. trains; good run. 66 Central avenue.

NEWS AGENTS—Wanted, four young men on A., B. & A. Ry.; cash security and uniform required.

THOUSANDS GOVERNMENT WAR POSITIONS OPEN. $100 month. Examinations everywhere. List free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 57-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—7 moulders, 4 coremakers, 5 pattern makers, 2 planer hands, 2 boring mill hands, 2 vise hands, 2 toolmakers, 2 erectors for steam and gasoline engines. References required. Permanent positions. Ideal surroundings. Transportation advanced if you desire and are reliable. No labor trouble, but need new men for increased capacity plant. These places must be filled at once. Act quickly if you want one. Wire Southern Engine and Boiler Works, Jackson, Tenn.

WANTED — THREE BOOTBLACKS. 88 NORTH BROAD STREET.

WANTED—Twenty boys with wheels and without wheels, between ages 14 and 20; good chance for promotion; fine chance for advancement. We allow 10 cents a day bonus for those using wheels; vacations with pay. Apply at once. W. M. Smith, Delivery Supr., 7 North Forsyth street.

WANTED—TWO RACKERS
$2.00 PER DAY; one rip and resaw feeder who can work stock to advantage, $2.00 per day; and other planing mill labor, $1.50 per day. Pay day every two weeks. Apply in person at our plant Jacksonville, or write L. S. Echols, care Gress Manufacturing Co., Jacksonville, Fla.

HELP WANTED—Female

COOK and laundress, experienced, wanted. Apply, with references, to 701, the Grand.

GIRLS—Wanted between the ages of 16 and 25 for permanent work, in attractive positions under the supervision of refined women; good pay while learning, with frequent increases at stated periods; references required. Apply in person at 1 p. m. on Mon., Tues., Wed. or Thurs., to Mrs. Mitchell, 25 Auburn avenue. Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, Atlanta, Ga.

GIRLS—The New York Millinery school guarantees complete course, $25; best in south; begin now for early fall season. Mrs. Carlton, 40½ Whitehall street, Atlanta.

LADIES—Wanted, 500 applications of
COMPETENT LADIES
for general office work, such as stenographers, steno-bookkeepers, file clerks and other office positions.
NO APPLICATION FEE
Apply in person at our
LADIES' DEPARTMENT
FIDELITY BOND AND REFERENCE CO.,
510 Hurt Building.

NURSE—Graduate wanted, at once. Grant Park Hospital.

SOLICITOR Wanted—Experienced; want only high-class women capable of selling best class of business men. Must be young, of good personality. Local references required. Exceptional opportunity offered. 653-4 Candler Annex.

TWO bright young women to train for nurses at Grant Park Hospital.

GOOD white woman cook wanted. Call at 197 Peters street.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

COOK, maid, nurse, laundress, porter, janitor, butler, waiter. 704 Silvey building.

COTTON MILL HELP WANTED.
WE ARE STARTING THE NEW PORTERDALE, AND CAN USE SPINNERS, SPOOLERS, DOFFERS, WARPERS, AND CARD ROOM HELP. HEALTHY LOCALITY, NEW, ATTRACTIVE COTTAGES, HIGHEST WAGES, BEST SCHOOL FACILITIES. ADDRESS W. A. WOODRUFF, SUPT., BIBB MANUFACTURING COMPANY, PORTERDALE, GEORGIA.

NAMES Wanted Immediately—Women, 18 or over, wishing to become government clerks, $75 month. Box F-305, Constitution.

TECHNICAL MEN—Salesman, accountants, bookkeepers, stenographers, dictaphone operators, clerks and office boys. Service free. Register now.
THE VOCATIONAL BUREAU,
606 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

GET IN LINE NOW
FOR the many openings that will occur in the next 15 days in the commercial business. We have been asked by large concerns to be ready to furnish high-class, competent help for these openings. It will be to your advantage to see us at once. 319 Empire building.

WANTED—TEACHERS

WE need teachers for the following places: Mathematics and science, $1,200; principal ships, $100; 8th grade, $70; math. (lady), $70; 7th grade, $65; science (lady), $50. South Atlantic Teachers' Agency, Atlanta, Georgia.

MANY elections next few days. Write today. Foster's Teachers' Agency, Grant building, Atlanta, Ga.

TEACHERS wanted for immediate election for Latin and modern languages, $85; several at $95; seventh grade teachers, $65. Sheridan Teachers' Agency, 302 Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

ALL grade teachers in demand; 10 per cent of first month's salary. Capital City Employment Agency, 611 Silvey bldg.

THE ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY—Unique methods, best service, most liberal terms. Ivy 7098. 1233 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS

SALESMAN WANTED—Good opportunity to right man. Call before 10 a. m., Room 15, 65½ Walton street.

SALESMAN—Have an exceptional opportunity for a high-grade salesman or solicitor. Must be experienced and have best of local references. 653-4 Candler Annex.

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

SALESMAN—With auto desires city salesman's position. Address N-295, Const.

WATCHMAN—Young man, rejected, wants position as watchman or any other honest work. Best of references. N-284, Const.

FIRST-CLASS butcher from Jacksonville, Fla., wants job at once. Phone Atlanta 5602-M. M. Greengold.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

COMPANION—Wanted by refined, settled lady, position in south as companion to lady or housekeeper for gentleman. Box 4, 1933 18th st., Washington, D. C.

LADY—Refined, young, with experience, wants position at once in doctor's or dentist's office; can furnish references. Address P. O. Box 764, city.

YOUNG lady must have work; any honorable work considered. N-298, Constitution.

YOUNG lady desires position in office; knowledge of stenography; ref. N-315, Const.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

ATLANTA CADILLAC CO., 238-40 Peachtree st.; special bargains in used cars.

FORD—1916 model, chassis or truck; A-1 condition; cheap for cash. Call Sunday, I. 3244-J. Weekly, M. 764.

FORD—Up-to-date Ford speedster, $200; also good Ford truck, $225. 137 Marietta street. Main 3800.

AUTHORIZED FORD AGENTS—CARS, PARTS AND SERVICE.
C. C. BAGGS AUTO CO.
444 WHITEHALL STREET
ATLANTA 62—BELL M. 2843

BELLE ISLE
AGENT
FORD CARS
CASH OR TERMS.
IVY 166. IVY 2772. IVY 293.

BEAUDRY MOTOR CO.
AUTHORIZED FORD AGENTS
FORD PARTS, FORD CARS
138-40 MARIETTA STREET.
Complete Stock. Quick Service.
CENTRALLY LOCATED.
MAIN 1123. ATLANTA 1436.

FLANDERS roadster and Buick 4-cylinder speedster. Either $150 cash. Tegder, 181 Peachtree. Ivy 5164.

HUBBELL-OAKES MOTOR CO., 465 Peachtree st.; special bargains in used cars.

MARMON Roadster, factory built; electric lights and generator; no starter. Cost $3,250. Quick sale $250. Tegder. Ivy 5164.

OAKLAND, 1916 Little Six touring car, perfect condition. Ivy 8731.

SOUTHERN SAXON CO. Special bargains in used cars. 232 Peachtree. Ivy 1476.

STUDEBAKER SIX, 1914—Excellent condition, new top, good tires, repainted, $475 cash. Power. Ivy 5164.

STUDEBAKER SIX, 1915—Excellent condition in every respect; new battery, cord tires, good paint. $550 cash. Mr. Booth, 181 Peachtree. Ivy 5164.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 181-189 Marietta st.

WE have a Velie, 1915, and Overland, 1916. Both in fine condition; complete equipment.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc.
USED CAR DEPT.,
236 Peachtree St.

FOR SALE—4 used commercial body for Ford car.
1 used roadster body for Ford car.
1 set Hassler shock absorbers for Ford car.
1 speedy and classy roadster.
Stableford trucks and equipment.
GEO. C. JAMES,
545-47-49 Whitehall Street, Atlanta.
Telephone Main 1666.

IF YOU HAVE AN OLD SEWING MACHINE, OR SOME OLD FURNITURE, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU. TRY OUR "FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS COLUMN"

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains, Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective June 25.	Arrive.	Leave.
Waycross and Thomasville.	6:00 am	7:45 am
Waycross and Thomasville.	4:25 pm	11:00 pm

Sleeping car on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville, Atlanta and Waycross. City ticket office, 83 Peachtree. Telephones—Ivy 194; Atlanta 100.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
42 West Pt.	8:15 am	35 New Or...	6:25 am
18 Columb's	10:55 am	19 Columbus	7:10 am
38 New Or..	11:50 am	33 Montgo'y.	9:10 am
40 New Or..	2:05 pm	39 New Or...	2:00 pm
34 Montgo'y	6:50 pm	17 Columbus	4:05 pm
20 Columbus	7:45 pm	37 New Or...	5:20 pm
36 New Or..	11:35 pm	41 West Pt...	5:45 pm

City Ticket Office, 80 Peachtree St.

Central of Georgia Railway.
"The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Savannah...	6:25 am	Savannah...	8:00 am
Thomasville.	6:25 am	Albany......	8:00 am
Albany......	6:25 am	Macon......	12:30 pm
Macon......	6:25 am	Macon......	4:00 pm
Jacksonville.	6:53 am	Jacksonville.	8:25 pm
Jacksonville.	7:40 am	Valdosta......	8:25 pm
Macon......	10:45 am	Savannah..	10:30 pm
Macon......	1:55 pm	Jacksonville	10:05 pm
Savannah...	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:50 pm
Albany.....	8:10 pm	Albany....	11:50 pm

City Ticket Office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephones—Main 490, Atlanta phone 55.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives From—		Departs For—	Arrives From—		Departs For—
6:05 a	New York	12:01 a	12:10 p	New York	2:25 p
10:55 p	Chicago	6:20 a	8:25 p	Chatta	3:00 p
9:55 p	Kan City	6:25 a	8:10 a	Toccoa	4:45 p
10:35 a	Chatta	6:50 a	11:20 a	Cincinnati	4:55 p
5:00 p	Richmond	6:55 a	10:55 a	Columbus	5:10 p
10:15 p	Columbus	7:15 a	11:15 a	Memphis	5:15 p
8:05 p	Ft Valley	7:20 a	10:50 a	Ft Valley	5:20 p
8:00 p	Brunswick	7:50 a	10:30 a	Macon	5:30 p
5:00 p	New York	12:05 p	8:20 a	Heflin	5:45 p
4:20 p	Charlotte	12:15 p	5:55 a	Jaxville	10:05 p
1:40 p	Macon	12:20 p	5:55 a	Charlotte	11:01 p
2:10 p	Bir'ham	12:25 p	6:10 a	Jaxville	11:05 p
			8:30 a	Shrevep't	11:30 p

All Trains Run Daily. Central Time.

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company.
"The Progressive Railway of the South."
Effective May 6, 1917.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11 N. Y.	6:20 am	11 Birmin'm.	6:30 am
11 Norfolk..	6:20 am	30 Monroe....	6:40 am
11 Washin'n.	6:20 am	6 N. Y.	12:55 pm
11 Portsm'h.	6:20 am	6 Washin'n	12:55 pm
17 Abbe,S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk.	12:55 pm
6 Memphis	12:45 pm	6 Portsm'h	12:55 pm
6 Birmi'm	12:45 pm	6 Richm'd	12:55 pm
23 Pied't,Ala	10:00 am	23 Pied't,Ala	4:15 pm
5 N. Y.....	5:15 pm	5 Birmin'm.	5:25 pm
5 Washin'n	5:15 pm	5 Memphis.	5:25 pm
5 Norfolk..	5:15 pm	18 Abbe,S.C.	4:00 pm
5 Portsm'h.	5:15 pm	12 N. Y.	8:30 pm
12 Birmin'm.	8:10 pm	12 Norfolk..	8:30 pm
29 Monroe...	8:00 pm	12 Portsm'h.	8:30 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St. Telephone—Ivy 194.

Union Passenger Station.

*Daily except Sunday.

Georgia Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Charle'n.	6:10 am	2 Aug. and East......	6:45 am
3 Wilmin'n	6:10 am	6 Augusta	12:10 pm
*11 Conyers.	7:35 am	8 Augusta	3:25 pm
*13 Union Pt	9:40 am	*14 Union Pt.	6:10 pm
1 Augusta.	1:15 pm	4 Charle'n.	8:35 pm
5 Augusta and east.	4:35 pm	4 Wilmin'n	8:35 pm
7 New York and Aug.	8:20 pm		

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 21.	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville....	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Chicago and Northwest..	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Cincinnati and Louisville..	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Knoxville via Blue Ridge..	7:25 am	5:00 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Blue Ridge accommodation.	3:40 pm	10:35 am

The 9:55 p. m. train will arrive Terminal Station.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Nashville.	6:25 am	94 Chicago..	8:15 am
73 Rome....	10:25 am	2 Nashville.	8:20 am
93 Memphis.	11:55 am	92 Memphis.	4:55 pm
1 Nashville.	6:35 pm	72 Rome.....	5:15 pm
95 Chicago..	8:05 pm	4 Nashville.	8:50 pm

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXICABS BELLE ISLE
Ivy 166. 4 LUCKIE Ivy 5190.

IVY 500 TAXICABS ATL. 800.
JITNEY BUS CO., 101 North Forsyth St.
CALLS ANSWERED AT ALL HOURS.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
ATL. 3660—12 LUCKIE—I. 322

ATLANTA TAXI CO.—Main 5495; hotel district, 25c.; by the hour, $1.50. White drivers.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

BARGAIN in better class used cars. Haynes Auto Co., 181 Peachtree.

TRUCKS and repairs. See Shearer Bros., 249 Marietta street.

WANTED.

FORD—Second-hand, 1916 or '17 model, any style. Give motor number and price. P. O. Box 222, Atlanta.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES

BODIES.

BODIES — NEW 1917 FORD TOURING BODIES, COMMERCIAL AUTO BODIES, AUTO PAINTING AND TRIMMING. J. M. KARWISCH WAGON WORKS, 81 EAST HUNTER STREET.

SUPPLIES.

KEE TIRE AND SERVICE CO.
WE sell tires, tops and seat covers, accessories. 38 Auburn avenue. Ivy 8404.

FOR SALE CHEAP—New or used parts for Studebaker, E-M-F, Flanders and Maxwell cars. A complete line. Write us for prices. Americus Automobile Company, Americus, Ga.

SECOND-HAND parts for 1911, 1912 and 1913 Cadillacs, 50 per cent off list. Good as new. Capital City Garage, 16 W. Harris st. Ivy 4108-L.

REPAIRING.

CAL TRAVIS AUTOMOBILE repairing. 69 Cone, third floor. Ivy 4832.

OUR GRINDING IS DONE ON SPECIALLY BUILT MACHINERY, NOT A MAKESHIFT.

Get our price on Cylinder Grinding, fitting of oversize Pistons and Rings. All kinds of Gear duplicated. Axle Shafts and all parts of automobiles made promptly and right. OUR FACILITIES FOR REPAIRING CANNOT BE EQUALED. Established ten years. Open every hour in the year.

"STORAGE OF COURSE."

SOUTHERN AUTO AND EQUIPMENT CO.
Phone Main 591. 92-94 S. Forsyth St.

SIMS Magneto Service Station. Magnetos sold, exchanged and repaired; all kinds of magnetos and electric starting repaired; all work guaranteed. E. H. Odom Bros. Company, 43 Ivy street. Atlanta phone 900. Bell phone Main 1622.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops re-covered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue

RADIATOR REPAIRING.

UNITED RADIATOR CO.
76 Ivy St. — Ivy 6060-J. — Radiator work guaranteed.

WELDING.

Bird-Wilcox Co., Inc.
Autogenous Welding
183 Courtland St. Phone Ivy 4640.

NOTICE

THE METAL WELDING CO. — Autogenous welding. Pioneer welders of the south. On account of large increase in business are forced to move from their old place to larger building at 130 South Forsyth street. Phone Main 3013.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

INDIAN—7-H. P. racer, twin-cylinder. Apply Indian Motocycle Company.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

LEGITIMATE opportunity to invest $5,000. Cattle feed plant; wish to double machinery and capacity; needs an executive head with good business ability. Have an expert as superintendent at mill. Write Cattle Feed Co., P. O. Box 1443, Atlanta.

MACHINERY—Opportunity for owners of pine timber lands. For Sale—Complete set nail keg stave machinery nearly new. While clearing land a broker will make steady contract for output. Write Cooperage Company, Box N-287, care Constitution.

BUSINESS openings anywhere in Dixie Lightfoot's, 317 Peters bldg. Main 517.

WANTED—County distributors; new, fast selling automobile commodity; great merit and demand; every auto user a customer and sales repeat; exclusive contract; fine chance to establish permanent, paying business your own. Small capital required. Sales Manager, Box N-314, Constitution.

SHOE STOCK FOR SALE.
UP-TO-DATE, clean stock of ladies', misses and children's shoes and oxfords, bought before great advance. Will sell right. Address S. W., No. 24, care Constitution.

BUSINESS CARDS

ARTISTIC WALL PAPER.

J. HOPE HOLLINGSWORTH, GEORGIA PAINT AND GLASS CO., 37 Luckie street. Ivy 832.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LUMBER EVERY KIND, any quantity. S. A. Williams Lumber Co., 254 Elliott St. Phone—Main 328.

CABINET MAKER—UPHOLSTERING.

J. W. WOODS CABINET SHOP
66 Peters Street. Atlanta Phone 931
Upholstering. Repairing. Refinishing.

CAFETERIA.

HOME COOKING, good meals. The Caterers. 63-5 N. Forsyth St.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

HEWITT DETECTIVE AGENCY, 817 Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg. Main 4689. Private investigators. Call us up.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery. 58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5000.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1783.

ENGRAVING.

ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements.
WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FLY SCREENS.

SCREENS MADE AND REPAIRED—City Carpenter and Cabinet Shop. Phone M. 8. 58 South Forsyth street.

FURNACE, STOVE & RANGE REPAIRING

STOVE DOCTOR F. M. BROTHERTON.
Main 1460. 61 South Pryor Street.

HAT CLEANING.

OLD HATS MADE NEW — Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

HOUSE CLEANING.

ATLANTA HOUSE CLEANING CO. General House Cleaning; guaranteed work. Phone Ivy 5801. Atlanta 459.

HOUSE MOVING.

W. C. PEASE, 414 Peters bldg., moves brick and frame houses. M. 1228 or M. 1552.

HIDES AND JUNK.

CAPITAL HIDE & JUNK CO.
Phone M. 797. 331-33 Peters St. Atlanta, Ga.

JUNK AND OLD AUTOS.

CENTRAL JUNK CO., 641 Marietta st. Main 350. Pay best price for scrap iron, metals, rubber, rags, bags. I sell old auto parts.

LADIES' HATS REMODELED.

INTO newest shapes, hemp, Panama, Leghorn, fancy straws; resewed, cleaned, colored, trimmed. Sport hats, $3.50 value, $1. Mail orders. Charge accounts. Mrs. C. H. Smith, 115 Peachtree. Ivy 2684-J.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.

MATTRESS RENOVATING
By the
Atlanta Mattress Co.
Our work is above the average.
174 Piedmont Ave.
Bell Ivy 3847. Atlanta 4847.

TRY the Trio Mattress Renovating Co., 349 Edgewood ave. Ivy 3878. Atl. 854.

SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta street. Main 993, Atlanta 1727.

MESSENGER SERVICE.

DIME MESSENGER SERVICE.
Deliveries to all parts Atlanta, 10c (25 pounds limit). Ivy 4872, Atlanta M. 2100.

PLUMBING—HEATING.

CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

PAINTING AND TINTING.

HOUSE painting and tinting. W. M. Carroll, M. 2980. 251 E. Ga. Ave. Work guaranteed.

PAINTING—Tinting a specialty. Rooms from $2.50 to $3. West 630-J. Webb.

ROOF REPAIRING.

IF YOUR roof leaks, call The Roof Doctor. Barnett, Ivy 7223.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds, 12 mos. guarantee. Reasonable. I. 905.

SHOE REPAIRING.

Shoe Renury Work called for and delivered. 2 Auburn. Ivy 2310, Atlanta 1493. 815 Peachtree.

SHOW CASES.

SHOW CASES, wall and display cases, shelving, novelty displays, fly screens. The Stallings, Marietta and Magnolia. Main 2836.

STOVES BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.

STOVES and furniture, both sold and exchanged. Main 1652-J. 224 Peters St.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phone—Bell Main 1576.

UPHOLSTERING.

WE save you one-third on all upholstering. Best references. Pack and ship on short notice. Main 775-J.

WINDOW CLEANING.

NATIONAL WINDOW CLEANING CO., 47 E. Hunter St. M. 1734. Under white management.

WINDOW SCREENS.

SCREENS rewired and made to order; repairs. Standard Screen Co. Main 4938.

WIRE FENCE.

PAGE WIRE FENCES sold exclusively and erected by W. J. Dabney Imp. Co., 100 S. Forsyth street. Phone Main 1637.

DRESSMAKING SCHOOLS.

MODERN Dressmaking and Ladies' Tailoring taught thoroughly. Call or write; terms if desired. New Era School, 20 Carnegie Way.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS

ALL KINDS at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented; non-visible, 4 months for $5; visible, 3 months for $7. Call, phone or write for catalog C-70. American Writing Machine Company, 48 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—WAREHOUSE.

WAREHOUSE Wanted—Within 1¼ miles of business center, railroad trackage; state particulars. P. O. Box 1233.

AUCTION SALES

B. BERNARD, at 86 South Pryor, will either pay cash for your housefurnishings or sell them for you. Phone Main 2306.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY—On Personal Property

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS
$25 TO $300
AT SPECIAL LOW RATES ON
FURNITURE
PIANOS, ETC., without removal. Payments to suit your own convenience. Other companies paid off and more money advanced at cheaper rates.
STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL
Private offices. When in need you will make a saving by getting my terms first. Call, write or phone.
CHARLES B. ROSS
Room 512 Flatiron Building
84 Peachtree Street
BELL PHONE, IVY 9347.
ATLANTA PHONE, MAIN 1775.

ANNOUNCEMENT
WE have opened an office in Atlanta, where we are prepared to lend money in any amount up to $300 to housekeepers and salaried employees at very low rates. Transactions confidential. Private offices. If you are dealing with another company and are not satisfied, or need more money, come and see us.

SALARIES PURCHASED.

SURETY LOAN CO.
Suite 408 Flatiron Building.
Take Elevator to Fourth Floor.
Phone Atlanta 180.

Quickest Service on Loans
LOWEST RATES—BEST TERMS.
ARE your accounts past due? Do you need money for some emergency? Relieve this suspense. Phone or come to see us. On two hours' notice you can get any amount on furniture. Strictly confidential, private office.
WHITTEN-ASKEW CO.
201 Flatiron Bldg. Phone Ivy 9425.

MONEY TO LOAN ON NOTES.
ALSO WILL PURCHASE NOTES. APPLICATIONS GIVEN IMMEDIATE ATTENTION. H. F. ASKAM, 226 HURT BLDG.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

SMALL LOANS on indorsed notes. C. E. Jarvis, Jr., 204 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1076.

MONEY—On Real Estate

MONEY
TO LEND, 1st or 2d mortgage on city real estate; current rates; immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 1216 Empire building. Ivy 8369.

FIRST-CLASS applications for city and farm loans wanted by W. B. Smith, 706-7 Fourth National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 16.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thomas J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

FIVE-YEAR LOANS
IN SUMS of $2,000 to $50,000 made on good Georgia farms, and on desirable residence property in cities of 4,000 population and over. Interest rate 6 to 7 per cent year.
If you desire a loan, fill out and mail the blank below:
FRANK WELDON,
Fourth National Bank Building,
Atlanta, Ga.
I want to borow .... on a Farm of ...... acres, located in the County of ....; or on a .... room house, in the city of ....
If offered for sale on reasonable terms, this property would bring $...................
Name ....
Postoffice ....

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY
IS NOW making loans on high-class improved property in Atlanta and Decatur. Lowest interest rates. Prompt and courteous attention.
CHAS. H. BLACK
LOAN AGENT.
210-11 EMPIRE BLDG.—PHONE IVY 111.

QUICK LOANS
$2,000 TO $50,000 OR MORE
MADE on Atlanta property at lowest current rates. Loan agents of the
LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF VIRGINIA
ALSO have local funds in bank for small loans.
DUNSON & GAY
409 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 5672.

MONEY TO LOAN, $1,000 up. No delay. A. J. & H. F. WEST, Nos. 218-19 Atlanta National Bank building.

T. J. BETTES & CO., INC. Money to loan on real estate. 13th floor Empire Bldg.

HAVE $20,000 to lend on Atlanta real estate; quick action. Lynch & Murphy, Peters building. Main 3026.

FUNDS on hand for loans at current rates; also for purchase money notes. Milton Liebman, with A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

INSURANCE MONEY to lend on improved city and farm property. Shewmake Bros. Co., 1406 Candler building. Ivy 3984.

MONEY on hand to lend on Atlanta real estate; no delay. If you want a loan we can make it. Geo. P. Moore, 10 Auburn Ave.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS
TO LEND AT ONCE
On Georgia Farms
Residential Property
Downtown Real Estate
Loans: $1,000 and Upward
VANDIVER & HORTON
411-12 Healey Bldg.
Atlanta, Ga.
SEE US. WRITE US.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LOAN on Atlanta homes or business property at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-414 Empire Building
Broad and Marietta Streets

WE handle all classes of notes at reasonable interest. No salary assignments or money shark business handled
GROVER N. MEINERT
310-311 Connally Building.

If You Want a Quick
REAL ESTATE LOAN
we can make it for you; money in the bank; no red tape.
GEO. P. MOORE
10½ AUBURN AVE.

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate. Edgar Dunlap Insurance Agency, second floor Candler building.

6 AND 7 per cent money in any amts.; quick action. Fitzhugh Knox, 1207 Candler Bldg.

MONEY—On Real Estate

5, 6 AND 7 PER CENT money to lend on vacant or improved Atlanta or nearby property; 5 years or less straight. Purchase money notes wanted. Brown-Foster-Robson Co., 210 Flatiron Bldg., 84 Peachtree St.

$100,000 TO LEND AT ONCE; RATES—5½, 6 to 7 per cent, depending upon class and location of property, in Atlanta and adjoining counties. Call on us before borrowing. Established since 1889.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
Empire Building.

WANT to buy first and second mortgage purchase money notes; also money to loan on monthly notes. T. S. Harper, 726 Atlanta National Bank building. Main 1706.

QUICK MONEY
—ON—
FARM LANDS
—IN—
GEORGIA AND SOUTH CAROLINA
KENNESAW MORTGAGE CO.
M. R. M'CLATCHEY, President.
Loan Correspondent.
The Volunteer State Life Ins. Co.
Candler Bldg. Ivy 5220. ATLANTA, GA.

FIRST and 2d mortgage, $100 up. Montgomery & MacKinnon, 1711 Hurt Bldg.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 726 to 728 Empire Bldg.

$500, $800, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000 or more to lend on choice city lots or suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay. Ivy 5678.

LOANS in amounts of $1,000 and up, on well-located improved farms, anywhere in Georgia, made promptly. We make a specialty of perfecting defective land titles. Call, write or phone and get our terms. Rice-Little Loan Company, 1003 Fourth National Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Phone Main 3636.

EISEMAN & WEIL
INVESTMENT CO.
Loans Made Promptly
On improved real estate in Fulton and DeKalb counties.
We Buy Purchase Money Notes
Call, write or phone Main 3010.
313 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

ATLANTA SAVINGS BANK
DEALER IN MORTGAGES.
E. C. Peters, Pres. J. W. English, V. Pres. John K. Ottley, Treasurer.
5% MONEY TO LOAN, 6%
ON residence or business property in any sum.
GET OUR RATES.
GEO. L. WORD, Special Agent.
306 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

Cliff C. Hatcher Ins. Agency
Loan Agents for
INVESTORS' SAVINGS COMPANY.
Real estate notes bought, also first and second mortgages payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney.
221 GRANT BUILDING—BOTH PHONES.

$1,000, $1,500, $2,500, $5,000
TO LEND on improved property, in or near Atlanta.
W. O. ALSTON
1203 Third Nat. Bank Bldg.

LOANS on real estate made promptly. A. G. Smith, 310-11 Connally Bldg. Main 2940.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WANTED TO BUY first and second mortgage notes. T. S. Harpen. Main 1706.

FOR SALE AND WANTED

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

BOILERS from 15 to 150 H. P. Engines, steam or kerosene, any size. Saw mills and machinery, any capacity. Anything else in machinery or supplies. Southern Engine and Boiler Works, 427 Empire bldg.

BUTTERMILK—Two large glasses fresh churned and one delicious sandwich, 10c. Danish Creamery Co., 19 W. Alabama St.

COAL—BUY NOW—Going much higher. Car Lots Only—Also Guano, Acid, Soda, Meal, Hulls and Agl. Limestone. W. E. M'CALLA, Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

FURNITURE FOR SALE—The largest assortment of second-hand furniture, household goods, office and store fixtures.
Jacobs Auction & Salvage Co.,
Who Buy and Sell Anything.
51 DECATUR STREET. M. 1434. Atl. 2285.

FURNITURE—Antique mahogany for sale. Miss Rogers, 504 Church St., Marietta, Ga.

FURNITURE, Second-Hand—Bought, sold or exchanged; easy terms. Bedford Furniture Co., 184 Whitehall St. Main 2149-L.

LUMBER—Building at East Point containing about 100,000 feet of sound timbers; wrecker to leave premises clean. A. W. Ripley, Box 1746.

OVEN For Sale Cheap—Hubbard Portable, No. 14; been used little over a year. Can be seen at 34 Decatur street. Main 4483. National Baking and Lunch Company.

RANGE—Gas range, heater, coal heater, wardrobe. Apply 100 Cypress st. Ivy 4155.

RURAL WATERWORKS
WATER WHEEL SYSTEM—See my high pressure wheel pump. 110 Spring st.

SAFES ATLANTA SAFE CO., 65 W. Mitchell. Main 4601.

SAFES, new and 2d hand, all sizes. Hall's vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 4th Nat. Bk.

SCALES—SAFES
HOWE SCALE CO., 18 S. FORSYTH ST.

VACUUM CLEANER for sale (electric), in perfect condition. Gets all the dirt; $15 cash or terms. Bell M. 5285. 515 Central bldg.

WANTED—To sell 1,000,000 feet short-leaf and second-growth pine, half and half; located in Stewart county 1½ miles from railroad. Address Henry & Pritchett, Hawkinsville, Ga.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING, SECOND-HAND — We pay highest prices for used clothing. We also make loans on anything of value. Main 2335.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. E. B. Gibson. M. 4647.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—We pay highest cash prices for pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 E. Mitchell st. M. 2424.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—We pay cash for or exchange. 108 South Forsyth. Main 778.

SCHOOL-BOOKS—Cash paid for all kinds (second hand). Gavan's, 71 Whitehall st.

CASH PAID for old furniture. Dixie Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth. M. 5170-J.

CASH FOR old gold and false teeth. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree street.

CASH paid for old clothes and shoes. Drop a card. 150 Decatur street.

DRESSMAKING—SEWING

GOWNS, tailored suits and dresses. Mrs. Eva G. Cooper, 17 Hendrix ave. M. 4060-J.

HEMSTITCHING, 8c yd.; picoting, 8c yd.; buttons covered, 9c doz. and up; buttonholes. American Pleating and Hemstitching Co., 32 Capitol ave., opposite State Capitol.

EDUCATIONAL

SPANISH ACADEMY
WILL be open on the first of June, under the personal direction of two native teachers. Ensemble and private classes from 9 a. m. to 12 m. Evenings from 7 to 9. Afternoons by appointment. For further information regarding tuition, etc., write Spanish Academy, N-209, Constitution.

PARAGON is the only system of shorthand taught in the public schools of Atlanta. We teach Paragon. Night and day classes at the school. Mail instruction for those who cannot come. Write us or phone Main 4445. Simplex Shorthand School, 231 Capitol avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

MISS ELMIRA GROW has moved her piano studio to 98 Washington st. Main 2928.

PUPILS coached during summer by first-class teacher; mod. terms. Call West 275-L.

THE FANCIERS' DEPARTMENT

LEGHORNS.

800 2-YEAR OLD WHITE LEGHORN hens for sale. Correspondence invited. Beallwood Farm, Box L, Columbus, Ga.

POULTRY SUPPLIES.

PLANTS, seeds, bulbs, poultry supplies. Letton & DeFoor, 12 South Broad street.

VETERINARY.

DR. J. N. COOK treats diseases of all live stock. Main 870. Ormewood Park.

SEEDS AND PLANTS.

PLANTS, seeds, bulbs, poultry, pigeon supplies. Everett Seed Company, 29 West Alabama. 113 Whitehall.

RED TOP SORGHUM SEED, recleaned, $3 per bushel. The Floyd & Hill Co., Chipley, Ga.

VELVET BEANS
WANTED—A CUSTOMER FOR ANY PART OF ALL OF A LOT OF 100 BUSHELS NINETY-DAY VELVET BEANS: WILL QUOTE DELIVERED PRICE ON RECEIPT OF INQUIRY. J. O. BOOTEN, SEED MERCHANT, MARSHALLVILLE, GA.

LIVE STOCK

WANTED.

WANTED—CATTLE and HOGS shipped on consignment; best prices. Write for quotations. All cattle from quarantined area dipped free of charge. A. L. Suttles & Co., Commission Merchants, Atlanta, Ga.

COWS.

COW—Holstein, for sale; registered; 15 registered Holstein cows and heifers, fresh and close springers. W. L. Florence, Powder Springs, Ga.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

GOOD MULE, $110. Terms if desired. Hamilton, 204 Equitable bldg. Ivy 5234.

SPLENDID HORSE, fine traveler, gentle, healthy; special bargain. Harness, surrey and 2 buggies, all for $100 cash. Ring Main 517 or address Bargain, Box N-300, Constitution.

HORSE AND WAGON with harness for sale; horse weighs about 1,000 pounds. Apply to Union Plumbing Company, No. 14 South Forsyth street.

MUSIC AND DANCING

HURST DANCING SCHOOL, 44½ East Hunter. Classes 3 to 6 and 8 to 10 p. m. Five teachers. Ballroom dancing. We know how. Main 4818-L.

LANE'S Dancing Academy, 217½ Peachtree. Reliable, efficient, up-to-date. Ivy 5786.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

FOR SALE—Bargain in Kranich & Bach square grand piano. Apply Box 46, Canton, Ga.

BOARD and ROOMS

CAPITAL CITY house, corner of Walton and Fairlie Sts.; rooms with or without board; reasonable; all conveniences. Atlanta 3688.

COLLEGE PARK—Boarders wanted, large, cool rms; couples pref. Phone E. P. 398-J.

E. Baker 20—Cool room and board; gentlemen or ladies. I. 1984-J.

E. CAIN ST., 66—Front room, newly-fur., with board, $5; pri. home. Ivy 8180-X2.

HOUSTON ST., 62—Room and meals, $4.50 to $5 per week. 1½ blocks Peachtree.

INMAN PARK home to couple without children, reasonable board, all conveniences; car line. Ivy 8165-J.

JUNIPER ST.—Large, attractive front room, dressing room, pri. bath; best loca.; meals optional; pri. home. I. 5684-J.

N. BOULEVARD—LOVELY ROOMS WITH BOARD; COUPLE OR BUSINESS PEOPLE; PRIVATE FAMILY. IVY 3496.

PEACHTREE ST., 220—Near-in, comfortable home, excellent meals, quick serv. I. 5795.

PEACHTREE, 362—For summer, large beautiful rooms; excellent meals; special rates. Ivy 3148-L.

PEACHTREE, 513—Desirable room; all conveniences. Call Ivy 6132-J.

PEACHTREE, 547—Attractive rooms, with board, $7 and $8 per week. Ivy 7828.

PEACHTREE, 428—Select boarding; all conveniences; references required. I. 6634.

PEACHTREE INN
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER—50c to $1 per day, $2 to $5 per week. Special monthly rates. 391 Peachtree. Phone Ivy 67.

PIEDMONT, 595—Delightful room, adjoining bath; ideal home; excellent meals. Dinner eve'gs; block N. Ponce de Leon. Ivy 3822-J.

PONCE DE LEON, 302—Nice room, dressing rm., pri. bath, garage, with board. I. 6454.

THE CARROLL—Walton street, corner Cone, near postoffice; all conveniences; excellent table board.

CHAMBERLIN HOME.
WHITEHALL ST., 148—Table board, special rates during summer months. M. 5124-J.

W. NORTH AVE., 46—A very attractive front room and board for couple, 2 men or 2 ladies; walking distance; references. Ivy 4763-L.

WILLIAMS, 16—Nicely furnished rooms with or without meals. Just off Cain St.

WELL fur., attractive rooms with good meals in nice Ansley Park home; splendid location, near car line. Ivy 7623-J.

PEACHTREE, 911—Rooms and board, with or without pri. bath; rates reas. Ivy 4503.

PEACHTREE ST., 647—Room, nicely fur.; private bath; all modern conveniences; with meals.

LIGHT, airy room, walking dist.; modern convs.; meals opt.; price reas. M. 3198-J.

ONE front room with board, beautifully fur.; all conveniences. Ivy 8591-J.

FRONT room, 4 windows; splendid location; refined family. Ivy 6433.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED.

ADOLF 10½ E. HARRIS, bachelor rooms de luxe, convenient. Ivy 3071-J.

E. ELLIS, 53—One nice, cool fur. room, with kitchenette, all conv., phone, bath.

THE MARTINIQUE
ELLIS AND IVY. ALL ROOMS WITH BATH. RATES $1 PER DAY UP.

FORREST, 74—Furnished rooms; modern convs.; private home; walking distance.

FORREST, 94—Refined business gentlemen and ladies who appreciate well-kept room should see mine.

FORREST AVE., 175—Nicely fur. front room for business couple or single. I. 2211-L.

IVY ST., 226—3 suites fur. rooms; all convs.; gas range and sink. Ivy 5991-L.

THE FELTON.
IVY ST., 107—Pleasant, well screened rooms, delightful in summer; large porches; transients solicited. Ivy 9427.

ORME ST., 72—Fur. rooms; all convs.; adj. bath; hot water, elec.; gents pref. I. 3370.

PEACHTREE, 894—Large, cool rooms, with kitchenett; every conv. North side home.

PEACHTREE, 368—Vacancy for couple or 2 gentlemen; also 1 single room. Nice place. Convenient location; everything clean and homelike. Phone Ivy 6433.

PEACHTREE, 286—Nicely furnished rooms; hot and cold water; with maid service.

PEACHTREE ST., 391—Nicely fur. rooms, $2 per week and up. Phone Ivy 67.

PEACHTREE, 549—Cool, nicely fur. rms., convs., large and small room. Ivy 8499-J.

HOTEL ADAIR.
PEACHTREE, 305—Mrs. E. R. Low, Prop. Room with lavatory, hot and cold water connections; price $22 per month. Rooms with connecting baths, $25 per month. Room with private bath, $30 per month. Meals can be had in same building.

PONCE DE LEON AVE.—Private family, living in best section, will rent one or two nicely furnished rooms. Ivy 4034.

SPRING, 205—Entire first floor, five rooms, hot and cold water. Apply S. Vocas, 54 Peachtree street. Ivy 6979.

WILLIAMS HOTEL—1st class, in heart of City. Rooms 50c and 75c. 34½ N. Forsyth.

NORTH SIDE—Large fur. room; all convs.; private family. Call Ivy 6785.

NICELY fur. front room, walking distance; elec. lights; adjoining bath. $16. I. 2687-J.

CLOSE IN—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; hot water. Ivy 2309.

FOR RENT—1 nice room, connecting bath, for two gentlemen. Call Ivy 7582-L.

TWO attractive, furnished rooms, private family. Ivy 3818-J.

ONE nice, cool, clean bedroom. 73 East Ellis. Ivy 5356.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED.

NORTH SIDE—Two choice rooms with private bath for 2 gentlemen in private home on car line, location ideal; easy walking distance from business section. Must give best references. Ivy 3055.

NICELY furnished room, with bath in well-kept private home. Phone Ivy 1760.

UNFURNISHED.

DECATUR—Entire upstairs, including bath; every convenience; in best section of Decatur. $16.00 per month. Decatur 300.

GORDON ST., 586—Entire lower floor, 4 rooms, $10. Phone West 305.

HOUSTON ST., 317—3 rooms, $10, or 2 rooms with use of reception room for $8. Call T. A. Findley, No. 6 Engine House.

STEWART AVE., 326—4 unfur. rooms; all conveniences; light and water, $15.

S. BOULEVARD—Two large front rooms, fur. or unfur.; all conveniences, home with owner, near Piedmont Park. Ivy 4799-J.

THELMA ST., 74—Two or three connecting rooms, with all conv., Inman Pk. I. 5524.

WASHINGTON ST., 72—Desirable front room and kitchenette. Main 4781-J.

W. ALEXANDER, 106—Nice unfur. rooms for hkpg., bath, kitchenette. Atl. 5617-B.

WILLIAMS ST., 56—Two unfur. front rms., hot baths, $9 per month. Ivy 6114-L.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

COURTLAND, 276.
HAVE you seen my rooms? They are fur. or unfur.; vacant the 25th.

THE PICKWICK
FAIRLIE ST., 77, NEAR ANSLEY HOTEL.
10 Stories. Fireproof. Splendid bath privileges

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

FURNISHED.

CURRIER ST., 64—Two large, nicely fur. rooms with kitchenette. Ivy 2098-L.

COURTLAND, 314—Furnished room and kitchenette. Ivy 2952-L.

E. ELLIS, 78—Two nice large rooms, clean and comfortable. Ivy 5356.

FORREST AVE., 115—2 large front rooms and kitchenette, all conveniences. I. 5749-L.

IVY ST., 183—1 front room, kitchenette; all conveniences; close in. Ivy 3486-L.

PEACHTREE ST., 894—Delightful rooms with kitchenette; north side home.

S. PRYOR, 318—Two nice, bright rooms and kitchenette in nice home; every convenience, $18 per mo.; no children. M. 5515.

SPRING, 210—FUR. ROOMS; HOT WATER; REASONABLE; NEW MGR. IVY 3205-J.

W. HARRIS, 22—Nice large rooms; hot water; private home; close in.

W. PEACHTREE, 139—Two rooms and kitchenette, electricity and hot water.

UNFURNISHED.

GRANT ST., 324—Three rooms for light housekeeping. Bell phone Main 4809-J.

WOODWARD AVE., 447—3 housekeeping rooms, in Grant Park section, for $10.

WOODWARD AVE., 179—One nice, large, newly-papered room, kitchenette and sink. Main 3584-J.

NORTH SIDE—3 beautiful rooms with all conveniences for light housekeeping; attractive home. Owner. Ivy 252-J.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

N. JACKSON, 217—2, 3, 4 to 7 rooms; housekeeping; modern. Main 1299.

APARTMENTS, HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS
CAMBRIDGE apartment, 52 East Cain street, 4 and 5 rooms .....$30.00 to $40.00
BERGER apartments, 52 McDaniel street, 5 and 6 rooms ....$25.00 to $27.50
These apartments have all conveniences.
HOLMES & TAYLOR REALTY CO.
104 N. Pryor St. Ivy 5338

CHESTER APT.—107 Euclid avenue, near Elizabeth, very desirable 5-room apt., all modern conveniences, $35. Ivy 6817.

CURRIER ST., No. 58—For rent, 6-room apartment; all conveniences; good lot; $35. Lynch & Murphy, Main 3026.

KALMIA APARTMENTS
45 E. CAIN ST., between Ivy and Courtland streets, two rooms, kitchenette and bath; shades; refrigerator; steam heat.
DISAPPEARING BEDS.
References required, $25.60 per month. Apply to janitor.

SPRING ST., 133-7—3, 4 and 5 rooms. Price $20 to $30. Apply to janitor.

WHITEHALL, 322—5-room apt.; all city convs.; $25.60. C. G. Aycock, Peters bldg.

VIRGINIAN—Peachtree and 15th streets, 6 rooms.
DEVONSHIRE—Piedmont avenue and Third street, 4 rooms.
WARRENTON—22 Carnegie way, 3, 4 and 5 rooms.
BOSCOBEL—Hurt street and Poplar circle, 3 and 4 rooms.
FITZHUGH KNOX
1207 CANDLER BLDG.

APARTMENT, 4 rooms, steam heat, hot and cold water, electric lights, sleeping porch, car line. West 1312-J or Main 3991.

STRICTLY first-class second floor 7-room apt.; porches, garage, janitor service, etc. Best north side residence section. Special inducements to desirable party. Phone Ivy 657-J. Geo. M. Traylor, Owner.

4-ROOM APT., priv. ent., modern convs., 2 squares from Piedmont Pk. Owner. I. 8034.

FURNISHED.

GORDON ST.—West End, furnished home for rent June, July, August; 8 rooms; all conveniences; large lawn, shade, etc.; reasonable. Reference. Ivy 4011.

LUCILE AVE., 262—Beautifully fur. 5-room apt., during summer months; price very reas.; best part West End. Phone West. 551.

LUCILE, 212—Small, up-to-date furnished apartment; garage.

THREE large, cool, airy rooms with kitchenette; pri. home; garage. W. 552-L.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

E. EIGHTH, 21—5-room apt. in the Hamilton; rent to Sept. or longer. Ivy 428.

LIVINGSTON APARTMENTS
95 E. NORTH AVENUE.
BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, three and four rooms; unfurnished if desired; vacuum cleaning and ice free. Steam heat, tile bath with shower connection; hot water; private porch; walking distance of town. Apply Apartment C-1. Phone Ivy 2923-L.

WANTED—Apartments

FURNISHED.

WANTED—Furnished apartment June 1, three rooms, kitchenette and bath, downstairs, lawn and porch, location on or near North Boulevard or Jackson street, for couple with two nice little boys. Address Mrs. J. H. L., 205 North Jackson.

FOR RENT—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

COLUMBIA AVE., 93—6 rooms.......	$35.00
SELLS AVE., 186—5-room apt.	16.60
PONCE DE LEON AVE., 315—8 rooms	37.50
BLUE RIDGE AVE., 101—6 rooms....	35.00

Several nicely furnished homes and apartments from $50.00 to $60.00.
BURDETT REALTY CO.
Ivy 32.

FOR RENT—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

CAPITOL AVE., 545—Six rooms, furnace, electricity and gas; rent cheap. J. R. Jackson, 304 Peters building. Phones Main 5531, Ivy 2364-L.

OWNER leaving city. To reliable party leasing desirable Elizabeth street home 1 year will give two weeks' rent. Ivy 3148-L.

Consult Our Rent Bulletin.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN.

FOR RENT—Nice four-room cottage in East Point. Phone M. 1922.

5-R. COTTAGE, gas, water, garden, Inman Park sec.. $8.60 per month. Ivy 3926-J.

SEVEN rooms, all conveniences; arranged for 1 or 2 families; five minutes' walk of Whitehall. Garden. M. 881, or I. 6419-J.

FURNISHED.

ANSLEY PARK—Furnished home, large yard, garden and garage. Ivy 1909.

DRUID HILLS SECTION—Furnished house for rent for the summer. Ivy 6205-L.

FOR RENT—For summer months or longer my completely furnished, delightfully situated home, best part of north side. 1 block from Peachtree; fine shade, lovely porch, unusually attractive; rent nominal if room can be retained. This is a fine opportunity for out-of-town people or a couple shut up in boarding house. Call Ivy 828-J.

FOR the summer, fur. 6-room bungalow near Piedmont park; garden planted and rent reasonable. Ivy 8749-L.

FURNISHINGS of 9-room house, privilege of renting; large garden in cultivation; shade, tennis court, garage, car line; further information, P. O. Box 244, Decatur. West 249-J.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FOR results list your property with Sharp, Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Houses

WE would appreciate a list of your vacant property. Burdett Realty Co. Ivy 32.

WANTED—To rent 6 or 7-room home, in West End or north side. Call M. 3026.

FOR RENT—Stores

BROTHERTON ST.—Store 20x30, just off Whitehall. L. C. Green Co. Ivy 2943.

ON DECATUR and Alabama streets, centrally located, I have several stores and large lofts.
FITZHUGH KNOX
1207 CANDLER BLDG.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous

LARGE, nicely fur. studio; will rent 3 or 4 days in week. N-236, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Offices

CANDLER BUILDING, Candler Annex and Forsyth building. Desirable offices, single and en suite. Some of these are equipped with compressed air and dental waste; hot and cold water in all offices; all-night elevator service; location best in the city and service unexcelled. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 5274. 222 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

CENTRAL BUILDING—Offices for rent. Corner Alabama and Pryor sts. Main 585.

PETERS BUILDING offices for rent, single or en suite. Apply office of the building.

FOR RENT—Business Space

—ONLY $125.00 MONTH—
BRICK, close in, first floor 44x135 with basement, elevator service. Ivy 2181.

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE—Wanted.

CITY

LIST your property for sale or for rent with live-wire real estate agents. Lynch & Murphy Realty Co., 303 Peters building. Phone Main 3026.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale or Rent.

WE SELL AND RENT REAL ESTATE.
B. M. GRANT-A. S. ADAMS CO.
Grant Bldg. Ivy 4385.

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 rooms and sleeping porch, brick veneer bungalow, new, in West End Park. Call owner. West 1565-L.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale.

NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—My home at 44 East Ninth street, corner Bedford place; modern in every particular; eight rooms; sleeping porch; hot air furnace; lot 50x185; leaving the city. W. T. Elder, Phones Main 3472, Ivy 7783.

SOUTH SIDE.

A NICE six-room house, 34 Sidney st., near Grant park. House newly painted and overhauled. Price, $2,850. Terms, $250 cash, balance $20 month. No mortgage to assume. John E. Smith, owner, 132 Auburn ave. Phone Ivy 1316.

WEST END.

BEECHER ST.—Good house, large lot, all conveniences, easy terms. West End. West 1449-L. Will rent.

SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—Five-room cottage, lot 265 feet deep; attractive suburban home. Address M-798, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Good 6-room, east front cottage on 100-foot lot in Decatur; garden, fruit, etc., $2,600; bargain. Fletcher Pearson, 204 Trust Co. of Ga. bldg.

ON Marietta car line, first stop beyond Smyrna. We have a good 5-room bungalow and 7 acres land; no better small summer home to be had for the price. Good road to place and it is a bargain for $3,000. Can make terms. Call Ivy 163 or 164. M. L. Thrower.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I MAKE A SPECIALTY of Georgia lands. Thomas W. Jackson, 1018-19 Fourth National Bank building.

EDWIN L. HARLING, 32 East Alabama street, will attend to all your real estate wants. See him if you want to buy or sell.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy, or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 12½ Wall street.

FOR results list farms and city property with James L. Wright, 606 Empire.

FARM LANDS.

IF YOU have $300 to $500 cash or have own mules and feed, I will furnish all else and start you to farming on Georgia's richest farming land to plant corn, velvet beans, Spanish peanuts and cotton; references. G. L. W., 8 Nelson street, Atlanta, Ga.

WIGHT REAL ESTATE CO., farm land specialists. 314-15 Empire Bldg., Atlanta.

50 TO 75 ACRES OF LAND, 10 TO 12 MILES ATLANTA. I WILL GIVE GOOD TRADE OR BUY. N-123, CONSTITUTION.

10 ACRES in the city limits of Jonesboro, on the Central railroad within 2 city blocks of depot; improvements, a large 7-room home, large barn and other outbuildings, variety of fruit, 1½ acres in Bermuda pasture with spring branch through same. This tract is level and will produce 1½ bales cotton per acre. Price $35,000; half cash, balance in 5 years. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Telephone E. P. 416.

84 ACRES, 12 miles Atlanta; 85 acres cultivation, balance woodland. Excellent new 5-room house finished throughout, tenant house, nice orchard, extremely large spring within 75 yards of house. Price reasonable; terms easy. E. A. Hartsock, 904 Fourth National Bank.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale REAL ESTATE—For Sale

GEO. P. MOORE
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS.
10½ AUBURN AVE.

18 ACRES, 1,000 FEET FRONT.
PACE'S FERRY ROAD—Fine building site; running water; $7.50 per foot. $500 cash, balance to suit.

WANTED, FARM NEAR MARIETTA
in exchange for Atlanta property.

SUMMER HOMES WITH ACREAGE

ON THE beautiful Chattahoochee, we have a splendid 6-room home, mostly furnished, ready to move into, furniture and motor boats go with property. If you like boating and fishing let us show you this delightful summer home. Price reduced to $5,000.

NEAR Paces Ferry Road, we have 10 acres and a nice 7-room bungalow, large living room, everything modern; swimming pool; an attractive summer home at a reasonable price.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
308 EMPIRE BUILDING.

COTTON WENT HIGH AS WEEK CLOSED

New Orleans, May 20.—In the cotton market last week the lowest prices were made around the opening and the highest on the close. In the early part of the week foreign political news was against values, but later it worked with the bull element. A buying wave developed on poor crop accounts, the apparent checking of submarine activities and a better spot demand and prices were put to the highest levels since last December. Right on the close fear of wet weather put the finishing touches to the upward movement and last prices were within a couple of points of the top.

At the highest the trading months were 107 to 140 points over the previous week's close, and July was sent to 20.50 cents a pound. At the lowest the market was 7 to 9 points under the previous week's close; the range was 115 to 147 points. In the spot department middling rose 44 points to 20.13.

Crop reports were featured by their mention of the damage done by abnormally low temperatures and a good part of the buying was based on the belief that the first government report of the season, carrying the crop down to May 25, will be bullish. Much replanting was reported and in not a few instances it was claimed that cotton fields were being plowed up and replanted to corn, beans and other food and feed crops.

The smaller tonnage losses in European waters, together with the news that both American and Japanese war vessels were doing patrol duty in the war zone, excited the hope that the export outlet for cotton would again be opened up and late in the week it was claimed in the spot department that some shippers were finding it possible to put through business with the other side. At one time it was said that both Russia and Japan were buying cotton on this side.

This week the question of the weather will be of more importance than ever because of its effect on the pending condition report. Warm weather with light scattered showers would be considered ideal, but low temperatures or too much rain would work for a genuine crop scare because the trade already is convinced that the crop is very late and is getting a very poor start.

YOU NEED GLASSES

That help your eyes. Our lenses are made exactly according to the prescription, with accurate curves, fine mechanical finish, and with scientific frame adjustments. We can help you. John L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, 42 N. Broad.—(adv.)

Optimistic Weekly Report From Bradstreet and Dun

LEADING INDUSTRIES RUSHED—BRADSTREET

Overloaded with orders is the condition of the leading industries, yet distribution of the more commonplace commodities evidences the existence of irregularity plus some conservatism. Preaching of the necessity for economy restricts trade in seasonable fabrics, but even so, the undercurrents seem to be toward improvement, distributive trade apparently aiming to get its second wind. Indeed, wherever the weather has been favorable, retail trade in general has picked up, and, quite significantly, hysterical buying of foodstuffs to hoard against imaginary potential shortage has subsided, but not before consumers upbid prices against themselves. Incidentally, the inordinate prices brought out supplies of certain commodities that were not supposed to be in existence, while at the same time overworked speculative efforts seem to have come to a pause for the time being at least. But because of the prolonged cold spell, retailers' stocks of wearing apparel are heavy, consequently reorder trade running to jobbers is conspicuous by its absence, and some reports indicate that manufacturers of women's wear, as well as dressmakers, have cut down their forces. It is evident that luxuries are going to be eschewed for the more staple commodities, and it also is equally apparent that overbuying of foodstuffs by individuals who will not use the supplies for months to come is likely to react in circumscribed demand next month. Despite the various halting factors, retail dealers have not canceled orders heretofore placed, concededly because it is known that replacements cannot be made save at much higher levels, and wholesale trade for fall account seems to be growing quite well. Government buying stands out prominently. Improvement is reflected in crop reports, the winter-wheat situation having been retrieved in a rather marked way, and large areas are going into spring-planted crops. Industrial operations in the leading lines are being pushed to the utmost allowed by capacity and the supply of labor—iron, steel, lumber, shipbuilding, machine tools and textiles standing in the forefront. Government buying has speeded up the textile industry, while also being responsible for renewed activity in the making of munitions of war. Labor, except in building lines, is scarce, the effects of enlistments are being felt, and wages keep on rising, while strikes, though happily isolated, are numerous. Cotton mill hands have secured the fifth successive advance since the great war began. Transportation facilities are inadequate and hamper the movement of bulk commodities, insufficiency in this respect being strikingly felt in the coal trades. While new financial enterprises are held in abeyance pending the country-wide drive to make the "liberty loan" a success, the stock market manifests a firmer undertone on hurried short covering. Money is firmer and collections are fair to good. Bank clearings run about one-fifth above those of last year, while being 80 per cent larger than two years ago.

The gradual improvement in weather conditions is reflected in more favorable crop reports, and while the season is still backward, the outlook has perceptibly improved throughout wide areas. Enormous areas are going into leading crops and gardens.

The New York street cleaning department announces that its employees are performing a necessary public service and will be exempt from conscription. So The New York Tribune suggests that pacifists can find a haven by becoming "white wings."

BUSINESS HOLDS UP WELL, SAYS DUN & CO.

Regular business holds up remarkably well considering its many hindrances, with retail trade in some sections responding to improved weather, and grain crop prospects are more promising. Yet the period of low temperatures was too prolonged to make best results in spring distribution possible, and the accumulations of merchandise reflect to some etxent the influence of the extreme prices. While there is still full employment of labor, and wage advances have continued, the tendency toward economy among consumers is spreading, and this is evident not only in foodstuffs, but also in dry goods and footwear. The lessened buying of necessities, however, has not yet lowered costs perceptibly, and in many primary channels the large expenditures for military supplies act as a sustaining factor. Pressure on most of the leading industries has increased rather than slackened, though in some quarters ordinary demands are held in abeyance pending more definite knowledge as to the requirements of the government. With strikes of minor importance in certain branches and more skilled hands needed than are available, maintenance of manufacturing outputs is in some cases impracticable, and operations nearly everywhere continue hindered by the difficulty in moving materials and products to points of destination. The heavy volume of traffic on the railroads is indicated by the steady gains in gross revenues, but net earnings on may systems diminish and the transporting interests hope for favorable action on their recent petition for higher freight charges. Even with reduced speculation in the grain markets, bank clearings this week are 24.2 per cent greater than last year's, and outside New York the increase is 35.5 per cent. Yet the extreme prices are obviously an influence, and financing of a special nature also tends to swell the exchanges.

Whether or not money will eventually go higher is a question, but for the moment the rise in rates has halted. Not on any occasion since the advance started over a month ago has there been a sign of disturbance, and though none was expected the absence of unsettlement during a period of extraordinary financing is viewed with general satisfaction. The rehabilitation of the bank surplus, following last week's heavy gold arrivals from Canada, was most timely, as reserves had fallen to the year's lowest level, and while no more of the yellow metal has come in, further shipments have been forecasted. No one has looked for significant movements of sterling, and none have occurred; but the action of exchange on Russia still engages much attention, and a sharp recovery appears from the recent bottom position. This reflects the $100,000,000 loan to that country, and total advances to the allies now reach $625,000,000.

Another new high record in domestic cotton consumption seems assured, with the monthly totals holding well above 500,000 bales. The April figures, 5bz,-000 bales, excluding linters, were 50,000 bales under those of March, but exceed last year's by 20,000 bales, and an average of less than 450,000 bales during the three remaining months of the crop season will carry the aggregate beyond anything previously witnessed. Even with the difficulty of securing an adequate supply of skilled labor, active spindles steadily increase in number and at 33,259,895 in April were unequaled for any period, and fully 1,000,000 more than were in operation a year ago. But while American mills are running under high pressure, current statistics of exports not unnaturally disclose reduction, and the April outgo, 313,700 bales, including linters, was 209,000 bales below last year's, and the smallest since August, 1915. Unless improvement occurs betweeen now and the end of July, the total will fall below that of the previous season.

Bank Clearings In the United States For the Past Week

Bank clearings in the United States for the week endnig May 19, as reported to Bradstreet's Journal, New York, aggregate $5,946,302,000, against $5,689,524,000 the previous week and $4,759,179,000 in this week last year. Canadian clearings aggregate $247,079,000, as against $270,215,000 the previous week and $197,459,000 in this week last year.

Followsig are the returns for last week and week before, with percentages of change shown last week, as compared with this week last year:

CITIES	May 17.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$3,441,241,000	19.2	....
Chicago	514,735,000	32.4	....
Philadelphia	383,847,000	49.0	....
Boston	287,045,000	10.8	....
St. Louis	140,937,000	40.9	....
Kansas City	139,116,000	59.0	....
San Francisco	95,444,000	32.6	....
Pittsburg	75,221,000	22.6	....
Cleveland	72,567,000	72.5	....
Detroit	63,666,000	36.7	....
Baltimore	45,451,000	13.3	....
Cincinnati	38,935,000	12.6	....
Minneapolis	37,875,000	61.1	....
New Orleans	39,767,000	49.3	....
Los Angeles	34,253,000	27.2	....
Omaha	37,637,000	63.6	....
Milwaukee	27,187,000	32.0	....
ATLANTA	24,960,000	47.0	....
Louisville	19,304,000	5.1	....
Richmond	25,152,000	43.9	....
Buffalo	22,264,000	27.6	....
Seattle	22,765,000	46.7	....
St. Paul	15,273,000	6.8	....
Denver	14,211,000	4.6	....
Portland, Ore.	17,595,000	40.8	....
Houston	11,410,000	22.6	....
Indianapolis	15,940,000	45.7	....
St. Joseph	14,950,000	62.3	....
Salt Lake City	13,705,000	69.1	....
Providence	10,978,000	7.7	....
Columbus	10,775,000	20.0	....
Fort Worth	12,344,000	42.7	....
Washington, D. C.	11,326,000	18.0	....
Toledo	11,597,000	21.3	....
Memphis	9,710,000	33.8	....
Hartford	8,567,000	1.1	....
Nashville	9,436,000	24.6	....
Des Moines	8,180,000	25.7	....
Rochester	7,353,000	20.5	....
Savannah	4,757,000	....	8.7
Duluth	7,202,000	69.4	....
Albany	5,974,000	10.7	....
Spokane	6,561,000	23.2	....
Norfolk	6,195,000	25.9	....
Galveston	3,893,000	7.0	....
New Haven	4,992,000	5.2	....
Grand Rapids	5,568,000	26.3	....
Oklahoma	5,641,000	25.0	....
Macon	1,245,000	....	65.0
Akron	5,728,000	29.4	....
Springfield, Mass.	4,385,000	....	7.2
Peoria	5,050,000	67.6	....
Worcester	3,839,000	....	27.3
Tulsa	6,423,000	52.1	....
Syracuse	*4,191,000	....	....
Dayton	3,217,000	1.3	....
Scranton	3,619,000	12.2	....
Austin	1,906,000	9.1	....
Wilmington, Del.	3,194,000	14.8	....
Wheeling	3,624,000	44.2	....
Little Rock	3,012,000	27.8	....
Chattanooga	4,024,000	29.8	....
Birmingham	3,080,000	27.6	....
Youngstown	3,229,000	54.2	....
Scranton	2,766,000	34.8	....
Canton	4,534,000	81.4	....
Sioux City	6,376,000	54.7	....
Charleston, S. C.	2,596,000	....	.6
Reading	3,380,000	35.9	....
Portland, Me.	3,040,000	25.7	....
Augusta	2,140,000	12.7	....
Knoxville	2,861,000	17.3	....
Tacoma	3,444,000	31.5	....
Lincoln	4,737,000	40.5	....
Wichita	*6,762,000	....	....
San Diego	2,649,000	....	.7
Trenton	2,759,000	18.0	....
Evansville	3,444,000	33.1	....
Harrisburg	2,400,000	24.9	....
Davenport	2,768,000	62.7	....
Topeka	2,442,000	33.5	....
Cedar Rapids	2,452,000	50.7	....
Wilkes-Barre	1,887,000	.1	....
Fargo	1,856,000	7.9	....
Lancaster	2,289,000	25.0	....
Fall River	2,429,000	42.7	....
Helena	1,927,000	25.3	....
Fort Wayne	1,482,000	....	5.3
Springfield, Ill.	1,882,000	28.7	....
Stockton	1,700,000	45.1	....
Erie	1,987,000	32.8	....
Sioux Falls	1,485,000	....	9.5
Muscokee	1,717,000	64.7	....
Ogden	*1,827,000	....	....
Rockford	*1,058,000	....	....
Mobile	1,459,000	21.3	....
Columbia	1,216,000	....	.4
Springfield, Ohio	1,153,000	31.0	....
Lowell	1,390,000	28.4	....
Boise	1,665,000	77.1	....
Quincy	1,128,000	27.0	....
South Bend	*1,101,000	....	....
Bloomington	1,207,000	44.1	....
Binghamton	1,030,000	2.3	....
Jacksonville, Ill.	522,000	52.1	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	4,347,000	....	17.0
Total, U. S.	$5,946,302,000	24.9	....
Total outside N. Y.	2,505,061,000	33.7	....

*Previous week's.

GERMANY AND AUSTRIA CONSIDERING POLAND

Copenhagen, May 20.—(Via London.)—The discussions in Vienna between Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial German chancellor, and Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, which were resumed last week at German headquarters, and in which Count Czernin, the King of Bavaria, Emperor William, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, the German foreign minister, and Dr. Karl Helfferich, the German vice chancellor, are taking part, have to do, among other things, with the future of the kingdom of Poland, according to information received from the German representatives in Warsaw to the Polish council of state.

It will be remembered that the Austro-German rescript of November 5, calling the kingdom of Poland into life, left the boundaries of the kingdom unsettled and did not name the future regent or king. The Polish council of state some time ago made representations to the Austro-German representatives as to the necessity of immediate action on these two question.

The Austrian Poles have put forth a wide reaching program for the future which will not fail to arouse the strongest protests in Prussia. The Polish club of the Austrian parliament, which embraces the Polish members of the reichsrat, no tonly has passed a resolution of lack of confidence in the present Austrian government, which disregarded Polish wishes regarding the future of Galicia and Polish representation in parliament, but also a demand, put forward as the united desire of the Polish nation, for the reestablishment of an independent and united Poland, with access to the sea.

The club's resolution calls for a plenary congress of the reichsrat and diet at Cracow within ten days.

12 WEEKS' GRAIN SUPPLY FOR UNITED KINGDOM

London, May 20.—The grain supply now on hand in the United Kingdom is sufficient to last for twelve weeks, according to estimates of Kennedy Jones, director of food economy, who spoke last night at Edinburgh. Mr. Jones declared that by the time this stock is exhausted the new harvest will be available.

It was evident, therefore, Mr. Jones declared, that rationing would be unnecessary if the people are economical, but he warned that economy is essential because the supply on hand and that which will be produced by the new harvest will cover only 24 weeks of the coming year's consumption.

American engineers are diking an island in the Parana river, Argentina, and are to receive a portion of the reclaimed land as payment.

Coal Committee Called.

Birmingham, Ala., May 20.—Erskine Ramsay, of the national coal production committee, has called a meeting of the subcommittee which has jurisdiction over Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee, in Birmingham for tomorrow. The members of the subcommittee as named by Chairman Ramsay are as follows:

M. W. Bush, Biringham; George F. Peter, Maylene, Ala.; James L. Davidson, Birmingham; E. L. Hampton, Tracy City, Tenn.; E. C. Mahan, Knoxville, Tennessee.

NOTICE TO SICK WOMEN

Positive Proof That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves Suffering.

Bridgeton, N.J.—"I cannot speak too highly of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for inflammation and other weaknesses. I was very irregular and would have terrible pains so that I could hardly take a step. Sometimes I would be so miserable that I could not sweep a room. I doctored part of the time but felt no change. I later took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt a change for the better. I took it until I was in good healthy condition. I recommend the Pinkham remedies to all women as I have used them with such good results."—Mrs. MILFORD T. CUMMINGS, 322 Harmony St., Penn's Grove, N J.



Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence of the excellence of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy for the distressing ills of women such as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, backache, painful periods, nervousness and kindred ailments.

LODGE NOTICES.

A stated conclave of Atlanta Commandery, No. 9, K. T., will be held in its asylum, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock sharp. All Sir Knights are courteously invited.

THOMAS E. LIDDELL, E. C.

The regular communication of Lebanon Lodge, No. 655, F. & A. M., will be held at the Temple, corner Georgia avenue and Pryor street, this (Monday) evening, May 21, at 8 o'clock. Work in Entered Apprentice degree. Candidates for initiation and advancement should be present promptly. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us.

By order of J. BEN DANIEL, W. M.
W. R. ANGLIN, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

LIVELY—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Lively are invited to attend the funeral of their little daughter, Isabelle Earl Lively, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock, from the residence, No. 600 South Boulevard. Interment at West View. Barclay & Brandon, funeral directors in charge.

HOPE—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hope, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Hope, Mrs. G. C. DeLamater-Cook, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Harris, of Indianapolis, Ind.; Mr. I. W. Hope, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt DeLamater, Mr. E. L. DeLamater, Dr. J. I. DeLamater, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Green, and Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Blackwell, are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. W. A. Hope this (Monday) afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock, from the chapel of Harry G. Poole. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: Mr. Walter Stoy, Dr. Frank McComack, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Gayden Wilkins, Mr. William Wier and Mr. Fred Norris. Interment at Greenwood.

SKELTON—The friends of Miss Ethel O. Skelton, Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Skelton, Miss Juliette Skelton, Mr. T. L. Skelton, and Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Skelton are invited to attend the funeral of Miss Ethel O. Skelton Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock from the residence at Poplar Springs (Third avenue and South Decatur car line). The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and assemble at the residence at 10:15: Mr. Val Jeffries, Mr. A. C. Miller, Jr., Mr. J. L. Skelton, Mr. W. L. Skelton, Mr. Robert Mize, and Mr. Harry G. Poole. The following gentlemen will act as escort: Dr. L. P. Baker, Dr. J. L. E. Brantley, Dr. J. R. Nesbitt, Dr. E. F. Morris, Dr. W. B. Lingo and Dr. Ed Jones. Interment at West View. Harry G. Poole, funeral director in charge.

GHOLSTIN—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Gholstin, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Johnson and Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Butt are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Louis Gholstin this (Monday) morning at 10 o'clock from Sacred Heart church. The following members of Mr. Gholstin's office force will act as pallbearers and meet at the residence, 176 West Peachtree street, at 9:30: Mr. L. D. White, Mr. J. M. Denson, Mr. J. E. Martin, Mr. C. J. Hollingsworth, Mr. F. W. Eberhardt and Mr. J. W. Rafferty. The following gentlemen will act as honorary escort and please meet at the church at 9:45: Mr. J. J. Spalding, Mr. Harry T. Moore, Mr. Bolling Jones, Dr. C. T. Brockett, Hon. Hoke Smith, Mr. W. A. Parker, Mr. Peter F. Clark, Mr. J. M. VanHarlingen, Mr. George R. Donovan, Mr. John A. Brice, Captain J. W. English, Mr. Sam D. Jones, Mr. Ralph Rosenbaum, Mr. Clyde King, Mr. H. E. Choate, Mr. C. H. Kelley, Mr. F. M. Marsh, Mr. James R. Gray, Mr. John S. Cohen, Captain J. F. Burke, Mr. Charles D. Atkinson, Mr. John C. Hallman, Mr. John D. Simmons, Mr. John E. Murphey, Mr. H. B. Wey, Mr. E. E. Dallis, Mr. J. K. Orr, Mr. Ulric S. Atkinson, Mr. Edward H. Inman, Mr. Frank Inman, Dr. Joseph Jacobs, Mr. Eugene Oberdorfer, Mr. Donald M. Bain, Mr. C. E. Harman, Mr. Charles J. Martin, Mr. Edward C. Peters, Mr. Joseph Thompson, Mr. Junius G. Oglesby, Mr. Herbert Haas, Mr. Harry Schlesinger, Mr. C. T. Nunnally, Mr. Robert S. Wessels, Mr. J. Carroll Payne, Mr. J. J. Haverty, Mr. E. R. DuBose, Mr. L. H. Haas, Mr. John A. Hynds, Dr. William Owens, Mr. H. C. Caldwell, Dr. Phinizy Calhoun, Mr. Frank Adair, Judge William T. Newman, Judge Ben Hill, Mr. Alex King, Dr. T. P. Hinman, Mr. Carlos Mason, Mr. S. C. Calloway, Judge George Hillyer, Mr. Henry DeGive and Mr. Joseph McCord. Camp 159, U. C. V., are also requested to meet at the church at 9:45. Interment will be private at West View. Please omit flowers. Limousines leave Barclay & Brandon's at 9 o'clock.

Special Notice.

Proposals for coal, U. S. Engr. Office, Montgomery, Ala. Sealed proposals for furnishing about 4,000 tons of Bituminous coal will be received at this office until 2 p. m., May 23, 1917, and then opened. Information on application.

The members of Atlanta Council, No. 660, Knights of Columbus, are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother Louis Gholstin, at the Sacred Heart church, at 10 a. m. today.

LEWIS D. SHARP, Grand Knight.

United States Department of Agriculture, office of the Secretary, Federal Horticultural Board. Notice of Quarantine No. 26 (effective on and after June 1, 1917)—White-Pine Blister Rust. The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture that it is necessary, in order to prevent the further spread of a dangerous plant disease known as the white-pine blister rust (Peridermium strobi Kleb.), not heretofore widely prevalent or distributed within and throughout the United States, to quarantine all States east of and including the States of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, and Louisiana. Now, therefore, I, David F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture, under the authority conferred by section 8 of the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912 (37 Stat., 315), as amended by the Act of Congress approved March 4, 1917 (Public No. 390, 64th Congress), do hereby quarantine all the States east of and including the States of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, and Louisiana, and by this Notice of Quarantine No. 26 do order that no five-leafed pines, or currant or gooseberry plants (Ribes and Grossularia) shall be moved or allowed to move interstate to points outside the quarantined area; and, further, that no five-leafed pines or black currant plants shall be moved or allowed to move interstate to points outside the area comprising the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and New York. Restrictions now or hereafter enforced by any State on the entry into such State of the plants named in this quarantine are in no wise affected by this quarantine. This quarantine shall not apply to the movement by the United States Department of Agriculture of the plants named for experimental or scientific purposes. This notice of quarantine shall become and be effective on and after June 1, 1917. Done at Washington this 21st day of April, 1917. Witness my hand and the seal of the United States Department of Agriculture. D. F. HOUSTON, Secretary of Agriculture.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Arthur Heyman.
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3—RUBY GIRLS—3
"20,000 Leagues Under the Sea"
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2:30-7:30-9:15
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HARRY ANGER & THE KING SISTERS
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MON. TUES. WED.
JOSIE FLYNN'S MINSTRELS
5 MARYLAND SINGERS 5

MOTION PICTURE BILLS TODAY
In Atlanta's Leading Theaters

SAVOY
A-Star-A-Day
2 TODAY SOME SHOW
BEAUTIFUL
Peggy Hyland
In BABETTE
Is It Always Wrong to Steal? Don't Answer—See "BABETTE" First
NOW FOR THE COMEDY
Fatty Arbuckle
IN—THE
Butcher Boy
WHY SAY MORE?

ALAMO—2
See Those Crowds Every Day?
Return of the Emotional Star
PAULINE FREDERICK
In a Play of Today Wherein Woman Proposes
HER BETTER SELF
—and—
A New Vitagraph Comedy
Start Today and Enjoy the Super-Superior Program Booked for This Week.

The Rendezvous Elegant
ODEON
Direction JAKE WELLS
HOME OF TRIANGLE FEATURES
DAILY—11, 12:30, 2, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:15
TWIN-STAR BILL
TODAY AND TOMORROW
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
In—The
MYSTERY OF THE LEAPING FISH
BESSIE BARRISCALE
In—The
SORROWS OF LOVE
Some Show, E h? Look It Over

VAUDETTE
TODAY AND TUES.—That's Tomorrow
Return of the Favorite
LILLIAN GISH
IN TRIANGLE'S NEWEST
Souls Triumphant
TWO WOMEN FIGHT FOR THE SOUL OF A MAN. One is a scarlet shadow of night—the other a girl of sunny ideals and nobility
—and—
The NEW TRIANGLE COMEDY
The Camera Cure
GET THIS STORY OF "IF'S."

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Always First-Run Masterplays
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MME. OLGA PETROVA
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What Sacrifice Would You Make For Your Mother?
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"PAST ONE AT ROONEY'S"
Do You Want to See a Striking Good Show? Then Get This One Now

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Don't make the fatal mistake of neglecting what may seem to be a "simple little backache." There isn't any such thing. It may be the first warning that your kidneys are not working properly, and throwing off the poisons as they should. If this is the case, go after the cause of that backache and do it quickly, or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease.

GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles, which may be the unsuspected cause of general ill health. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They are prepared in correct quantity and convenient form to take, and are positively guaranteed to give prompt relief, or your money will be refunded. Get them at any drug store, but be sure to insist on the GOLD MEDAL brand, and take no other. In boxes, three sizes.—(adv.)

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"We hold these truths to be self-evident." Irrespective of how the man who drinks was "created," he can not be "FREE" nor can he be "EQUAL" to his competitors in the "enjoyment of liberty," prosperity and happiness until the "Neal Way" ELIMINATES the poison of alcohol from his system. Address NEAL INSTITUTE (Successor Ga. Keeley), No. 229 Woodward avenue, Atlanta, Ga. Dr. J. H. Conway, ten years with the "Keeley," Physician in charge. 60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities.

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CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG IN EUGENE WALTER'S WONDERFUL REVELATION "THE EASIEST WAY" THE FATE OF A WOMAN FETTERED TO HER PAST
CRITERION TODAY ALL WEEK

THE SUBMARINE EYE ALL THIS WEEK, 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 P. M., STARTING AT THE RIALTO TODAY
DON'T BE DECEIVED THIS 2-HOUR REVELATION OF OCEAN-BOTTOM MOTION PHOTOGRAPHY is Positively the Original and Only Under-Sea Drama Created and Produced in its Entirety by the Williamson Brothers—General Admission 10, 15, 25c; Loges Reserved 50c